Registered number: 10961746

TURBO FORCE (NW) LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

Turbo Force (Nw) Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2021

Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	2—3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4—6

Turbo Force (Nw) Limited Balance Sheet As at 30 September 2021

Registered number: 10961746

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	3		791		1,581
Tangible Assets	4	_	16,106	_	20,202
			16,897		21,783
CURRENT ASSETS					,
Stocks	5	19,192		23,408	
Debtors	6	17,216		7,943	
Cash at bank and in hand		22,588	_	23,430	
		58,996		54,781	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(24,813)	_	(22,511)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	34,183	_	32,270
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	51,080	-	54,053
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8	_	(47,625)	_	(48,000)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation		_	(3,060)	_	(3,838)
NET ASSETS		_	395	_	2,215
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		_		=	
Called up share capital	9		100		100
Profit and Loss Account		-	295	-	2,115
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	395	=	2,215

Turbo Force (Nw) Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 30 September 2021

For the year ending 30 September 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mrs Donna Rackstraw

Director **22/02/2022**

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Turbo Force (Nw) Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2021

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2018, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of five years.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery etc - 20% on reducing balance and Straight line over 3 years

1.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Turbo Force (Nw) Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2021

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 5 (2020: 5)

3. Intangible Assets

		Goodwill £
Cost		
As at 1 October 2020		3,951
As at 30 September 2021		3,951
Amortisation	_	
As at 1 October 2020		2,370
Provided during the period	_	790
As at 30 September 2021	_	3,160
Net Book Value		
As at 30 September 2021	_	791
As at 1 October 2020	_ _	1,581
4. Tangible Assets		
g		Plant & Machinery etc.
		£
Cost		22.050
As at 1 October 2020		32,050
As at 30 September 2021		32,050
Depreciation		
As at 1 October 2020		11,848
Provided during the period		4,096
As at 30 September 2021		15,944
Net Book Value		
As at 30 September 2021		16,106
As at 1 October 2020		20,202
5. Stocks		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Stock	19,192 	23,408
	19,192	23,408

Turbo Force (Nw) Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2021

6. Debtors					
				2021	2020
				£	£
Due within one year					
Trade debtors				7,255	3,041
Other debtors			-	9,961	4,902
			=	17,216	7,943
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within	One Year				
				2021	2020
				£	£
Trade creditors				8,619	9,639
Other creditors				2,578	2,675
Taxation and social security			_	13,616	10,197
			=	24,813	22,511
8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After M	More Than One Y	ear			
				2021	2020
				£	£
Bank loans			_	47,625	48,000
			=	47,625	48,000
9. Share Capital					
				2021	2020
Allotted, Called up and fully paid			=	100	
10. Directors Advances, Credits and Guar	antees				
Included within Debtors are the following loans	to directors:				
	As at 1 October	Amounts advanced	Amounts repaid	Amounts written off	As at 30 September

The directors loan balance outstanding at the balance sheet date is included within other debtors due within one year. The balance is repayable within nine months of the balance sheet date.

4,902

£

9.961

£

4,902

£

2020

£

2021 £

9,961

11. Ultimate Controlling Party

Mr Bryan Rackstraw

The ultimate controlling party is Mr B A Rackstraw.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.