THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

FITZWILLIAM CAPITAL PARTNERS

(COVENTRY) LIMITED

Company No 12229650

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Company number 12229650

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006 PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

FITZWILLIAM CAPITAL PARTNERS (COVENTRY) LIMITED

(Adopted by special resolution passed on 30th January 2020)

INTRODUCTION

1. Interpretation

1.1 The following definitions and rules of interpretation apply in these Articles:

Act: the Companies Act 2006 (as amended or replaced from time to time).

acting in concert: has the meaning given to it in the City Code on Takeovers and Mergers published by the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers (as amended).

Adoption Date: the date of adoption of these Articles.

Articles: the Company's articles of association for the time being in force.

Available Profits: profits available for distribution within the meaning of part 23 of the Act.

Business Day: a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in England when banks in London are open for business.

Company: means Fitzwilliam Capital Partners (Coventry) Limited (Company No 12229650)

Company's Lien: has the meaning given to it in article 24.1.

connected: has the meaning given in section 252 of the Act.

Controlling Interest: an interest in Shares conferring on the holder or holders control of the Company within the meaning of section 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010.

Deemed Transfer Notice: a Transfer Notice which is deemed to have been served by any of the provisions of these Articles.

Directors: the directors of the Company from time to time.

Eligible Director: means a Director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of Directors (but excluding any Director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter).

Equity Shares: the Ordinary Shares.

Fair Value: has the meaning given in article 18.2.

Financial Year: an accounting reference period (as defined in section 391 of the Act) of the Company.

holding company: has the meaning given in article 1.10.

Independent Expert: the auditors/accountants for the time being of the Company or, if they decline the instruction, an independent firm of accountants jointly appointed by the Company and the Seller (or, for the purposes of article 15.5, a Majority of Shareholders) or, in the absence of agreement between the Company and the Seller (or Majority of Shareholders, as the case may be) on the identity of the expert within 15 Business Days of the expiry of the 15 Business Day period referred to in article 18.1, an independent firm of accountants appointed by the President, for the time being, of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales (in each case acting as an expert and not as an arbitrator).

Lien Enforcement Notice: means a notice in writing which complies with the requirements of article 25.2.

Majority of Shareholders: the holder(s) for the time being of not less than 75% by nominal value of all the Equity Shares from time to time.

Model Articles: the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 to The Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (*SI* 2008/3229), as amended prior to the Adoption Date.

Ordinary Shares: the ordinary voting shares with a nominal value of £0.01 each in the capital of the Company.

Original Shareholder: has the meaning given in article 16.1.

Permitted Transfer: a transfer of Shares made in accordance with article 16.

Permitted Transferee: in relation to a Shareholder which is a company, a member of the same group of companies as that company.

Preference Shares: the redeemable non-voting preference shares with a nominal value of £100 each in the capital of the Company.

Relevant Securities: any Shares or other securities convertible into, or carrying the right to subscribe for Shares, issued by the Company after the Adoption Date, other than:

- (a) the grant of any options under a share option scheme (and the issue of Shares on the exercise of any such options);
- (b) any Shares or other securities issued by the Company in order for the Company to comply

with its obligations under these Articles; and

(c) any Shares or other securities issued in consideration of the acquisition by the Company of any company or business

Restricted Shares: has the meaning given in article 19.4

Sale Shares: has the meaning given in article 17.2(a).

Seller: has the meaning given in article 17.2.

Shareholder: a holder for the time being of any Share or Shares.

Shares: shares (of any class) in the capital of the Company and **Share**: shall be construed accordingly.

subsidiary: has the meaning given in article 1.10.

Transfer Notice: has the meaning given in article 17.2.

Transfer Price: has the meaning given in article 18.

Writing or written: the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise, save that, in relation to a Transfer Notice (or Deemed Transfer Notice), "writing" or "written" shall include the sending or supply of notices, documents or information in electronic form.

- 1.2 Headings in these Articles shall not affect the interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.3 Unless the context otherwise requires, words in the singular shall include the plural and the plural shall include the singular.
- 1.4 Unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to one gender shall include a reference to the other genders.
- 1.5 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles (but excluding any statutory modification of them not in force on the Adoption Date).
- 1.6 A reference in these Articles to:
 - (a) an **Article** is a reference to the relevant numbered article of these Articles; and
 - (b) a model article is a reference to the relevant article,

unless expressly provided otherwise.

1.7 A reference to a statute or statutory provision is a reference to it as amended, extended or reenacted from time to time. A reference to a statute or statutory provision shall include all FCP (Coventry) Limited-AOA-FINAL subordinate legislation made from time to time under that statute or statutory provision.

- 1.8 Any words following the terms **including**, **include**, **in particular**, **for example** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words, description, definition, phrase or term preceding those terms.
- 1.9 Where the context permits, **other** and **otherwise** are illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding them.
- 1.10 A reference to a **holding company** or a **subsidiary** means a holding company or a subsidiary (as the case may be) as defined in section 1159 of the Act and for the purposes only of the membership requirement contained in sections 1159(1)(b) and (c), a company shall be treated as a member of another company even if its shares in that other company are registered in the name of:
 - (a) another person (or its nominee), by way of security or in connection with the taking of security; or
 - (b) its nominee.

