Registered number: OC426876

High Ground Investment Management LLP ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended 31 March 2022



INFORMATION

Designated Members

Edgar Allen Michael Finney Steve Banner (appointed 18 July 2022)

Members

Adam Highfield (appointed 1 April 2021)
Daniel Holmstrom (appointed 1 May 2021)

LLP registered number

OC426876

Registered office

25 Hanover Square, London, W1S 1JF

Independent auditor

Blick Rothenberg Audit LLP, 16 Great Queen Street, London, WC2B 5AH

Bankers

Coutts & Co., 440 Strand, London, WC2R 0QS

MEMBERS' REPORT For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

The members present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of High Ground Investment Management LLP (the "LLP") for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Principal activities

The LLP was incorporated on 10 April 2019 and commenced trading on that date.

The principal object of the LLP is to provide investment management services.

Designated Members

Edgar Allen and Michael Finney were designated members of the LLP throughout the period. Steve Banner became a designated member on 18/07/2022.

Members

Steve Banner and Steven Chambers were members of the LLP during the period.

Christian Laughlin was a member of the LLP until 31/12/2021. Adam Highfield was a member of the LLP from 01/04/2021. Daniel Holmstrom was a member of the LLP from 01/05/2021.

Members' capital and interests

Each member's subscription to the capital of the LLP is determined by their share of the profit and is repayable following retirement from the LLP.

Details of changes in members' capital in the period ended 31 March 2022 are set out in the Reconciliation of Members' Interests.

Members are remunerated from the profits of the LLP and are required to make their own provision for pensions and other benefits. Profits are allocated and divided between members after finalisation of the financial statements. Members draw a proportion of their profit shares monthly during the year in which it is made, with the balance of profits being distributed after the year, subject to the cash requirements of the business.

FCA disclosures

The firm has documented the disclosures required by the FCA under MIFIDPRU. These are available at http://www.pillar3.co.uk/HGIMLLP2000709

Members' responsibilities statement

The members are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law, (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008), requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law, (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP and of the profit or loss of the LLP for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the LLP will continue in business.

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the LLP's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the LLP and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of the Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008). They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the LLP and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are members at the time when this Members' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that member is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the LLP's auditor is unaware, and
- that member has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a member in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the LLP's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, Blick Rothenberg Audit LLP, has indicated its willingness to continue in office. The Designated members will propose a motion re-appointing the auditor at a meeting of the members.

This report was approved by the members on 27 July 2022 and signed on their behalf by:

Steve Banner
Designated member

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HIGH GROUND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LLP

For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of High Ground Investment Management LLP (the 'LLP') for the year ended 31 March 2022, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Reconciliation of Members' Interests and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the LLP's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to limited liability partnerships by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the LLP in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the members with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. The members are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HIGH GROUND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LLP (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to limited liability partnerships, requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of members

As explained more fully in the Members' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the members are responsible for assessing the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the members either intend to liquidate the LLP or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, and non-compliance with laws and regulations, our procedures included the following: enquiring of management concerning the Partnership's policies with regards identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance; enquiring of management concerning the Partnership's policies detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud; enquiring of management concerning the Partnership's policies in relation to the internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations; discussing among the engagement team where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud; and obtaining an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the Partnership operates in and focusing on those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the financial statements or that had a fundamental effect on the operations of the Partnership. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act 2006, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and applicable tax legislation.

One particular focus area was the risk of fraud through management override of controls. Our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following: performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud; reviewing the bank statements of the Partnership for evidence of any large or unusual activity which may be indicative of fraud; enquiring of management in relation to any potential litigation and claims; and testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HIGH GROUND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LLP (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Another focus area was non-compliance with the rules of the Financial Conduct Authority ('the FCA'). The Partnership was authorised and regulated by the FCA throughout the period. Our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following: reviewing correspondence between the Company and the FCA, performing analytical review to detect receipts of client money and remaining alert to the possibility of accidental receipt of client monies; and discussion of regulatory matters with the appointed officers of the Partnership.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the LLP's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied by Part 12 of The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Applications of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the LLP's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the LLP and the LLP's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Neal Desai (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Blick Rothenberg Audit LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor
16 Great Queen Street London WC2B 5AH
27 July 2022

High Ground Investment Management LLP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Turnover	3	1,379,890	651,769
Administrative expenses	•	(461,611)	(613,703)
Operating profit	4	918,279	38,066
Profit/(loss) for the year before members' remuneration and profit shares		918,279	38,066
Profit for the year before members' remuneration and profit shares		918,279	38,066
Members' remuneration charged as an expense		(368,623)	(390,500)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year available for discretionary division among members		549,656 	(352,434)

There was no other comprehensive income for 2022 (2021:£NIL).

