COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: SC156804

Sangobeg Developments Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2019

Sangobeg Developments Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2019

		2019		2018	
	Note	£	£	£	
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		252,124	311,830	
Current assets					
Debtors	5	6,535		64,485	
Cash at bank and in hand		16,366		562,273	
		22,901		626,758	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(53,056)		(440,293)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(30,155)	186,465	
Fotal assets less current liabilities			221,969	498,295	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one					
/ear	7		_	(260,000)	
rovisions					
axation including deferred tax			_	(38,364)	
Net assets			221,969	199,931	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2,000	2,000	
Fair Value Reserve(Undistributable)			69,363	89,349	
Profit and loss account			150,606	108,582	
Shareholders funds			221,969	199,931	

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered. For the year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Sangobeg Developments Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 December 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr J Gibson

Director

Company registration number: SC156804

Sangobeg Developments Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is 56 Torridon Road, Broughty Ferry, Dundee, DD5 3 JH.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and Equipment - 25% reducing balance Fixtures and Fittings - 10% reducing balance

Investment property

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available without undue cost or effort for an item of investment property, it shall be transferred to tangible assets and treated as such until it is expected that fair value will be reliably measurable on an on-going basis.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. Tangible assets

	Land and	Plant and	Fixtures and	
	buildings	machinery	fittings	Total
	${\mathfrak L}$	£	£	£
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2018	298,350	7,098	29,670	335,118
Revaluations	(58,350)	_	_	(58,350)
At 31 March 2019	240,000	7,098	29,670	276,768
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2018	_	7,045	16,243	23,288
Charge for the year	_	13	1,343	1,356
At 31 March 2019		7,058	17,586	24,644
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2019	240,000	40	12,084	252,124
At 31 March 2018	298,350	53	13,427	311,830

The Company's investment properties were valued on an open market basis by the company directors at the year end.

5. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	428	1,084
Other debtors	6,107	63,401
	6,535	64,485
6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	35,028	352,929
Other creditors	18,028	87,364
	53,056	440,293
7. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Other creditors	_	260,000

8. Related party transactions

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.