In the case of a limited liability partnership which is a subsidiary of a company or another limited liability partnership, section 1159 of the Act shall be amended so that: (a) references in sections 1159(1)(a) and (c) to voting rights are to the members' rights to vote on all or substantially all matters which are decided by a vote of the members of the limited liability partnership; and (b) the reference in section 1159(1)(b) to the right to appoint or remove a majority of its board of directors is to the right to appoint or remove members holding a majority of the voting rights.

2. Adoption of the Model Articles

- 2.1 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles or are inconsistent with these Articles, and, subject to any such modifications, exclusions or inconsistencies, shall together with these Articles constitute the articles of association of the Company to the exclusion of any other articles or regulations set out in any statute or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation.
- 2.2 Model articles 7, 8, 9(1) and (3), 11(2) and (3), 12, 13, 14(1) to (4) (inclusive), 22, 26(5), 30(5), 38, 39, 44(2), and 51 to 53 (inclusive) shall not apply to the Company.
- 2.3 Model article 20 shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and the secretary" before the words "properly incur".
- 2.4 In model article 25(2)(c), the words "evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee" shall be deleted and replaced with the words "evidence and indemnity".
- 2.5 Model article 29 shall be amended by the insertion of the words", or the name of any person(s) named as the transferee(s) in an instrument of transfer executed under article 28(2)," after the words "the transmittee's name".

DIRECTORS

3. Number of directors

Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the minimum number of Directors shall be one.

4. Proceedings of directors

- 4.1 Any decision of the Directors must be taken at a meeting of Directors in accordance with these Articles or must be a decision taken in accordance with article 4.2 (subject to article 4.3 and article 4.4). All decisions made at any meeting of the Directors shall be made only by resolution and resolutions at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- 4.2 A unanimous decision of the Directors is taken when all Eligible Directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.
- 4.3 A decision taken in accordance with article 4.2 may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.
- 4.4 A decision may not be taken in accordance with article 4.2 if the Eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at a Directors' meeting to vote on the matter in accordance with article 4.6 and article 4.7.
- 4.5 Any Director may call a meeting of the Directors, or authorise the company secretary (if any) to give such notice.
- 4.6 The quorum for any meeting (or, where specified below, part of a meeting) of the Directors shall be one Eligible Director.
- 4.7 For the purposes of any meeting (or part of a meeting) held pursuant to article 7. to authorise a Conflict (as defined in article 7.1), if there is only one Eligible Director in office other than the conflicted Director(s), the quorum for such meeting (or part of a meeting) shall be one Eligible Director.
- 4.8 Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. If there is an equality of votes, the Chairman (or other chairman of the meeting) shall have a second or casting vote.
- 4.9 Where decisions of the Directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the Directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye.

5. Appointment and removal of Directors

- 5.1 Model article 18 shall be modified by the addition of the following events upon the occurrence of which a person shall cease to be a Director:
 - (a) he is convicted of a criminal offence (other than a minor motoring offence) and a majority of the other Directors resolve that he cease to be a Director;

6. Transactions or other arrangements with the Company

Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) and sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the Act and provided he has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the requirements of the Act, a Director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company:

- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
- (b) shall be an Eligible Director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the Directors (or committee of the Directors) in respect of such existing or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
- (c) shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of Directors (or of a committee of the Directors) or participate in any unanimous decision, in respect of such existing or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
- (d) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director;
- (e) may be a Director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested; and
- (f) shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him) derives from any such transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the Act.

7. Directors' conflicts

7.1 The Directors may, in accordance with the requirements set out in this article 7., authorise any matter or situation proposed to them by any Director which would, if not authorised, involve a Director (an Interested Director) breaching his duty under section 175 of the Act to avoid conflicts of interest(Conflict).

- 7.2 Any authorisation under this article 7. will be effective only if:
 - (a) to the extent permitted by the Act, the matter in question shall have been proposed by any Director for consideration in the same way that any other matter may be proposed to the Directors under the provisions of these Articles or in such other manner as the Directors may determine;
 - (b) any requirement as to the quorum for consideration of the relevant matter is met without counting the Interested Director; and
 - (c) the matter was agreed to without the Interested Director voting or would have been agreed to if the Interested Director's vote had not been counted.
- 7.3 Any authorisation of a Conflict under this article 7. may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):
 - (a) extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter or situation so authorised;
 - (b) provide that the Interested Director be excluded from the receipt of documents and information and the participation in discussions (whether at meetings of the Directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;
 - (c) provide that the Interested Director shall or shall not be an Eligible Director in respect of any future decision of the Directors in relation to any resolution related to the Conflict;
 - (d) impose upon the Interested Director such other terms for the purposes of dealing with the Conflict as the Directors think fit;
 - (e) provide that, where the Interested Director obtains, or has obtained (through his involvement in the Conflict and otherwise than through his position as a Director of the Company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose that information to the Company, or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence; and
 - (f) permit the Interested Director to absent himself from the discussion of matters relating to the Conflict at any meeting of the Directors and be excused from reviewing papers prepared by, or for, the Directors to the extent they relate to such matters.
- 7.4 Where the Directors authorise a Conflict, the Interested Director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms and conditions imposed by the Directors in relation to the Conflict.
- 7.5 The Directors may revoke or vary such authorisation at any time, but this will not affect anything done by the Interested Director, prior to such revocation or variation, in accordance with the terms of such authorisation.

