

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10663625

BRADLEY GRANT MUSIC LTD

FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 January 2020

BRADLEY GRANT MUSIC LTD

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

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BRADLEY GRANT MUSIC LTD
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 January 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	6	3,532	3,758
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	7	8,195	8,222
Cash at bank and in hand		721	4,963
		-----	-----
		8,916	13,185
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	8	12,376	15,044
		-----	-----
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,460	1,859
		-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		72	1,899
		-----	-----
NET ASSETS		72	1,899
		-----	-----

BRADLEY GRANT MUSIC LTD
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION *(continued)*

31 January 2020

	2020	2019
Note	£	£
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
Called up share capital	1	1
Profit and loss account	71	1,898
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SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS	72	1,899
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These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 January 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 August 2020 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr B Grant

Director

Company registration number: 10663625

BRADLEY GRANT MUSIC LTD
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2020

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Onega House, 112 Main Road, Sidcup, Kent, DA14 6NE, England.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings	-	25% straight line
Equipment	-	25% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2019: 1).

5. TAX ON PROFIT

Major components of tax expense

	2020	2019
	£	£
Current tax:		
UK current tax expense	7,318	7,312
	-----	-----
Tax on profit	7,318	7,312
	-----	-----

6. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Fixtures and fittings	Equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 February 2019	4,140	3,084	7,224
Additions	—	2,107	2,107
	-----	-----	-----
At 31 January 2020	4,140	5,191	9,331
	-----	-----	-----
Depreciation			
At 1 February 2019	2,070	1,396	3,466
Charge for the year	1,035	1,298	2,333
	-----	-----	-----
At 31 January 2020	3,105	2,694	5,799
	-----	-----	-----
Carrying amount			
At 31 January 2020	1,035	2,497	3,532
	-----	-----	-----
At 31 January 2019	2,070	1,688	3,758
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Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Included within the carrying value of tangible assets are the following amounts relating to assets held under finance leases or hire purchase agreements:

	Equipment
	£
At 31 January 2020	562

At 31 January 2019	—

7. DEBTORS

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	4,522	1,625
Other debtors	3,673	6,597
	-----	-----
	8,195	8,222
	-----	-----

8. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Corporation tax	7,321	7,312
Social security and other taxes	2,253	5,654
Other creditors	2,802	2,078
	-----	-----
	12,376	15,044
	-----	-----

9. DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

At 31 January 2020 the director owed Bradley Grant Music Limited £3,410 (2019: £6,597). There are no terms attached to the loan provided to the director and it has been provided by the company interest free.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.