Resource Rail Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2021

Resource Rail Limited

Registered number: 11936301

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2021

N	otes		2021		2020
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		71,936		43,244
•					
Current assets					
Debtors	4	559,886		91,465	
Cash at bank and in hand		27,787		18,808	
		587,673		110,273	
Cunditaro, amazunta fallina					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(537,333)		(209,027)	
due within one year	3	(001,000)		(209,027)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			50,340		(98,754)
Total assets less current		-		_	
liabilities			122,276		(55,510)
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one year	6		(72,544)		_
•			(,,		
Provisions for liabilities			(9,588)		(8,216)
Night and the Millian 1990 and		-		-	(00.700)
Net assets/(liabilities)			40,144	-	(63,726)
Capital and reserves					
			100		100
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			40,044		(63,826)
Shareholders' funds		-	40,144	-	(63,726)
		-	10,111	-	(00,720)

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

M Lukehurst

Director

Approved by the board on 11 August 2021

Resource Rail Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles

25% on reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2021 Number	2020 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	2	2
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Motor vehicles
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 April 2020		50,875
	Additions		52,671
	At 31 March 2021		103,546
	Depreciation		
	At 1 April 2020		7,631
	Charge for the year		23,979

	At 31 March 2021		31,610
	Net book value		
	At 31 March 2021		71,936
	At 31 March 2020	•	43,244
4	Debtors	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	343,324	68,712
	CIS repayable	216,562	22,753
		559,886	91,465
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	32,500	-
	Factoring company	240,948	26,252
	Credit Card	7,953	5,031
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	13,212	-
	Trade creditors	69,656	3,450
	Taxation and social security costs	50,164	19,765
	Other creditors	122,900	154,529
		537,333	209,027
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2021	2020
U	Creditors, amounts failing due after one year		
		£	£
	Bank loans	42,500	-
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	30,044	-
		72,544	-

7 Other information

Resource Rail Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Buildings C - E

Goldwell Lane

Aldington

Kent

TN25 7DX

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