- 7.6 A Director, notwithstanding his office, may be a Director or other officer of, employed by, or otherwise interested (including by the holding of shares) in his appointor(s) (or any Permitted Transferee of such appointor(s)) and no authorisation under article 7.1 shall be necessary in respect of any such interest.
- A Director is not required, by reason of being a Director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a Director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with these Articles or by the Company in general meeting (subject in each case to any terms and conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.

8. Secretary

The Directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the Directors so decide, appoint a replacement, in each case by a decision of the Directors.

SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS

9. Dividends

- 9.1 In respect of any Financial Year, the Directors shall decide if any Available Profits of the Company may be used to pay dividends.
- 9.2 Subject to article 9.3, each dividend (if any) shall be distributed to the Shareholders pro rata according to the number of Shares held by them respectively. All dividends are expressed net and shall be paid in cash.
- 9.3 The Directors may recommend that dividends be paid in respect of one or more classes of Shares, whether at the same time or differing rates, without recommending that similar or any dividends be paid in respect of one or more other classes or class of Shares.

10. Further issues of shares: authority

- Subject to the remaining provisions of this Article 10, the directors are generally and unconditionally authorised, for the purposes of section 551 of the 2006 Act and generally, to exercise any power of the Company to:
 - (a) offer or allot;
 - (b) grant rights to subscribe for or to convert any security into;
 - (c) otherwise deal in, or dispose of,

any Shares in the company to any person, at any time and subject to any terms and

conditions as the directors think proper.

10.2 The authority referred to in Article 10.:

- shall be limited to a maximum nominal amount of £150,000 (or such other amount as the Directors may decide);
- (b) shall only apply insofar as the company has not renewed, waived or revoked it by ordinary resolution; and
- (c) may only be exercised for a period of five years commencing on the date on which these Articles are adopted, save that the directors may make an offer or agreement which would, or might, require Shares to be allotted after the expiry of such authority (and the directors may allot Shares in pursuance of an offer or agreement as if such authority had not expired).

11. Further issues of Shares

- In accordance with section 567(1) of the Act, sections 561 and 562 of the Act shall not apply to an allotment of equity securities (as defined in section 560(1) of the Act) made by the company.
- Subject to section 551 of the Act, any Relevant Securities shall be at the disposal of the directors who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to any persons at those times and generally on the terms and conditions they think proper.

12. Power to issue different classes of shares

- Subject to these Articles, the company may issue Shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution.
- 12.2 The Company may issue Shares which are to redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company, and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such Shares.

13. Redemption of Preference Shares

- 13.1 Subject to the Act, the Preference Shares may be redeemed by the Company giving notice of the redemption to the relevant holder for a specified number of Preference Shares (Redemption Notice). Those Preference Shares specified shall be redeemed as soon as practicable following receipt of the Redemption Notice by the relevant holder (Redemption Date).
- On any Redemption Date the Company shall pay to each registered holder of Preference Shares the amount payable in respect of such redemption. On receipt of that amount, each such holder shall surrender to the Company the certificate for the Preference Shares that are to be redeemed (or an indemnity in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Board in respect of any lost share certificate) to be cancelled.

14. Variation of class rights

- Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of Shares, the special rights attached to any such class may only be varied or abrogated (either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding up) with the consent in writing of the holders of at least 75% in nominal value of the issued Shares of that class.
- The creation of a new class of Shares which has preferential rights to one or more existing classes of Shares shall not, except as provided in article 14.1, constitute a variation of the rights of those existing classes of Shares.

15. Transfers of Shares: General

- 15.1 In these Articles, reference to the transfer of a Share includes the transfer, assignment or other disposal of a beneficial or other interest in that Share, or the creation of a trust or encumbrance over that Share, and reference to a Share includes a beneficial or other interest in a Share.
- No Share shall be transferred, and the Directors shall refuse to register a transfer of any Share, unless it is made in accordance with these Articles and with the approval of the Directors.
- 15.3 If a Shareholder transfers (or purports to transfer) a Share other than in accordance with these Articles, or any shareholders agreement which may be in force from time to time, he shall be deemed to have immediately served a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by him.
- To enable the Directors to determine whether or not there has been any transfer (or purported transfer) of Shares the Directors may require:
 - (a) any holder (or the legal representatives of a deceased holder); or
 - (b) any person named as a transferee in a transfer lodged for registration; or
 - (c) such other person as the Directors may reasonably believe to have information relevant to that purpose,

to provide the Company with any information and evidence that the Directors think fit regarding any matter which they deem relevant to that purpose.

