

CT Films Limited
Financial Statements
31 March 2019



CT Films Limited

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2019

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CT Films Limited

Strategic Report

Year ended 31 March 2019

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company during the period was the development and production of theatrical feature films.

During the period the company continued the production of a film entitled "Hellboy". At the year end the film was complete. The directors anticipate formal delivery during the forthcoming period.

GOING CONCERN

The directors have undertaken a rigorous assessment of whether the company was a going concern when the accounts were prepared, considering all available information about the future, covering a period of 12 months from the date of the approval of the accounts.

The directors are not aware of any material uncertainty arising from their assessment that would cast doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

A detailed budget and cashflow have been prepared for the production and delivery of the film. Funds to meet the cashflow requirements are contractually in place and the directors do not anticipate any material overspend. The directors are therefore satisfied that the going concern assumption remains appropriate.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The business of film production is subject to a number of risks. The film industry is a volatile industry susceptible to changes in the global economy, as well as changes in legislation, regulation and government policy which may affect the industry. Any of these may adversely affect consumer demand for films or the ability to successfully finance or market films.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The company was incorporated solely to produce the film 'Hellboy'. Given this and the nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 3-7-19 and signed on behalf of the board by:



A Lerner
Director

CT Films Limited

Directors' Report

Year ended 31 March 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Incorporation

The company was incorporated on 10 March 2017 in the United Kingdom.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

A Lerner
T R J Short

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Future developments

The commercial environment is expected to remain competitive in the coming period.

Financial instruments

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise bank balances, loans, trade creditors and trade debtors. The main purpose of these instruments is to raise funds for the company's operations and to finance the company's operations.

Due to the nature of the financial instruments used by the company, there is no exposure to price risk. The company's approach to managing other risks applicable to the financial instruments concerned is shown below.

In respect of bank balances the liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a balance sufficient to meet the funds required for the company's operations. The company makes use of money market facilities where funds are available.

Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by ensuring that amounts due are received in a timely manner.

Trade creditors' liquidity risk is managed by ensuring sufficient funds are available to meet amounts due.

Overseas branches

The company was incorporated in the United Kingdom and has no overseas branches.

Disclosure of information in the strategic report

In accordance with section 414C(11) of the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, various matters previously dealt with in the Directors' Report are now included in the Strategic Report.

CT Films Limited

Directors' Report *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2019

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 3-7-19 and signed on behalf of the board by:



A Lerner
Director

CT Films Limited

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of CT Films Limited

Year ended 31 March 2019

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CT Films Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

CT Films Limited

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of CT Films Limited *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2019

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

CT Films Limited

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of CT Films Limited *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2019

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

CT Films Limited

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of CT Films Limited *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2019

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Lauren Gilman (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of
Shipleys LLP
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
10 Orange Street
Haymarket
London
WC2H 7DQ

8/7/19

CT Films Limited

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 31 March 2019

	Note	Year to 31 Mar 19 £	Period from 10 Mar 17 to 31 Mar 18 £
Turnover	4	41,237,639	–
Cost of sales		(44,742,648)	–
Gross loss		(3,505,009)	–
Operating loss		(3,505,009)	–
Loss before taxation		(3,505,009)	–
Tax on loss	5	3,505,009	–
Result for the financial year and total comprehensive income		–	–

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 11 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

CT Films Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Current assets			
Stocks	6	—	26,974,016
Debtors	7	5,456,908	1,480,543
Cash at bank and in hand		53,897	19,194
		<u>5,510,805</u>	<u>28,473,753</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>5,510,795</u>	<u>28,473,743</u>
Net current assets		<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
Net assets		<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
Shareholders funds		<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 3-7-19, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A Lerner
Director

Company registration number: 10662995

The notes on pages 11 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

CT Films Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 31 March 2019

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 10 March 2017	—	—	—
Profit for the year		—	—
Issue of shares	10	—	10
Total investments by and distributions to owners	10	—	10
At 31 March 2018	10	—	10
Profit for the year		—	—
At 31 March 2019	10	—	10

The notes on pages 11 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

CT Films Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 10 Orange Street, Haymarket, London, WC2H 7DQ, United Kingdom.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Significant estimation technique adopted

Accruals are estimated by reference to purchase orders raised at the period end and estimates to complete. Payments received on account are estimated by reference to percentage of completion of the television production, as noted in "Turnover" above.

Comparatives

The accounts cover the period from incorporation through to 31 March 2018, hence there are no comparative figures.

The accounting period has been extended to ensure that the accounting period and tax credit claim is coterminous.

Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of A&T Media Inc, a company incorporated in the United States of America. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

(a) Disclosures in respect of each class of share capital have not been presented. (b) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company. (c) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

CT Films Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2019

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Revenue recognition

Turnover relates to the production of the film "Hellboy". It represents the value of the work done in the period, including estimates of amounts not invoiced and is stated after trade discounts, other taxes and net of VAT.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

4. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

	Year to 31 Mar 19 £	Period from 10 Mar 17 to 31 Mar 18 £
Production funding	41,237,639	—

There is no material difference between the geographical origin and destination of the supply underlying the turnover figure.

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

CT Films Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2019

5. Tax on loss

Major components of tax income

	Year to 31 Mar 19 £	Period from 10 Mar 17 to 31 Mar 18 £
Current tax:		
UK current tax income	(3,505,009)	—
Tax on loss	<u>(3,505,009)</u>	<u>—</u>

Reconciliation of tax income

The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year is lower than (2018: the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018: 19.07%).

	Year to 31 Mar 19 £	Period from 10 Mar 17 to 31 Mar 18 £
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(3,505,009)	—
Film tax relief	<u>3,505,009</u>	<u>—</u>

6. Stocks

	2019 £	2018 £
Work in progress	<u>—</u>	<u>26,974,016</u>

7. Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Prepayments and accrued income	1,182,554	—
VAT recoverable	210,948	610,635
Corporation tax recoverable	3,505,009	—
Other debtors	558,397	869,908
	<u>5,456,908</u>	<u>1,480,543</u>

CT Films Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2019

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Accruals and deferred income	972,657	28,431,683
Social security and other taxes	–	39,373
Production loan	3,505,009	–
Other creditors	1,033,129	2,687
	<u>5,510,795</u>	<u>28,473,743</u>

9. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>10</u>	<u>10.00</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10.00</u>

10. Contingent liabilities

Charges have been made against the film in favour of the following parties to secure their interests in the copyright of and title to the film:

Comerica Bank, a Texas Banking Association

11. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of A&T IP Inc throughout the period.

The company has taken advantage of Section 33 of FRS 102 from disclosing transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, where any subsidiary undertaking which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by a member of that group.

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS 102.

12. Controlling party

In the opinion of the directors the parent undertaking and controlling party is A&T Media Inc, a company incorporated in the United States of America. A&T Media Inc is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group for which group accounts are drawn up and of which the company is a member.