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 March 2022

			2022		2021
	Note		£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		4,170		10,071
Fixed asset investments	8		238,712		238,712
			242,882	•	248,783
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	1,077,030		624,768	
Cash at bank and in hand	10	293,169		168,137	
		1,370,199	•	792,905	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	11	(77,116)		(55,479)	
Net current assets			1,293,083		737,426
Total assets less current liabilities			1,535,965	•	986,209
Net assets			1,535,965		986,209
Represented by: Members' other interests				·	
Members' capital classified as equity		2,072,728		2,072,628	
Other reserves classified as equity		(536,763)		(1,086,419)	
			1,535,965		986,209
			1,535,965		986,209
Total members' interests					
Amounts due from members (included in debtors)	9		(721,822)		(476,074)
Members' other interests	9		1,535,965		986,209
			814,143	-	510,135
		:		=	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the members and were signed on their behalf on 27 July 2022

Steve Banner

Designated member

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

	EQUITY Members' othe	er interests		DEBT Loans and debts due t members le amounts du members in	o ess any ue from	Total members' interests
	capital					
	(classified as equity) £	Other reserves	Total £	Other amounts	Total £	Total £
Amounts due from members				(195,742)	(195,742)	
Balance at 1 April 2020	1,105,400	(733,985)	371,415	(195,742)	(195,742)	175,673
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	-	-	-	390,500	390,500	390,500
Loss for the year available for discretionary division among members		(352,434)	(352,434)	-	<u>.</u>	(352,434)
Members' interests after profit for the year	1,105,400	(1,086,419)	18,981	194,758	194,758	213,739
Amounts introduced by members	967,228	-	967,228	•	-	967,228
Drawings	-	-	-	(670,832)	(670,832)	(670,832)
Amounts due from members				(476,074)	(476,074)	
Balance at 31 March 2021	2,072,628	(1,086,419)	986,209	(476,074)	(476,074)	510,135
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	-	-	-	368,622	368,622	368,622
Profit for the year available for discretionary division among members		549,656	549,656		-	549,656
Members' interests after profit for the year	2,072,628	(536,763)	1,535,865	(107,452)	(107,452)	1,428,413
Amounts introduced by members	200	-	200	-	-	200
Repayment of capital	(100)	-	(100)	- /614 270\	- /64 <i>4</i> 270\	(100)
Drawings	<u>-</u>		<u>.</u>	(614,370)	(614,370)	(614,370)
Amounts due from members				(721,822)	(721,822)	
Balance at 31 March 2022	2,072,728	(536,763)	1,535,965	(721,822)	(721,822)	814,143

Other than FCA capital requirements there are no existing restrictions or limitations which impact the ability of the members of the LLP to reduce the amount of Members' other interests.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

	2022 £	2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities	_	~
Profit/(loss) for the financial year Adjustments for:	549,656	(352,434)
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	368,623	390,500
Depreciation of tangible assets	7,690	7,067
(Increase) in debtors	(206,514)	(70,435)
Increase in creditors	21,298	25,566
Payments to members	(614,371)	(670,832)
Net cash generated from operating activities before transactions with members	126,382	(670, 568)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(1,789)	(607)
Purchase of share in associates	-	(238,712)
Net cash from investing activities	(1,789)	(239,319)
Cash flows from financing activities		_
Members' capital contributed	200	967,228
Net cash used in financing activities	200	967,228
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	124,793	57,341
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	168,137	110,796
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	292,930	168,137
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	293,169	168,137
Bank overdrafts	(239)	-
<i>y</i>	292,930	168,137

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

1. General information

High Ground Investment Management LLP is a limited liability partnership incorporated in the UK and registered in England and Wales.

The LLP's registered address is 25 Hanover Square, London, England, W1S 1JF.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006 and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships".

