Registration number: 11400002

Celsius P & H Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 6 June 2018 to 31 May 2019

Padam Walburn Accounting Services 80 Forest View Road Tuffley Gloucester Gloucestershire GL4 0BY

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Company Information

Director C Riley

Registered office 20 Saddlers Road

Saddlers Road Quedgeley Gloucester Gloucestershire GL2 4SY

Accountants Padam Walburn Accounting Services

80 Forest View Road

Tuffley Gloucester Gloucestershire GL4 0BY

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(Registration number: 11400002) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2019

	Note	2019 £
Fixed assets		
Intangible assets	4	23,313
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	6,266
		29,579
Current assets		
Debtors	<u>6</u>	1,450
Cash at bank and in hand		12,089
		13,539
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> 7</u>	(15,396)
Net current liabilities		(1,857)
Total assets less current liabilities		27,722
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u> </u>	(7,424)
Net assets		20,298
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	1
Profit and loss account		20,297
Total equity		20,298

For the financial period ending 31 May 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{9}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 11400002) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2019

Approved and authorised b	by the director on 27 January 2020
C Riley	
Director	
	The notes on pages 4 to 0 form an integral part of these financial statements
	The notes on pages 4 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 6 June 2018 to 31 May 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 20 Saddlers Road Saddlers Road Quedgeley Gloucester Gloucestershire GL2 4SY United Kingdom

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 6 June 2018 to 31 May 2019

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and rateMotor vehicles25% written down valueComputer equipment25% cost

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Sw cost

Amortisation method and rate

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 6 June 2018 to 31 May 2019

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the period, was 1.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 6 June 2018 to 31 May 2019

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
Additions acquired separately	24,540	24,540
At 31 May 2019	24,540	24,540
Amortisation		
Amortisation charge	1,227	1,227
At 31 May 2019	1,227	1,227
Carrying amount		
At 31 May 2019	23,313	23,313

5 Tangible assets

	Computer equipment £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation Additions	387	7,850	8,237
At 31 May 2019	387	7,850	8,237
Depreciation Charge for the period	8	1,963	1,971
At 31 May 2019	8	1,963	1,971
Carrying amount			
At 31 May 2019	379	5,887	6,266

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 6 June 2018 to 31 May 2019

6 Debtors		
		2019
		£
Trade debtors		1,450
		1,450
		1,100
7 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
Control of the contro		2019
		£
Due within one year		
Trade creditors		3,894
Taxation and social security		1,370
Accruals and deferred income		893
Director's loan account		2,564
Other creditors		6,675
		15,396
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
Creators, amounts failing due after more than one year		2019
	Note	£
Due after one year		
Loans and borrowings	9	7,424
8 Share capital		
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares		
	2019	
	No.	£
ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 6 June 2018 to 31 May 2019

9 Loans and borrowings	2019
Non-current loans and borrowings Hire purchase liabilities	7,424
10 Dividends	2019 £
Interim dividend of £11,000.00 per ordinary share	13,200

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.