Registered number: 11104657

COLINA ESTATES LTD

Unaudited

Financial statements

Information for filing with the registrar

For the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Registered number: 11104657

Statement of financial position As at 31 March 2020

	Note		2020 £		2019 £
Fixed assets					
Investment property	3		4,285,000		3,285,000
		-	4,285,000	-	3,285,000
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	4	19,065		31,448	
Cash at bank and in hand		9,263		8,978	
	_	28,328	-	40,426	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(906,486)		(1,585,838)	
Net current liabilities	_		(878,158)		(1,545,412)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	3,406,842	-	1,739,588
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(3,074,059)		(1,543,965)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	8	(95,000)		(53,000)	
	_		(95,000)		(53,000)
Net assets		-	237,783	-	142,623
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			237,782		142,622
		-	237,783	-	142,623

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 15 July 2020.

Registered number: 11104657

Statement of financial position (continued) As at 31 March 2020

Benny Hoffman

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1. General information

Colina Estates Ltd is a company incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act. The principal activity of the company is that of property investment.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.3 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by external valuers and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.5 Reserves

The company's reserves are as follows:

- Called up share capital represents the nominal value of the shares issued
- Profit and Loss Account represents cummulative profits or losses, net of dividends and other adjustments.

2.6 Turnover

Turnover represents gross rental income from the letting of property and is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

3. Investment property

	Freehold investment property	Long term leasehold investment property	Total	
	£	£	£	
Valuation				
At 1 April 2019	2,535,000	750,000	3,285,000	
Additions at cost	382,646	424,393	807,039	
Surplus on revaluation	167,354	25,607	192,961	
At 31 March 2020	3,085,000	1,200,000	4,285,000	

The 2020 valuations were made by the directors, on an open market value for existing use basis.

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2020

4.	Debtors		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Other debtors	19,065	21,448
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	10,000
		19,065	31,448
5.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans	-	691,326
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	847,246	292,504
	Other creditors	59,240	602,008
		906,486	1,585,838
6.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans	3,074,059	1,543,965
		3,074,059	1,543,965

The bank loans are secured on the company's properties.

Notes to the financial statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2020

7.	Loans		
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Amounts falling due within one year	-	~
	Bank loans	-	691,326
		<u> </u>	691,326
	Amounts falling due after more than 5 years		
	Bank loans	3,074,059	1,543,965
		3,074,059	1,543,965
		3,074,059	2,235,291
8.	Deferred taxation		2020
			£
	At beginning of year		(53,000)
	Charged to other comprehensive income	_	(42,000)
	At end of year	=	(95,000)
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Revaluation of investment property	(95,000)	(53,000)
		(95,000)	(53,000)

9. Controlling party

The company's parent company is Fastlodge Ltd, a company registered in England and Wales.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.