- 15.5 If any such information or evidence referred to in article 15.4 is not provided to enable the Directors to determine to their reasonable satisfaction that no breach has occurred, or that as a result of the information and evidence provided the Directors are reasonably satisfied that a breach has occurred, the Directors shall immediately notify the holder of such Shares of that fact in writing and, if the holder fails to remedy that situation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Directors within 15 Business Days of receipt of such written notice:
 - (a) the relevant Shares shall cease to confer on the holder of them any rights:

- to vote (whether on a show of hands, on a poll or otherwise and whether in person, by proxy or otherwise), including in respect of any resolution of any class of Shares;
- (ii) to receive dividends or other distributions otherwise attaching to those Shares.
- (b) the Directors may, by notice in writing to the relevant holder, determine that a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of some or all of his Shares with effect from the date of service of the notice (or such later date as may be specified in such notice).

The Directors may reinstate the rights referred to in article 15.5(a) at any time and, in any event, such rights shall be reinstated on completion of a transfer made pursuant to article 15.5(b).

- 15.6 Unless expressly provided otherwise in these Articles, if a Transfer Notice is deemed to have been given under these Articles, the Deemed Transfer Notice shall be treated as having specified that:
 - (a) it does not contain a Minimum Transfer Condition; and
 - (b) the Seller wishes to transfer all the Shares held by him (including any Shares acquired after the date the relevant Transfer Notice is deemed given but before completion of the transfer of Shares pursuant to the relevant Transfer Notice).
- 15.7 Any Transfer Notice (but not a Drag Along Notice (as defined in article 20)) served in respect of the transfer of any Share which has not completed before the date of service of a Deemed Transfer Notice shall automatically be revoked by the service of a Deemed Transfer Notice.

16. Permitted transfers of Shares

- 16.1 A Shareholder owning Equity Shares (the **Original Shareholder**) may transfer all or any of his or its Shares to a Permitted Transferee.
- 16.2 If the Original Shareholder is a company, and a Permitted Transfer has been made, the Permitted Transferee shall, within 15 Business Days of ceasing to be a member of the same group of companies as the Original Shareholder, transfer the Shares held by it to:
 - (a) the Original Shareholder; or
 - (b) a member of the same group of companies as the Original Shareholder, (which in either case is not in liquidation), without any price or other restriction.
- 16.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this article 16, a transfer of any Shares approved by the Directors may be made without any price or other restriction and any such transfer shall be registered by the Directors.

17. Pre-emption rights on the transfer of Shares

- 17.1 Except where the provisions of article 16 or article 20 apply, any transfer of any Shares by a Shareholder shall be subject to the pre-emption rights in this article 17 and the approval of the Directors.
- 17.2 A Shareholder who wishes to transfer Shares (a **Seller**) shall, before transferring or agreeing to transfer any Shares, give notice in writing (a **Transfer Notice**) to the Company specifying:
 - (a) subject to article 15.6(b), the number of Shares he wishes to transfer (Sale Shares);
 - (b) the name of the proposed transferee, if any;
 - (c) the price per Sale Share (in cash), if any, at which he wishes to transfer the Sale Shares (the **Proposed Sale Price**); and
 - (d) subject to article 15.6(a), whether the Transfer Notice is conditional on all or a specific number of the Sale Shares being sold (a Minimum Transfer Condition).
- 17.3 A Transfer Notice (or Deemed Transfer Notice) constitutes the Company the agent of the Seller for the sale of the Sale Shares at the Transfer Price.
- 17.4 As soon as practicable following the later of:
 - (a) receipt of a Transfer Notice (or in the case of a Deemed Transfer Notice, the date such notice is deemed to be served); and
 - (b) the determination of the Transfer Price,

the Directors shall offer the Sale Shares for sale in the manner set out in the remaining provisions of this article 17 at the Transfer Price. Each offer shall be in writing and shall give details of the number and Transfer Price of the Sale Shares offered.

- 17.5 If the Sale Shares are Preference Shares, the Company shall, subject to article 19., offer them to the holders of Ordinary Shares on the basis set out in article 17.7 to article 17.14 (inclusive).
- 17.6 If the Sale Shares are Ordinary Shares, the Company shall offer them to the other holders of Ordinary Shares on the basis set out in article 17.7 to article 17.14 (inclusive).
- 17.7 The Directors shall offer the Sale Shares in the manner referred to in article 17.5 or article 17.6 (as appropriate) to the Ordinary Shareholders (other than the Seller), inviting them to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 15 Business Days after the offer (both dates inclusive) (the Offer Period) for the maximum number of Sale Shares they wish to buy.
- 17.8 lf:

