| Company registration number 11456087 (England and Wales) |
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| VITTRUM LIMITED |
| UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS |
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022 |
| PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR |
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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 APRIL 2022

| | | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|--|-------|----------|---------|----------|---------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 4 | | 325 | | 21,760 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | 5 | 5,100 | | 13,669 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 228,301 | | 88,209 | |
| | | 233,401 | | 101,878 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 6 | (70,727) | | (38,317) | |
| Net current assets | | | 162,674 | | 63,561 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 162,999 | | 85,321 |
| Provisions for liabilities | | | (81) | | (4,052) |
| Net assets | | | 162,918 | | 81,269 |
| | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | | | 2 | | 2 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 162,916 | | 81,267 |
| Total equity | | | 162,918 | | 81,269 |
| | | | | | |

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 APRIL 2022

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 April 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 January 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr R W Fowler Director Miss S M Boberg

Director

Company Registration No. 11456087

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Vittrum Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Cadnam Lodge, Cadnam Lane, Cadnam, Southampton, Hampshire, SO40 2NS.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment 25% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings 25% on straight line basis
Soft Furnishings and Accessories 25% on straight line basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets. A provision is made for any impairment loss and taken to the profit and loss account.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

The company only enters into Basic financial instrument transactions.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in the tax assessments.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

The company's liability for current and deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|-------|--------|--------|
| | Number | Number |
| Total | 2 | 2 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

| 4 | Tangible fixed assets | 5 | | | - | |
|---|--|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------|--|
| | | Plant and equipment | Fixtures andSof fittingsand | Accessories | _ | |
| | | £ | £ | £ | £ | |
| | Cost | | | | | |
| | At 1 May 2021 | 433 | 20,262 | 20,505 | 41,200 | |
| | Disposals | | (20,262) | (20,505) | (40,767) | |
| | At 30 April 2022 | 433 | - | - | 433 | |
| | Depreciation and impairment | | | | | |
| | At 1 May 2021 | - | 11,324 | 8,116 | 19,440 | |
| | Depreciation charged in the year | 108 | - | - | 108 | |
| | Eliminated in respect of disposals | - | (11,324) | (8,116) | (19,440) | |
| | At 30 April 2022 | 108 | | | 108 | |
| | Carrying amount | | | | | |
| | At 30 April 2022 | 325 | - | - | 325 | |
| | At 30 April 2021 | 433 | 8,938 | 12,389 | 21,760 | |
| 5 | Debtors | | | | | |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | | | 2022 £ | 2021 £ | |
| | Trade debtors | | | - | 2,295 | |
| | Other debtors | | | 5,100 | 10,722 | |
| | Prepayments and accrued income | | | - | 652 | |
| | | | | 5,100 | 13,669 | |
| | | | | | | |
| 6 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | | | | |
| | | | | 2022 | 2021 | |
| | | | | £ | £ | |
| | Corporation tax | | | 31,455 | 20,090 | |
| | Other taxation and social security | | | 7,374 | 770 | |
| | Other creditors | | | 31,898 | 17,457 | |
| | | | | 70,727 | 38,317 | |
| | | | | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

7 Operating lease commitments

8

Lessee At the re

| At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future n non-cancellable operating leases, as follows: | ninimum lease payments ι | ınder |
|---|--------------------------|-----------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| | £ | £ |
| | - | 40,700 |
| | | |
| Related party transactions | | |
| The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date: | | |
| Amounts due to related parties | 2022 £ | 2021 £ |
| Other related parties | 30,923 | 16,482 |
| | | |
| The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date: | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| Amounts due from related parties | £ | £ |
| Entities under common control | 1,501 | 1,501 |
| | | |

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.