Registration number: 9489887

Integrated Electrical Security Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Aims Accountants for Business Aims Accountants for Business Suite 4, The Syms Building Bumpers Way Bristol Road Chippenham Wiltshire SN14 6LII

Contents

Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2 to 3
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	4 to 8

Company Information

Director Mr James Moody

Registered office 239 Quemerford

Calne Wiltshire SNI1 8LA

Accountants Aims Accountants for Business

Aims Accountants for Business Suite 4, The Syms Building

Bumpers Way Bristol Road Chippenham Wiltshire SN14 6LH

(Registration number: 9489887) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	11,877	13,336
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	23,404	26,579
Cash at bank and in hand		93,752	30,546
		117,156	57,125
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(51,180)	(14,551)
Net current assets		65,976	42,574
Total assets less current liabilities		77,853	55,910
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	-	(4,133)
Provisions for liabilities		(2,947)	(1,177)
Net assets		74,906	50,600
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		74,806	50,500
Shareholders' funds		74,906	50,600

For the financial year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 30 September 2021

(Registration number: 9489887) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

Mr James Moody Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 239 Quemerford Calne Wiltshire SNI1 8LA

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 30 September 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when:

The company recognises revenue when.

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and ratePlant and machinery20% Straight LineOffice equipment20% Straight LineMotor Vehicles20% Straight Line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

at least twelve months after the reporting date.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2020 - 2).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2020	3,149	25,945	5,704	34,798
Additions	-	11,367	-	11,367
Disposals		(11,250)	- .	(11,250)
At 31 March 2021	3,149	26,062	5,704	34,915
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2020	2,816	13,557	5,089	21,462
Charge for the year	273	5,311	305	5,889
Eliminated on disposal		(4,313)	-	(4,313)
At 31 March 2021	3,089	14,555	5,394	23,038
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2021	60	11,507	310	11,877
At 31 March 2020	333	12,388	615	13,336
5 Debtors			2021	2020
			£	£
Trade debtors			20,293	18,517
Other debtors			3,111	8,062
		_	23,404	26,579
6 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within	one vear			
•	•		2021 £	2020 £
Due within one year				
Trade creditors			4,887	9,701
Taxation and social security			9,662	1,117
Accruals and deferred income			1,085	1,085
Other creditors		_	35,546	2,648
			51,180	14,551

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Creditors: amounts falling due after mon	e than one year			
		Note	2021 £	2020 £
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		8		4,133
7 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2021	_	2020	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100
				
8 Loans and borrowings				
			2021 £	2020 £
Non-current loans and borrowings			±-	av
Hire purchase contracts			-	4,133
9 Dividends				
Final dividends paid				
			2021	2020
Final dividend of £162 (2020 - £36) per ea	ch Ordinary		£ 16,188	£ 3,562
, , , , ,	Š			
10 Related party transactions				
Directors' remuneration				
The director's remuneration for the year wa	s as follows:			
			2021	2020
Remuneration			£ 12,480	£ 12,480
Kemuneration			12,400	12,400

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.