Company Registration No. 10663355 (England and Wales)

# OJW HOLDINGS LIMITED

## UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2020

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## OJW HOLDINGS LIMITED

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## OJW HOLDINGS LIMITED

### BALANCE SHEET

### AS AT 30 APRIL 2020

| | Notes | 2020 £ | 2020 £ | 2019 £ | 2019 £ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Fixed assets** | | | | | |
| Investments | 2 | | 120,100 | | 120,100 |
| **Current assets** | | - | | - | |
| **Creditors: amounts falling due within one year** | 3 | (74,441) | | (51,135) | |
| **Net current liabilities** | | | (74,441) | | (51,135) |
| **Total assets less current liabilities** | | | 45,659 | | 68,965 |
| **Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year** | 4 | | (34,143) | | (57,465) |
| **Net assets** | | | 11,516 | | 11,500 |
| **Capital and reserves** | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 5 | | 100 | | 100 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 11,416 | | 11,400 |
| **Total equity** | | | 11,516 | | 11,500 |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial Period ended 30 April 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the Period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 July 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

**Mr B J A D Wade**
**Director**

**Company Registration No. 10663355**

## 1 Accounting policies

### Company information

OJW Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Fylde House, Skyways Commercial Campus, Amy Johnson Way, Blackpool, FY4 3RS.

### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors are considering the impact of the Coronavirus outbreak, putting plans in place to mitigate any losses or shortfalls in cash flow and taking precautions where necessary.

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

### 1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

### 1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1 **Accounting policies** **(Continued)**

**1.5 Financial instruments**

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

***Basic financial assets***

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

***Classification of financial liabilities***

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

***Basic financial liabilities***

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**1.6 Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

**2 Fixed asset investments**

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Investments | 120,100 | 120,100 |

2 **Fixed asset investments** **(Continued)**

**Movements in fixed asset investments**

| | Shares in group undertakings £ |
|---|---|
| **Cost or valuation** | |
| At 1 May 2019 & 30 April 2020 | 120,100 |
| **Carrying amount** | |
| At 30 April 2020 | 120,100 |
| At 30 April 2019 | 120,100 |

3 **Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

| | 2020 £ | 2019 £ |
|---|---|---|
| Bank loans and overdrafts | 23,321 | 23,321 |
| Trade creditors | 630 | - |
| Other creditors | 50,490 | 27,814 |
| | 74,441 | 51,135 |

4 **Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year**

| | 2020 £ | 2019 £ |
|---|---|---|
| Bank loans and overdrafts | 34,143 | 57,465 |

5 **Called up share capital**

| | 2020 £ | 2019 £ |
|---|---|---|
| **Ordinary share capital** | | |
| **Issued and fully paid** | | |
| 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each | 100 | 100 |

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