UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

FOR

HAUS OF VENTURES LIMITED

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HAUS OF VENTURES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

DIRECTORS: Mr K T McAlpine

Mrs B C Cichello McAlpine

REGISTERED OFFICE: The Galleries

Charters Road Sunningdale Ascot Berkshire SL5 9QJ

REGISTERED NUMBER: 12822984 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Davis Burton Sellek

Chartered Accountants The Galleries

Charters Road Sunningdale Berkshire SL5 9QJ

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

		2022	2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible assets	4		5,855		3,791	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors	5	716		-		
Cash at bank		54,095		25,170		
		54,811		25,170		
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due within one year	6	35,498		23,050		
NET CURRENT ASSETS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19,313		2,120	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			' <u> </u>			
LIABILITIES			25,168		5,911	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			1,112		720	
NET ASSETS			24,056		5,191	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital			400		400	
Retained earnings			23,656		4,791	
Ketamed earnings						
			<u>24,056</u>		<u>5,191</u>	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 September 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30 January 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr K T McAlpine - Director

Mrs B C Cichello McAlpine - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Haus of Ventures Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and the directors confirm their belief in the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

Significant judgement and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Revenue recognition

Revenue represents net invoiced sales of services, excluding value added tax.

It comprises the provision of consultancy services to clients and is calculated on a daily charge out rate and is recognised when there is a right to consideration, which is when the service is delivered.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life. IT Equipment - 33% on cost

Fixtures & Fittings - 25% reducing balance

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2021 - 2).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

COST At 1 October 2021 Additions At 30 September 2022 DEPRECIATION	5,526 5,532 11,058
Additions At 30 September 2022 DEPRECIATION	5,532 11,058
At 30 September 2022 DEPRECIATION	11,058
DEPRECIATION	
	1 725
At 1 October 2021	1,755
Charge for year	3,468
At 30 September 2022	5,203
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 September 2022	5,855
At 30 September 2021	3,791
5. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	
2022	2021
${\mathfrak t}$	£
Other debtors	
6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	
2022	2021
£	£
Trade creditors 1,204	2,431
Taxation and social security 14,005	330
Other creditors <u>20,289</u>	20,289
<u>35,498</u>	23,050

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.