- (a) at the end of the Offer Period, the number of Sale Shares applied for is equal to or exceeds the number of Sale Shares, the Directors shall allocate the Sale Shares to each Ordinary Shareholder who has applied for Sale Shares in the proportion which his existing holding of Shares bears to the total number of Shares of the class being offered held by all Ordinary Shareholders (other than the Seller). Fractional entitlements shall be rounded down to the nearest whole number (save where such rounding would result in not all Sale Shares being allocated, in which case, the allocation of any such fractional entitlements shall be determined by the Directors). No allocation shall be made to a Shareholder of more than the maximum number of Sale Shares which he has stated he is willing to buy;
- (b) not all Sale Shares are allocated following allocations in accordance with article 17.8(a), but there are applications for Sale Shares that have not been satisfied, the Directors shall allocate the remaining Sale Shares to such applicants in accordance with the procedure set out in article 17.8(a). The procedure set out in this article 17.8(b) shall apply on any number of consecutive occasions until either all Sale Shares have been allocated or all applications for Sale Shares have been satisfied; and
 - (c) at the end of the Offer Period, the total number of Sale Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares, the Directors shall allocate the Sale Shares to the Ordinary Shareholders in accordance with their applications. The balance (the Surplus Shares) shall be dealt with in accordance with article 17.9.
- 17.9 At the end of the Offer Period, the Directors shall offer the Surplus Shares (if any) subject to article 17.10, to any other person in accordance with article 17.14.
- 17.10 Where the Transfer Notice contains a Minimum Transfer Condition:
 - (a) any allocation made under article 17.7 to article 9 (inclusive) shall be conditional on the fulfilment of the Minimum Transfer Condition; and
 - (b) if the total number of Sale Shares applied for under article 17.7 to article 17.9 (inclusive) is less than the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall notify the Seller and all those Shareholders to whom Sale Shares have been conditionally allocated stating that the condition has not been met and that the relevant Transfer Notice has lapsed with immediate effect.

17.11 Where either:

- (a) the Transfer Notice does not contain a Minimum Transfer Condition; or
- (b) allocations have been made in respect of all the Sale Shares,

the Directors shall, when no further offers or allocations are required to be made under article 17.7 to article 17.9 (inclusive), give notice in writing of the allocations of Sale Shares (an **Allocation Notice**) to the Seller and each Shareholder to whom Sale Shares have been allocated (each an **Applicant**). The Allocation Notice shall specify the number of Sale Shares allocated to each Applicant and the place and time for completion of the transfer of the Sale

- Shares (which shall be at least 7 Business Days, but not more than 15 Business Days, after the date of the Allocation Notice).
- 17.12 On the date specified for completion in the Allocation Notice, the Seller shall, against payment from an Applicant, transfer the Sale Shares allocated to such Applicant, in accordance with any requirements specified in the Allocation Notice.
- 17.13 If the Seller fails to comply with article 17.12:
 - (a) the Chairman (or, failing him, any other Director or some other person nominated by a resolution of the Directors) may, as agent and attorney on behalf of the Seller:
 - (i) complete, execute and deliver in his name all documents necessary to give effect to the transfer of the relevant Sale Shares to the Applicants;
 - (ii) receive the Transfer Price and give a good discharge for it (and no Applicant shall be obliged to see to the distribution of the Transfer Price); and
 - (iii) (subject to the transfer being duly stamped) enter the Applicants in the register of Shareholders as the holders of the Shares purchased by them; and
 - (b) the Company shall pay the Transfer Price into a separate bank account in the Company's name on trust (but without interest) for the Seller until he has delivered his certificate(s) for the relevant Shares (or an indemnity, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Directors, in respect of any lost certificate, together with such other evidence (if any) as the Board may reasonably require to prove good title to those Shares) to the Company.
- 17.14 If by the expiry of the Offer Period the offer for the Sale Shares at the Sale Price has not been accepted or is accepted in part only by the transferees, or if any of the Sale Shares allocated are not paid for by the proposed transferees, on the specified date for completion (the "Final Date") then the Directors shall be entitled in the period of 28 days from the Final Date to either:
 - (a) nominate a purchaser of such Sale Shares who is not already a member but whom they consider to be suitable for admission to membership of the Company and who will and does pay the Sale Price; or
 - (b) (if the directors so resolve) serve a written notice on the Seller that the Company will (subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act) purchase or redeem all or any of the Sale Shares which are not the subject of acceptances or paid for, at the Sale Price and such notice will be binding upon the Company and the Seller who will respectively take all steps within their power to carry such purchase into effect. Such purchase by the Company must be completed within 28 days of the date of the written notice specified in this article 17.14 for this article to apply;

PROVIDED ALWAYS that if the Seller has included in the Transfer Notice a provision that unless all the Sale Shares are sold, none will be sold, then this paragraph will refer to such a provision and will be construed accordingly, and completion of the transfers of the Sale Shares will be conditional upon that provision being complied with in full.

17.5 In the event the provisions of articles 17.14 (a) and 17.14(b) are not exercised by the directors then for a period of 28 days following the expiry of the last applicable time limit specified in article 17.14 the Seller will be entitled to transfer all or any of such of the Sale Shares as are not the subject of acceptances or paid for, to any other person or persons but only if the directors are reasonably satisfied that such sale is bona fide and that the true consideration paid is no lower than the Sale Price PROVIDED ALWAYS that any new member must be someone whom the Directors consider to be suitable for admission to membership of the Company.

