# Pacific Wealth Management Limited Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2020

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# **Financial Statements**

# for the year ended 31 March 2020

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## **Directors' Report**

#### for the year ended 31 March 2020

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of Pacific Wealth Management Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 March 2020.

#### Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

S D Roberts

MC Johnson (Appointed 14 June 2019)
P H McLernon (Resigned 14 June 2019)

#### **Dividends**

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

#### Other matters

The principal activity of the company during the period was that of a holding company.

#### Results for the period

The profit for the period after taxation was £129,998 (2019: £102,007).

#### Key performance indicators ("KPIs")

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of the Pacific Investments Limited group, which include those of the company, are discussed within the "Principal risks and uncertainties" paragraph in the directors' report in the consolidated financial statements of Pacific Investments Limited, which do not form part of this report.

#### Liquidity and interest rate risk

The company has access to the Pacific Investments Limited group loan facility. This is sufficient for current and planned future operations. Interest rate exposure is not considered a risk given the nature of its interest bearing assets and liabilities. The directors will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the company's operations change in size or nature.

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

## Directors' Report (continued)

## for the year ended 31 March 2020

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **Audit Exemption**

For the period ended 31 March 2020 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies' exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 22 February 2021 and signed on behalf of the board by:

S D Roberts Director

Registered office: 124 Sloane Street London United Kingdom SW1X 9BW

# Statement of Comprehensive Income

# for the year ended 31 March 2020

	Note	Year to 31 Mar 20 £	Period from 3 Apr 18 to 31 Mar 19
Administrative expenses		_	(2,833)
Operating loss		-	(2,833)
Income from shares in group undertakings	6	318,750	285,000
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(188,752)	(180,160)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		129,998	102,007
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	_	_
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		129,998	102,007

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

## **Statement of Financial Position**

#### as at 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets Investments	9	3,991,887	3,991,887
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(3,296,620)	(2,365,370)
Net current liabilities		(3,296,620)	(2,365,370)
Total assets less current liabilities		695,267	1,626,517
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(463,261)	(1,524,509)
Net assets		232,006	102,008
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	13 14	1 232,005	1 102,007
Shareholders funds		232,006	102,008

For the year ended 31 March 2020 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

# Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 February 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

S D Roberts Director

Company registration number: 11285790

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

# for the year ended 31 March 2020

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 3 April 2018	-	_	-
Profit for the year		102,007	102,007
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	102,007	102,007
Issue of shares	1	_	1
Total investments by and distributions to owners	1		1
At 31 March 2019	1	102,007	102,008
Profit for the year		129,998	129,998
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	129,998	129,998
At 31 March 2020	<u></u>	232,005	232,006

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### for the year ended 31 March 2020

#### 1. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 2. General information

Pacific Wealth Management Limited (11285790) is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The address and registered office is 124 Sloane Street, London, SW1X 9BW. The nature of the company's operations are set out in the Directors' Report on page 1.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The company is a subsidiary of the Pacific Investments Limited group of companies and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Pacific Investments Limited, which are publicly available. The company is therefore exempt from preparing its own consolidated financial statements.

The functional currency of the company is considered to be pounds sterling as this is the currency of the primary environment in which the company operates.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes the continued support of the parent company. The directors have received a letter from the parent company, Pacific Investments Management Limited Group, confirming its support for a period of at least one year from the date of approval of these financial statements.

#### Disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following exemptions available under FRS 102:

- The exemption from preparing a Statement of Cash Flows
- The exemption from disclosing key management personnel compensation

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### for the year ended 31 March 2020

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a change attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is possible that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Investments in associates

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less any provision for permanent diminution in value. Realised gains and losses are dealt with through the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings. A review for impairment is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, in which case an impairment provision is recognised and charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

#### Financial instruments

The company enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified in accordance with the substance of contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### for the year ended 31 March 2020

#### 4. Key sources of estimation uncertainty and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting practices requires management to make estimates and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

#### (i) Carrying value of investments in subsidiaries

The carrying value of investments in subsidiaries are initially recorded at cost and subsequently measured at cost less provision for impairment. The directors have reviewed all forecast and budgetary information available to them and have deemed there to be no objective evidence that the company will not recover the full amount stated in these financial statements.

#### (ii) Fair value of other fixed asset investments

Interest held in unlisted investments are carried at fair value and therefore assumptions are used in the valuation of these investments. Although every attempt is made to ensure that the assumptions used are as accurate as possible there remains a risk that the fair value of these investments is ultimately different to the valuations within these financial statements.

There have not been any provisions for impairment for investments in associates in the year.

#### 5. Particulars of employees

During the year the company had no employees, other than directors and paid no remuneration to directors.

#### 6. Income from shares in group undertakings

Unwinding of discount on deferred consideration

	Income from group undertakings	Year to 31 Mar 20 £ 318,750	Period from 3 Apr 18 to 31 Mar 19 £ 285,000
7.	Interest payable and similar charges		
		Year to 31 Mar 20	Period from 3 Apr 18 to 31 Mar 19

£

180,160

£

188,752

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## for the year ended 31 March 2020

#### 8. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than (2019: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019: 19%).

		Period from
	Year to	3 Apr 18 to
	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 19
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	129,998	102,007
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	24,700	19,381
Effect of revenue exempt from tax	(60,563)	(54,150)
Unused tax losses	35,863	34,769
T		
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		

#### 9. Investments

	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost At 1 Apr 2019 and 31 Mar 2020	3,991,887
Impairment At 1 Apr 2019 and 31 Mar 2020	
Carrying amount At 31 March 2020	3,991,887

The investment in subsidiaries balance represents a 75% shareholding in JSM (Bridgwater) Limited, a holding company incorporated in England and Wales. Copies of JSM (Bridgwater) Ltd's financial statements can be obtained from Companies House.

# 10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bills of exchange payable  Amounts owed to undertakings in which the company has a participating	1,219,511	1,219,511
interest	2,077,109	1,145,859
	3,296,620	2,365,370

Amounts owed to group undertakings have been issued without terms and are interest free, therefore the full amount has been recognised within current liabilities.

## 11. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bills of exchange payable	463,261	1,524,509
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## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## for the year ended 31 March 2020

#### 12. Financial instruments

the carrying and an early carry or immediately and an early are	2020 £	2019 £
Financial assets Financial assets that are equity instruments measured at cost less impairment	3,991,887	3,991,887
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(3,759,881)	(3,889,879)

Financial assets held at fair value through profit and loss comprise other fixed asset investments.

Financial assets measured at cost less impairment comprise investments in subsidiary undertakings.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise amounts owed to group undertakings, amounts owed to related parties and accruals.

#### 13. Called up share capital

#### Issued, called up and fully paid

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	_	_

#### 14. Reserves

Retained earnings - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses less amounts distributable to shareholders.

#### 15. Related party transactions

During the period, the company carried out transactions with Pacific Asset Management LLP, its immediate parent company. The total amount of these transactions was a net loan increase of £1,145,859. At 31 March 2020 the company owed Pacific Asset Management LLP £1,145,859 which is included within 'Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings".

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## for the year ended 31 March 2020

#### 16. Controlling party

The company's immediate parent company is Pacific Asset Management LLP, a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales.

The company's ultimate parent company is Pacific Investments Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Pacific Investments Limited's consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Companies House.

In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate controlling party of the company is JL Beckwith, a director and majority shareholder of the ultimate parent company.