Company registration number 10172894 (England and Wales)	
BALANCE MY HORMONES LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		7,316		8,807
Current assets					
Debtors	4	33,878		4,562	
Cash at bank and in hand		192,466		163,685	
		226,344		168,247	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(123,292)		(127,796)	
Net current assets			103,052		40,451
Total assets less current liabilities			110,368		49,258
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than					
one year	6		(27,271)		(36,858)
Net assets			83,097		12,400
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			82,997		12,300
Total equity			83,097		12,400

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 29 September 2023

M Koesis

Director

Company Registration No. 10172894

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Balance My Hormones Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 19 Westmoreland Road, London, NW9 9BW.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates. Turnover is recognised at the point goods are provided.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computers

Over three years

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Total	23	19

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Cost At 1 January 2022 Additions At 31 December 2022 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2022 Depreciation charged in the year At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021	iinery etc £
At 1 January 2022 Additions At 31 December 2022 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2022 Depreciation charged in the year At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 4 Debtors	£
At 1 January 2022 Additions At 31 December 2022 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2022 Depreciation charged in the year At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 4 Debtors	
Additions At 31 December 2022 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2022 Depreciation charged in the year At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 Debtors	51,476
At 31 December 2022 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2022 Depreciation charged in the year At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 Debtors 2022	4,433
Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2022 Depreciation charged in the year At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 4 Debtors	
At 1 January 2022 Depreciation charged in the year At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 4 Debtors	55,909
Depreciation charged in the year At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 4 Debtors	
At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 4 Debtors	42,669
Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 4 Debtors 2022	5,924
At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 4 Debtors 2022	48,593
At 31 December 2021 4 Debtors 2022	
4 Debtors 2022	7,316
2022	8,807
Amounts falling due within one year:	2021
	£
Other debtors 33,878	4,562
5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	
2022	2021
${f \epsilon}$	£
Bank loans 10,000	10,000
Trade creditors 34,515	61,413
Corporation tax 42,788	11,455
Other taxation and social security 24,505 Other creditors 11,484	15,327
Other creditors 11,484	29,601
123,292	127,796
6 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	
2022	2021
£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts 27,271	
	36,858

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

7	Called up share capital				
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary A Shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

As at the year end, the company has acted as a guaranter for a fellow connected group company. The outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are £1,463 (2021: £4,275).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.