Iroko Consulting Limited
Unaudited filleted abridged financial statements
31 March 2020

Company registration number: 11399546

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Iroko Consulting Limited

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Directors and other information

Directors Ms Jennifer King

Mr Michael Burrows

Company number 11399546

Registered office 6 The Links

Walton On Thames

Surrey

KT12 1 HD

Accountant Alan James & Associates Limited

1 Shepperton Marina

Felix Lane Shepperton Middlesex TW17 8NS

Chartered accountant's report to the board of directors on the preparation of the

unaudited statutory financial statements of Iroko Consulting Limited

Year ended 31 March 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, I have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Iroko Consulting Limited for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the abridged statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given me.

As a practising member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), I am subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Iroko Consulting Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of my engagement letter. My work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Iroko Consulting Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Iroko Consulting Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, I do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Iroko Consulting Limited and its board of directors as a body for my work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Iroko Consulting Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Iroko Consulting Limited. You consider that Iroko Consulting Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

I have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Iroko Consulting Limited. For this reason, I have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to me and I do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Alan James & Associates Limited

Chartered Accountant

1 Shepperton Marina

Felix Lane

Shepperton

Middlesex

TW17 8NS

22 May 2020

Abridged statement of financial position

31 March 2020

| | | 31/03/20 | | 31/03/19 | |
|---------------------------------------|------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|
| | Note | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 5 | 1,138 | | 940 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | 1,138 | | 940 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | | 8,700 | | - | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 6,449 | | 15,991 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 15,149 | | 15,991 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due | | | | | |
| within one year | | (12,929) | | (12,710) | |
| Not a considerable | | | 0.000 | | 0.004 |
| Net current assets | | | 2,220 | | 3,281 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 3,358 | | 4,221 |
| Provisions for liabilities | | | (217) | | - |
| | | | • • | | |
| Net assets | | | 3,141 | | 4,221 |
| | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | | | 2 | | 2 |
| Profit and loss account | | | 3,139 | | 4,219 |
| | | | | | |
| Shareholders funds | | | 3,141 | | 4,221 |
| | | | | | |

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the current year ending 31 March 2020 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 May 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Ms Jennifer King

Director

Company registration number: 11399546

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 6 The Links, Walton On Thames, Surrey, KT12 1 HD.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Computer Equipment - 25 % straight line

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2019: 1).

5. Tangible assets

| | £ |
|---------------------|-------|
| Cost | |
| At 1 April 2019 | 1,254 |
| Additions | 670 |
| At 31 March 2020 | 1,924 |
| Depreciation | |
| At 1 April 2019 | 314 |
| Charge for the year | 472 |
| At 31 March 2020 | 786 |
| Carrying amount | |
| At 31 March 2020 | 1,138 |
| At 31 March 2019 | 940 |

6. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

Year ended 31/03/20

| | | Balance brought forward | Advances /(credits) to the directors | Amounts repaid | Balance o/standing |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| | | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| | Ms Jennifer King | (3,058) | - | 1,522 | (1,536) |
| | Mr Michael Burrows | (2,195) | - | 1,934 | (261) |
| | | (5,253) | | 3,456 | (1,797) |
| Period ended 31/03/19 | | | | | |
| | | Balance | Advances | Amounts | Balance |
| | | brought forward | /(credits) to the directors | repaid | o/standing |
| | | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| | Ms Jennifer King | - | 391 | (3,449) | (3,058) |
| ľ | Mr Michael Burrows | - | - | (2,195) | (2,195) |
| | | - | 391 | (5,644) | (5,253) |

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.