Jandaton Developments Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 May 2021

Jandaton Developments Ltd

Registered number: 09606139

Balance Sheet

as at 31 May 2021

	Notes		2021 £		2020 £
Fixed assets			•		
Tangible assets	3		1,128,797		672,228
Current assets					
Debtors	4	34,188		28,914	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,871		45,314	
		40,059		74,228	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(11,799)		(1,477)	
Net current assets			28,260		72,751
Total assets less current liabilities		-	1,157,057	-	744,979
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(1,177,048)		(728,035)
Net (liabilities)/assets		-	(19,991)	- -	16,944
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Revaluation reserve	7		190,606		190,606
Profit and loss account			(210,697)		(173,762)
Shareholder's funds		-	(19,991)	- -	16,944

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Alex Welch

Director

Approved by the board on 15 February 2022

Jandaton Developments Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 May 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Office Equipment 20% straight line Land & Buildings 2% straight line

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2	Employees	2021	2020	
			Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed to	by the company	1	1
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Land and buildings	Office Equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 June 2020	714,286	1,115	715,401
	Additions	471,021	1,086	472,107
	At 31 May 2021	1,185,307	2,201	1,187,508
	Depreciation			
	At 1 June 2020	42,857	316	43,173
	Charge for the year	15,170	368	15,538
	At 31 May 2021	58,027	684	58,711
	Net book value			
	At 31 May 2021	1,127,280	1,517	1,128,797
	At 31 May 2020	671,429	799	672,228

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.