18. Valuation

- The Transfer Price for each Sale Share the subject of a Transfer Notice (or Deemed Transfer Notice) shall, save where expressly provided otherwise in these Articles, be the price per Sale Share (in cash) agreed between the Directors (any Director with whom the Seller is connected not voting), and the Seller or, in default of agreement within 15 Business Days of the date of service of the Transfer Notice (or, in the case of a Deemed Transfer Notice, the date on which the board of Directors first has actual knowledge of the facts giving rise to such deemed service), the Fair Value of each Sale Share.
- 18.2 The Fair Value shall be the price per Sale Share determined by the Independent Expert on the following bases and assumptions:
 - (a) valuing the Sale Shares as on an arm's-length sale between a willing seller and a willing buyer as at the date the Transfer Notice was served (or deemed served);
 - (b) if the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, on the assumption that it will continue to do so:
 - (c) that the Sale Shares are capable of being transferred without restriction;
 - (d) valuing the Sale Shares as a rateable proportion of the total value of all the issued Shares without any premium or discount being attributable to the percentage of the issued share capital of the Company which they represent; and
 - (e) reflecting any other factors which the Independent Expert reasonably believes should be taken into account.
- 18.3 If any difficulty arises in applying any of these assumptions or bases then the Independent Expert shall resolve that difficulty in whatever manner it shall in its absolute discretion think fit.
- 18.4 The Directors will give the Independent Expert access to all accounting records or other relevant documents of the Company, subject to it agreeing such confidentiality provisions as the Directors may reasonably impose.

- The Independent Expert shall act as expert and not as arbitrator and its determination shall be final and binding on the parties (in the absence of fraud or manifest error).
- 18.6 The Independent Expert shall be requested to determine the Fair Value within 15 Business Days of its appointment and to deliver its certificate to the Company. Forthwith upon receipt, the Company shall deliver a copy of the certificate to the Seller.
- 18.7 The cost of obtaining the Independent Expert's certificate shall be borne by the parties equally or in such other proportions as the Independent Expert directs unless in respect of a Deemed Transfer Notice, the Fair Value is less than the price per Sale Share offered to the Seller by the Directors before the appointment of the Independent Expert in which case the Seller shall bear the cost.

19. Compulsory transfers

- 19.1 A person entitled to a Share in consequence of the bankruptcy of a Shareholder (or equivalent procedure in any jurisdiction outside England and Wales) shall be deemed to have given a Transfer notice in respect of that Share at such time as the Directors may determine.
- 19.2 If a Shareholder which is a body corporate either suffers or resolves to appoint a liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver over it, or any material part of its assets or suffers or takes any equivalent action in any jurisdiction outside England and Wales, that Shareholder shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by it at such time as the Directors may determine.
- 19.3 A person entitled to a Share in consequence of the death of a Shareholder and who would not have been a Permitted Transferee of that Shareholder before his death, shall be deemed to have given a Transfer notice in respect of that Share at such time as the Directors may determine.
- 19.4 If there is a change in control (as 'control' is defined in section 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010) of any Shareholder which is a company (other than a Shareholder which is a company holding Equity Shares), it shall be bound at any time, if and when required in writing by the Directors to do so, to give (or procure the giving in the case of a nominee) a Transfer Notice in respect of all the Shares registered in its name (or the name of its nominee(s)) save that, where that Shareholder acquired Shares as a Permitted Transferee of an Original Shareholder, it shall first be permitted to transfer those Shares back to the Original Shareholder from whom it received its Shares or to any other Permitted Transferee of that Original Shareholder before being required to serve a Transfer Notice.
- 19.5 Forthwith upon a Transfer Notice being deemed to be served under this article 19 the Shares subject to the relevant Deemed Transfer Notice (**Restricted Shares**) shall cease to confer on the holder of them any rights:
 - to vote (whether on a show of hands, on a poll or otherwise and whether in person, by proxy or otherwise), including in respect of any resolution of any class of Shares;

(b) to receive dividends or other distributions otherwise attaching to those Shares; or

The Directors may reinstate the rights referred to in article 19.5 at any time and, in any event, such rights shall be reinstated on completion of such transfer.

20. Drag along

- 20.1 If a Majority of Shareholders (the Selling Shareholders) wish to transfer all of their interest in Equity Shares (Sellers' Shares) to a purchaser (Proposed Buyer), the Selling Shareholders shall have the option (Drag Along Option) to require all the other holders of Shares on the date of the request (Called Shareholders) to sell and transfer all their interest in Shares with full title guarantee to the Proposed Buyer (or as the Proposed Buyer may direct) in accordance with the provisions of this article 20.
- 20.2 The Selling Shareholders may exercise the Drag Along Option by giving notice in writing to that effect (a **Drag Along Notice**), at any time before the completion of the transfer of the Sellers' Shares, to the Proposed Buyer and each Called Shareholder. A Drag Along Notice shall specify:
 - (a) that the Called Shareholders are required to transfer all their Shares (Called Shares) pursuant to this article 20.;
 - (b) the identity of the Proposed Buyer (and, if relevant, the transferee(s) nominated by the Proposed Buyer);
 - (c) the consideration payable for the Called Shares calculated in accordance with article 20.4;
 - (d) the proposed date of completion of transfer of the Called Shares.
- 20.3 Once given, a Drag Along Notice may not be revoked save with the prior consent of the Directors. However, a Drag Along Notice shall lapse if, for any reason, the Selling Shareholders have not completed the transfer of all the Sellers' Shares to the Proposed Buyer (or as the Proposed Buyer may direct) within 15 Business Days of serving the Drag Along Notice. The Selling Shareholders may serve further Drag Along Notices following the lapse of any particular Drag Along Notice.
- 20.4 The consideration (in cash or otherwise) for which the Called Shareholders shall be obliged to sell each of the Called Shares shall be that to which they would be entitled if the total consideration proposed to be paid by the Proposed Buyer were distributed to the holders of the Called Shares and the Sellers' Shares pro rata to the number of Shares held by them respectively.
- No Drag Along Notice shall require a Called Shareholder to agree to any terms except those specifically set out in this article 20.
- 20.6 Completion of the sale and purchase of the Called Shares shall take place on the same date as, and conditional upon the completion of, the sale and purchase of the Sellers' Shares unless:

