

# Aliciyo Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements  
for the Period from 28 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

mca business Ltd  
Suite 16D The McLaren Building  
46 The Priory Queensway  
Birmingham  
B4 7LR

# Aliciyo Ltd

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# **Aliciyo Ltd**

## **Company Information**

<b>Director</b>	Mrs B N Bishop
<b>Registration number</b>	10153449
<b>Registered office</b>	Suite 16D The McLaren Building 46 The Priory Queensway Birmingham B4 7LR
<b>Accountants</b>	mca business Ltd Suite 16D The McLaren Building 46 The Priory Queensway Birmingham B4 7LR

# Aliciyo Ltd

(Registration number: 10153449)

## Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2017

	Note	2017 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>		
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	874
<b>Current assets</b>		
Debtors	<u>5</u>	7,200
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>24,818</u>
		32,018
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	<u>6</u>	<u>(18,060)</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>13,958</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>14,832</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>		
Called up share capital		1
Profit and loss account		<u>14,831</u>
<b>Total equity</b>		<u><u>14,832</u></u>

For the financial period ending 30 April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 12 January 2018

Mrs B N Bishop

Director

The notes on pages 4 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.  
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# Aliciyo Ltd

## Statement of Changes in Equity for the Period from 28 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

	Share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Profit for the period	-	22,831	22,831
Total comprehensive income	-	22,831	22,831
Dividends	-	(8,000)	(8,000)
New share capital subscribed	1	-	1
At 30 April 2017	1	14,831	14,832

The notes on pages 4 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# **Aliciyo Ltd**

## **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 28 April 2016 to 30 April 2017**

### **1 General information**

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Suite 16D The McLaren Building  
46 The Priory Queensway  
Birmingham  
B4 7LR

The principal place of business is:

12 Trevithick Close  
Stourport-on-Severn  
DY13 8AN

### **2 Accounting policies**

#### **Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### **Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

These financial statements are prepared in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. All monetary amounts are rounded to the nearest £.

#### **Going concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

## Aliciyo Ltd

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 28 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

#### Judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Office Equipment	25% Reducing Balance

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## **Aliciyo Ltd**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 28 April 2016 to 30 April 2017**

#### **Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### **Financial Instruments**

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are classified into specified categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of recognition.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic Financial Assets**

Basic financial assets which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

##### **Other Financial Assets**

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.



## **Aliciyo Ltd**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 28 April 2016 to 30 April 2017**

#### **Classification of Financial Liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt Instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Impairment of Financial Assets**

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Derecognition of Financial Assets**

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

## Aliciyo Ltd

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 28 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

#### Other Financial Liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

#### Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the period, was 1.

### 4 Tangible assets

	<b>Furniture, fittings and equipment £</b>	<b>Total £</b>
<b>Cost or valuation</b>		
Additions	<u>1,165</u>	<u>1,165</u>
At 30 April 2017	<u>1,165</u>	<u>1,165</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>		
Charge for the	<u>291</u>	<u>291</u>
At 30 April 2017	<u>291</u>	<u>291</u>
<b>Carrying amount</b>		
At 30 April 2017	<u><u>874</u></u>	<u><u>874</u></u>

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £Nil in respect of freehold land and buildings.

# Aliciyo Ltd

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 28 April 2016 to 30 April 2017

### 5 Debtors

	2017 £
Trade debtors	7,200
Total current trade and other debtors	7,200

### 6 Creditors

	2017 £
<b>Due within one year</b>	
Taxation and social security	3,186
Other creditors	14,874
	18,060

### 7 Share capital

#### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2017
No.	£
Ordinary share of £1 each	1

#### New shares allotted

During the period 1 Ordinary share having an aggregate nominal value of £1 were allotted for an aggregate consideration of £1.

### 8 Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is Mrs B N Bishop.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.