

**GH PLANNING LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

GH Planning Ltd
Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2021

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GH Planning Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 31 March 2021

Registered number: SC434237

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		(1)		(1)
			(1)		(1)
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash at bank and in hand		216,483		227,432	
		216,483		227,432	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	4	(192,055)		(197,694)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			24,428		29,738
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			24,427		29,737
NET ASSETS			24,427		29,737
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	5		2		2
Profit and Loss Account			24,425		29,735
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			24,427		29,737

GH Planning Ltd
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 31 March 2021

For the year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr George Halaka

Director

28th February 2022

Mrs Elizabeth Halaka

Director

The notes on pages 4 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Computer Equipment	33% on cost
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1.3. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 0. NIL (2020: NIL)

GH Planning Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2021

3. Tangible Assets

	Computer Equipment £
Cost	
As at 1 April 2020	2,142
As at 31 March 2021	2,142
Depreciation	
As at 1 April 2020	2,143
As at 31 March 2021	2,143
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2021	(1)
As at 1 April 2020	(1)

4. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Corporation tax	3	9,523
Accruals and deferred income	1,248	648
Directors' loan accounts	190,804	187,523
	192,055	197,694

5. Share Capital

	2021	2020
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	2	2

6. General Information

GH Planning Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Scotland, registered number SC434237 .
The registered office is Rossie Cottage, Forgandenny, Perthshire, PH2 9EH.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.