- (a) all of the Called Shareholders and the Selling Shareholders otherwise agree; or
- (b) that date is less than 15 Business Days after the date of service of the Drag Along Notice, in which case completion of the sale and purchase of the Called Shares shall take place 7 Business Days after the date of service of the Drag Along Notice.
- 20.7 Within 15 Business Days of the Selling Shareholders serving a Drag Along Notice on the Called Shareholders, the Called Shareholders shall deliver stock transfer forms for their Shares in favour of the Proposed Buyer (or as the Proposed Buyer may direct), together with the share certificate(s) in respect of those Shares (or a suitable indemnity in respect thereof) to the Company. On the expiration of that 15 Business Day period the Company shall pay the Called Shareholders, on behalf of the Proposed Buyer, the amounts they are respectively due pursuant to article 20.4 to the extent the Proposed Buyer has put the Company in the requisite funds. The Company's receipt for the amounts due pursuant to article 20.4 shall be a good discharge to the Proposed Buyer. The Company shall hold the amounts due to the Called Shareholders pursuant to article 20.4 in trust for the Called Shareholders without any obligation to pay interest.
- To the extent that the Proposed Buyer has not, on the expiration of the 15 Business Day period, put the Company in funds to pay the amounts due pursuant to article 20.4, the Called Shareholders shall be entitled to the return of the stock transfer forms and share certificate(s) (or suitable indemnity) for the relevant Shares and the Called Shareholders shall have no further rights or obligations under this article 20 in respect of their Shares.
- 20.9 If any Called Shareholderfails to deliver to the Company aduly executed stock transfer form (or forms) in respect of the Called Shares held by him (together with the share certificate(s) in respect of those Called Shares (or a suitable indemnity in respect thereof)) the defaulting Called Shareholder shall be deemed to have appointed any person nominated for the purpose by the Selling Shareholders to be his agent and attorney to execute and deliver all necessary transfers on his behalf, against receipt by the Company (on trust for such holder) of the consideration payable for the Called Shares. After the Proposed Buyer (or person(s) nominated by the Proposed Buyer) has been registered as the holder of any such Called Shares, the validity of such proceedings shall not be questioned by any person. Failure to produce a share certificate shall not impede the registration of any transfer of Shares under this article 20.
- 20.10 Upon any person, following the issue of a Drag Along Notice, becoming a Shareholder (or increasing an existing shareholding) including, without limitation, pursuant to the exercise of any option, warrant or other right to acquire or subscribe for, or to convert any security into, Shares, whether or not pursuant to a share option scheme (a New Shareholder), a Drag Along Notice shall be deemed to have been served upon the New Shareholder, on the same terms as the previous Drag Along Notice, who shall then be bound to sell and transfer all such Shares acquired by him to the Proposed Buyer (or as the Proposed Buyer may direct) and the provisions of this article 20 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the New Shareholder, save that completion of the sale of such Shares shall take place forthwith upon the later of the Drag Along Notice being deemed served on the New Shareholder and the date of completion of the sale of the FCP (Coventry) Limited-AOA-FINAL

- Called Shares. References in this Article 20.10 to a person becoming a Shareholder (or increasing an existing shareholding) shall include the Company, in respect of the acquisition of any of its own Shares.
- 20.11 A transfer of Called Shares to a Proposed Buyer (or as the Proposed Buyer may direct) pursuant to a sale in respect of which a Drag Along Notice has been duly served shall not be subject to the pre-emption provisions of article 17.
- 20.12 Any Transfer Notice or Deemed Transfer Notice served in respect of the transfer of any Share which has not completed before the date of service of a Drag Along Notice shall automatically be revoked by the service of a Drag Along Notice.

DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

21. General meetings

- 21.1 No business other than, subject to article 21.2, the appointment of the chairman of the meeting is to be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting and also when that business is voted on. A quorum shall be such person(s) who represent (either in person or by proxy) at least 75% by number of the issued Equity Shares in the Company.
- The Chairman shall chair general meetings. If there is no Chairman in office for the time being, or the Chairman is unable to attend any general meeting, the Directors present (or, if no Directors are present, the meeting) must appoint another Director present at the meeting (or, if no Directors are present, a Shareholder) to chair the meeting and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

22. Voting

- Subject to any other provisions in these Articles concerning voting rights, each Ordinary Share in the Company shall carry the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company and to vote on any written resolution of the Company.
- 22.2 Subject to any other provisions in these Articles concerning voting rights, each Preference Share in the Company shall not carry the right to receive notice of or to attend or (save to the extent required by law) to vote at any general meetings of the Company, nor to vote on any written resolution of the Company.
- A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by any qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the Act) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.
- 22.4 Model article 44(3) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a

new paragraph at the end of that model article.

