UNAUDITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

M S Cover (resigned 10 August 2018)

D J Petri

HPS Phillips (resigned 8 May 2018)

Registered number

09243990

Registered office

Wey Court West Union Road Farnham Surrey GU9 7PT

Accountants

Wise & Co

Chartered Accountants

Wey Court West Union Road Farnham Surrey GU9 7PT

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' Report	1
Statement of Income and Retained Earnings	2
Statement of Financial Position	3 - 4
Notes to the Financial Statements	5 - 11

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2018.

Directors

The directors who served during the period were:

M S Cover (resigned 10 August 2018)

D J Petri

HPS Phillips (resigned 8 May 2018)

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

D J Petri Director

Date: 28/3/15

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Turnover		52,385	91,794
Cost of sales		(17,679)	(28,378)
Gross profit	•	34,706	63,416
Administrative expenses		(69,451)	(110,047)
Operating loss	-	(34,745)	(46,631)
Tax on loss	4	326	816
Loss after tax	=	(34,419)	(45,815)
Retained earnings at the beginning of the period		(123,777)	(77,962)
	-	(123,777)	(77,962)
Loss for the period		(34,419)	(45,815)
Retained earnings at the end of the period The notes on pages 5 to 11 form part of these financial statements.	- -	(158,196)	(123,777)

FLEUR-DE-LIS TEA ROOMS CHRISTCHURCH LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 09243990

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

			30 June 2018		31 December 2017
	Note		£ 2018		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		17,280		19,200
Current assets					
Stocks	6	1,500		1,500	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	2		211	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,656		3,111	
	-	8,158	_	4,822	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(180,694)		(144,533)	
Net current liabilities	-		(172,536)		(139,711)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	(155,256)	_	(120,511)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	9		(2,938)		(3,264)
Net liabilities		=	(158,194)	_	(123,775)

FLEUR-DE-LIS TEA ROOMS CHRISTCHURCH LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 09243990

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	30 June 2018 £	31 December 2017 £
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		(158,196)	(123,777)
		(158,194)	(123,775)

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the period in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

D J Petri Director

Date: 28/3/15

The notes on pages 5 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1. General information

Fleur-De-Lis Tea Rooms Christchurch Limited, 09243990, is a private company limited by shares. It is incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Wey Court West, Union Road, Farnham, Surrey, GU9 7PT.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in GBP rounded to the nearest £.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

During the period, the company had net liabilities of £158,194 (2017: £123,775). The directors have confirmed that they will continue to support the company financially and therefore consider it correct to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

2.5 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery

20% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

2.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first outbasis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.8 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the period was 0 (2017 - 5).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Taxation		
	2018 £	201
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(326)	(81
Total deferred tax	(326)	(81
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	(326)	(81
Factors affecting tax charge for the period/year		
The tax assessed for the period/year is higher than (2017 - higher than) the tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19%). The differences are explained below:	e standard rate o	f corporati
	e standard rate o	
	2018	20
tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19%). The differences are explained below:	2018 £	20 (46,63
tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19%). The differences are explained below: Loss on ordinary activities before tax Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in	2018 £ (34,745)	20 (46,63
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19%)	2018 £ (34,745)	20 <u>(46,63</u> (8,86
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19%) Effects of:	2018 £ (34,745) (6,602)	20 <u>(46,63</u> (8,86
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19%) Effects of: Capital allowances for period/year in excess of depreciation	2018 £ (34,745) (6,602)	of corporation 20 (46,63) (8,86) 9 (81)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company has taxable losses of £97,882 (2015: £62,359) which can be relieved against future profits of the company. At the current rate of corporation tax of 20%, this provides relief of £19,576 (2015: £12,472).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

5.	Tangible fixed assets		
		•	Plant and machinery
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 January 2018		37,500
	At 30 June 2018	-	37,500
	Depreciation .		
	At 1 January 2018		18,300
	Charge for the period on owned assets		1,920
	At 30 June 2018	-	20,220
	Net book value		
	At 30 June 2018	=	17,280
	At 31 December 2017	=	19,200
6.	Stocks		
		30 June 2018 £	31 December 2017 £
	Raw materials	1,500	1,500
		1,500	1,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

7.	Debtors		
		30 June 2018 £	31 December 2017 £
	Other debtors	2	2
	Prepayments and accrued income	•	209
		2	211
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		30 June 2018 £	31 December 2017 £
٠	Trade creditors	213	2,940
	Other taxation and social security	1,627	1,310
	Other creditors	175,005	137,273
	Accruals and deferred income	3,849	3,010
		180,694	144,533
9.	Deferred taxation		
		2018 £	2017 £
	At beginning of year	(3,264)	(4,080)
	Charged to profit or loss	326	816
	At end of year	(2,938)	(3,264)

SCHEDULE TO THE DETAILED ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

30 June 2018 £	31 December 2017 £
(2,938)	(3,264)
(2 938)	(3 264)

10. Controlling party

Accelerated capital allowances

During the year, the company was under the control of Pegasuslife Renaissance Holdings Limited.