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the LLP's accounting policies.

There are no critical accounting estimates or judgements made in applying the LLP's accounting policies.

The designated members consider that the inclusion of the subsidiary would not be material for the purpose of giving a true and fair view. These financial statements therefore present information about the LLP as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

2.2 Going concern

The members have prepared forecasts which, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, indicate that the LLP should be cash generative and able to meet its liabilities as they fall due and maintain a regulatory capital surplus. In the event that actual results fall short of the forecasts the members have expressed their willingness to provide such additional funding as may be required to support the business for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements.

The members therefore have a reasonable expectation that the LLP has adequate resource to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. Thus they adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue comprises amounts recognised by the LLP in respect of services supplied, exclusive of value added tax. Management fees are recognised as they accrue. Performance fees are recognised on crystallisation.

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings

- 3 years straight line

Office equipment

- 3 years straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.5 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The LLP's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

2.6 Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.7 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the LLP's cash management.

2.9 Financial instruments

The LLP only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

2.10 Members' profit allocation

A Members' non-discretionary profit allocation is accounted for as remuneration charged as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income after arriving at "Profit for the financial year before members' remuneration and profit shares".

A Members' discretionary share in the profit or the loss for the period is accounted for as an allocation of profits. Unallocated profits and losses are included within "Other reserves".

3. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to investment management services.

2022 £	2021 £
1,379,890	651,769
1,379,890	651,769
	1,379,890

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

4. Operating profit		
The operating profit is stated after charging:		
	2022 £	2021 £
Exchange differences	(6,023)	2,545
Operating lease rentals	43,636	73,719
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	7,690	7,067
Fees payable to the LLP's auditor for the audit of the LLP's financial statements	10,000	9,000
Fees payable to the LLP's auditor for other services	21,530	23,220
5. Employees		
Staff costs were as follows:		
	. 2022 £	2021 £
Wages and salaries	41,199	78,974
Social security costs	591	5,485
Cost of defined contribution scheme	1,236	2,369
·	43,026	86,828
The average monthly number of persons employed during the year was a	ıs follows:	
	2022 No.	2021 No.
Employees	1	1
6. Information in relation to members		
,	2022 Number	2021 Number
The average number of members during the year was		5

7.	Tangible fixed assets			
		Fixtures and fittings	Office equipment £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2021	249	21,357	21,606
	Additions	-	1,789	1,789
•	At 31 March 2022	249	23,146	23,395
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2021	125	11,410	11,535
	Charge for the year on owned assets	83	7,607	7,690
	At 31 March 2022	208	19,017	19,225
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2022	41	4,129	4,170
	At 31 March 2021	124	9,947	10,071
8.	Fixed asset investments			
				Investments £
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2021			238,712
	At 31 March 2022			238,712
	Subsidiary undertaking			
	The following was a subsidiary undertaking of the LLP:			
	<u> </u>	Cour	ntry of	
	Name ·		poration	Holding
	High Ground Investment Management (GP) LLC	Caym	nan	100%
		•		

8. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertaking (continued)

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2022 and the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertaking were as follows:

	Name	Aggregate of share capital and reserves \$	Profit/(Loss)
	High Ground Investment Management (GP) LLC	(6,153)	4,905
9.	Debtors		
		2022 £	2021 £
		_	L
	Trade debtors	205,503	-
	Other debtors	11,176	8,942
	Prepayments and accrued income	138,529	139,752
	Amounts due from members	721,822	476,074
	•	1,077,030	624,768
10.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	293,169	168,137
	Less: bank overdrafts	(239)	
		292,930	168,137
11.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Bank overdrafts	239	-
	Trade creditors	32,482	36,476
	Other taxation and social security	1,587	3,123
	Other creditors	321	-
	Accruals and deferred income	42,487	15,880
		77,116	55,479

12. Analysis of Net Debt

	At 1 April 2021 £	Arising from cash flows £	At 31 March 2022 £
Cash at bank and in hand	168,137	125,032	293,169
Bank overdrafts	-	(239)	(239)
	168,137	124,793	292,930
	=======================================		

13. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2022 the LLP had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2022 £	2021 £
Not later than 1 year	11,182	38,955
	11,182	38,955

14. Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is Edgar Allen.