22.5 Model article 45(1) shall be amended by:

- (a) the deletion of model article 45(1)(d) and its replacement with the words "is delivered to the company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate"; and
- (b) the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid, unless the Directors, in their discretion, accept the notice at any time before the meeting" as a new paragraph at the end of that model article.

23. Purchase of own shares

23.1 Subject to the Act, but without prejudice to any other provision of these Articles, the Company may purchase its own Shares in accordance with Chapter 4 of Part 18 of the Act, including (without limitation) out of capital.

24. Company's Lien over Shares

The Company has a lien (the **Company's Lien**) over every Share which is registered in the name of a person indebted or under any liability to the Company, whether he is the sole registered holder of the Share or one of several joint holders, for all monies payable by him (either alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, whether payable immediately or at some time in the future.

24.2 The Company's Lien over a share:

- (a) takes priority over any third party's interest in that Share; and
- (b) extends to any dividend or other money payable by the Company in respect of that Share and (if the lien is enforced and the Share is sold by the Company) the proceeds of sale of that Share.

The Directors may at any time decide that a Share which is or would otherwise be subject to the Company's Lien shall not be subject to it, either wholly or in part.

25. Enforcement of the Company's Lien

- 25.1 Subject to the provisions of this article 25., if:
 - (a) a Lien Enforcement Notice has been given in respect of a Share; and
 - (b) the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it,

the Company may sell that Share in such manner as the Directors decide.

25.2 A Lien Enforcement Notice:

- may only be given in respect of a Share which is subject to the Company's Lien and in respect of a sum payable to the Company for which the due date for payment has passed;
- (b) must specify the Share concerned;
- (c) must require payment of the sum within 14 clear days of the notice (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires);
- (d) must be addressed either to the holder of the Share or to a transmittee of that holder; and
- (e) must state the Company's intention to sell the Share if the notice is not complied with.
- 25.3 Where Shares are sold under this article 25.:
 - (a) the Directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares to the purchaser or to a person nominated by the purchaser; and
 - (b) the transferee is not bound to see to the application of the consideration, and the transferee's title is not affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the sale.
- 25.4 The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other costs of enforcing the Company's Lien) must be applied:
 - (a) first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice; and
 - (b) second, to the person entitled to the Shares at the date of the sale, but only after the certificate for the Shares sold has been surrendered to the Company for cancellation, or an indemnity in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Directors has been given for any lost certificates, and subject to a lien equivalent to the Company's Lien over the Shares before the sale for any money payable by that person (or his estate or any joint holder of the shares) after the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice.

A statutory declaration by a Director or the company secretary that the declarant is a Director or the company secretary and that a Share has been sold to satisfy the Company's Lien on a specified date:

- (c) is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share; and
- (d) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the Articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the Share.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

26. Means of communication to be used

- Any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on, or delivered to, the intended recipient:
 - (a) if delivered by hand, on signature of a delivery receipt; or
 - (b) if sent by fax, at the time of transmission; or
 - (c) if sent by pre-paid first class post, recorded delivery or special delivery to an address in the United Kingdom, at 9.00 am on the second Business Day after posting; or
 - (d) if sent or supplied by email, one hour after the notice, document or information was sent or supplied; or
 - (e) if sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website; and
 - (f) if deemed receipt under the previous paragraphs of this article 26.1 would occur outside business hours (meaning 9.00 amto 5.30 pmMonday to Friday on a day that is not a public holiday in the place of deemed receipt), at 9.00 on the day when business next starts in the place of deemed receipt. For the purposes of this article, all references to time are to local time in the place of deemed receipt.
- 26.2 To prove service, it is sufficient to prove that:
 - (a) if delivered by hand the notice was delivered to the correct address; or
 - (b) if sent by fax, a transmission report was received confirming that the notice was successfully transmitted to the correct fax number; or
 - (c) if sent by post the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, paid for and posted; or
 - (d) if sent by email, the notice was properly addressed and sent to the email address of the recipient.
- 26.3 In proving that any notice, document or information was properly addressed, it will suffice to show that the notice, document or information was addressed to an address permitted for the purpose by the Act.

27. Indemnity and insurance

- 27.1 Subject to article 27.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a Relevant Officer is otherwise entitled:
 - (a) each Relevant Officer shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a Relevant Officer:

(i) in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation thereto

including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted, or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part, or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a Relevant Officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company's affairs; and

- (b) the Company may provide any Relevant Officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in article 27.1 and otherwise may take any action to enable such Relevant Officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.
- 27.2 This article 27 does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Act or by any other provision of law.
- 27.3 The Directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any Relevant Officer in respect of any Relevant Loss.
- 27.4 In this article 27:
 - (a) Relevant Loss means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a Relevant Officer in connection with that Relevant Officer's duties or powers in relation to the Company; and
 - (b) **Relevant Officer** means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of the Company.