# GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 FOR

TIGER COMMUNICATIONS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

THURSDAY

.10 29/03/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE

#239

### COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

DIRECTOR:

S R McCallum

SECRETARY:

S R McCallum

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

77 - 79 Christchurch Road

Ringwood Hampshire BH24 1DH

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

09128904 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Wilkins Kennedy LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Gladstone House 77-79 High Street

Egham Surrey TW20 9HY

#### GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The director presents his strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

Tiger is pleased to announce a successful 2017 trading year and the continuing success of our software solution 'Tiger Prism', a business analytics and intelligence tool for Unified Communications (UC).

Prism has been developed to manage large quantities of communications data, incorporates fast analytics for a detailed insight into costs, quality metrics, bandwidth and user adoption of UC. Customers and partners are able to zoom into big data sets and quickly drill down to the lowest level of detail from datasets containing billions of records. Prism incorporates smart dashboards, widgets and an industry leading analytics engine which can be used to give business context to an organisations UC infrastructure, helping drive successful business outcomes.

Prism has been exceptionally well received by our customers, partners and industry analysts and has led to continued growth in our Cloud based Software as a Service (SaaS) offering.

Sales through our European division, although not as strong as expected, are well positioned for the future.

Work is underway on our next generation software, which will focus heavily on our Platform as a Service architecture (PaaS).

#### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

The business has 3 key performance indicators which we measure

- 1. Customer Maintenance Contracts (annual break / fix)
- 2. Customer Managed Service Contracts (pay as you use)
- 3. New System sales

Business across all 3 KPI metrics has been stable, with steady growth in most areas.

# PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The UC Markets are rapidly changing. The adoption of Voice over IP and Internet Telephony has gained majority hold in mature markets. Cloud Telephony services are being deployed in favour of on premise solutions. Our market sees significant mergers and acquisition taking place as our product solutions evolve to embrace these new technologies and market opportunities.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

8 R McCallum - Director

Date: 22/3/18

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### DIRECTOR

S R McCallum held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2017 to the date of this report.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Wilkins Kennedy LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

S R McCallum - Director

Date: 22/3 18

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF TIGER COMMUNICATIONS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tiger Communications (Holdings) Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the related notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the group's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting
  for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for
  issue.

#### Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF TIGER COMMUNICATIONS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Director.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page three, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the group and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the group or the or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the parent company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the parent company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the parent company and the parent company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Wilkens ternedy MP

Paul Creasey (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Wilkins Kennedy LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Gladstone House 77-79 High Street Egham Surrey TW20 9HY

Date: 23 Morch 2018

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
TURNOVER	3	3,745,499	3,487,404
Cost of sales		(159,222)	(111,704)
GROSS PROFIT		3,586,277	3,375,700
Administrative expenses		(3,687,774)	(3,697,338)
		(101,497)	(321,638)
Other operating income		· ·	158,803
OPERATING LOSS	5	(101,497)	(162,835)
Interest receivable and similar income		198	466
		(101,299)	(162,369)
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	(8,904)	(6,852)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(110,203)	(169,221)
Tax on loss	8	85,406	76,225
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(24,797)	(92,996)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Foreign currency translation Income tax relating to other		(15,312)	(49,913)
comprehensive income		<u> </u>	<del></del>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TA	×	(15,312)	(49,913)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		<u>(40,109</u> )	(142,909)

# TIGER COMMUNICATIONS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 09128904)

### **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2017**

Notes	2017 £	2016 £
40	4.440.055	4 007 700
		4,907,736
	104,045	177,342
12	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>
	4,274,400	5,085,078
13	32,639	40,805
14	722,487	689,096
	340,841	424,871
	1,095,967	1,154,772
15	(1,456,337)	<u>(2,131,416</u> )
	(360,370)	(976,644)
	3,914,030	4,108,434
nno.		
	(278.553)	(347,442)
,,,	(2.0,000)	(011,112)
21	<u>(588,598</u> )	<u>(674,004</u> )
	3,046,879	3,086,988
22	75,500	75,500
23	3,799,170	3,799,170
23	(827,791)	(787,682)
	3,046,879	3,086,988
•	10 11 12  13 14  15  22 23	Notes  10 4,110,355 11 164,045 12  4,274,400  13 32,639 14 722,487 340,841 1,095,967  15 (1,456,337) (360,370)  3,914,030  21 (588,598) 3,046,879  22 75,500 23 3,799,170 23 (827,791)

\_ mh S R McCallum - Director

# TIGER COMMUNICATIONS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 09128904)

# COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2017

			<del></del>
	N	2017	2016
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	10	-	-
Tangible assets	11	-	-
Investments	12	3,874,670	3,874,670
		3,874,670	3,874,670
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRI LIABILITIES	ENT	3,874,670	3,874,670
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	22	75,500	75,500
Share premium	23	3,799,170	3,799,170
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	•	3,874,670	3,874,670
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS		3,874,070	3,874,070
Company's profit for the financia	al year	<del>-</del>	-
		- 4 1 .	
The financial statements were a	pproved by the director or	22/3/18	and were signed by:

S.R.McCallum - Director

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2016	75,500	(644,773)	3,799,170	3,229,897
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		(142,909)	<u> </u>	(142,909)
Balance at 31 December 2016	75,500	(787,682)	3,799,170	3,086,988
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	(40,109)	<del>-</del>	(40,109)
Balance at 31 December 2017	75,500	(827,791)	3,799,170	3,046,879

# COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2016	75,500	-	3,799,170	3,874,670
Changes in equity				
Balance at 31 December 2016	75,500		3,799,170	3,874,670
Changes in equity				
Balance at 31 December 2017	<u>75,500</u>		3,799, <u>170</u>	3,874,670

# CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

N	otes	2017 £	2016 £
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid	1	1,393,357 (3,575)	1,391,762 (4,877)
Interest element of hire purchase payments paid Tax paid		(5,329) (72)	(1,975) 53,168
Net cash from operating activities		1,384,381	1,438,078
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of intangible fixed assets		(429,569)	(443,261)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets Interest received		(11,308) 3,000 <u>198</u>	(72,297) 13,297 <u>466</u>
Net cash from investing activities		(437,679)	(501,795)
Cash flows from financing activities		(40 700)	(44.450)
Loan repayments in year Capital repayments in year Amount withdrawn by directors		(42,706) (15,339) (972,687)	(41,452) (18,658) (492,953)
Net cash from financing activities		<u>(1,030,732</u> )	(553,063)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash Cash and cash equivalents at	•	(84,030)	383,220
beginning of year	2	424,871 	41,651
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	340,841	424,871
, <del></del>	~		121,071

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 1. RECONCILIATION OF LOSS BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2017	2016
	£	£
Loss before taxation	(110,203)	(169,221)
Depreciation charges	1,272,781	1,379,469
Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets	2,766	(780)
Movement in foreign currency reserve	(15,312)	(49,913)
Finance costs	8,904	6,852
Finance income	(198)	(466)
	1,158,738	1,165,941
Decrease in stocks	8,166	5,398
Increase in trade and other debtors	(33,843)	(117,858)
Increase in trade and other creditors	260,296	338,281
Cash generated from operations	1,393,357	1,391,762

### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

Cash and cash equivalents	31.12.17 £ <u>340,841</u>	1.1.17 £ <u>424,871</u>
Year ended 31 December 2016	04.40.40	4.4.40
	31.12.16	1.1.16
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>424,871</u>	41,651

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Tiger Communications (Holdings) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been presented in accordance with the Financial reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost convention.

The financial statements are presented in sterling (£) which is also the functional currency for the company.

#### Going concern

After reviewing the Group's forecasts and projections and taking into account the economic conditions and possible changes in trading performance, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Group therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

#### Basis of consolidation

The Group consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiary undertakings together with the Group's share of the results of associates made up to 31 December 2017.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates and value added tax.

Turnover is attributable to the design and supply of computer based telecommunications systems and business intelligence for unified communications. Systems income is recognised at the point of delivery. Managed service and support contract income are recognised evenly over the period of the contract.

#### **Business combinations and goodwill**

Acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of the business combination is measured at the aggregate of the fair values (at the date of exchange) of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquiree plus costs directly attributable to the business combination.

Any excess of the cost of the business combination over the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities is recognised as goodwill. If the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination the excess is recognised separately on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position immediately below goodwill.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are capitalised at cost. Intangible assets acquired as part of an acquisition of a business are capitalised separately from goodwill if the fair value can be measured reliably on initial recognition. Intangible assets acquired as part of an acquisition are not recognised where they arise from legal or other contractual rights, and where there is no history of exchange transactions.

Intangible assets, excluding development costs, created within the business are not capitalised and expenditure is charged against profits in the year in which it is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The useful economic lives of intangible assets are as follows:

Goodwill - 10 years
Development costs - 3 years
Customer contracts and customer relationships - 10 years

If there are indicators that the residual value or useful life of an intangible asset has changed since the most recent annual reporting period previous estimates shall be reviewed and, if current expectations differ the residual value, amortisation method or useful life shall be amended. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of benefit shall be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate.

#### Research and development

Development expenditure is recognised as an intangible asset when all of the following criteria are met:

- It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- Management intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- There is an ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- It can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits; adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available; and
- The expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

All other research and development expenditure is written off as incurred.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Plant and machinery

- 15 % on reducing balance

Motor vehicles

- 25% on reducing balance

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation and impairment losses.

At each reporting date, tangible fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is any indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### **Taxation**

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or past reporting periods using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against future taxable profits or against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities.

Deferred tax relating to a non-depreciable asset that is measured using the revaluation model, or to investment properties measured at fair value, is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

In a business combination, a deferred tax liability or asset is recognised for the additional tax that will be paid or avoided in respect of that difference. The amount that is attributable to goodwill is adjusted by the amount of the deferred tax recognised.

Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are measured at their transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction in which case the transaction is measured at present value of future payments discounted at prevailing market rate of interest. Other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value net of their transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are measured at transaction price less any impairment unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction in which case the transaction is measured at the present value of future receipts discounted at the prevailing market rate of interest. Loans are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any impairment.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distributions payable to equity shareholders are included in "accruals" when the dividends are approved in general meeting prior to the balance sheet date.

#### **Employee benefits**

Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

#### **Derivative financial statements**

Derivative financial statements are recognised at fair value using a valuation technique with any gains or losses being reported in the statement of comprehensive income. Non basic financial instruments are recognised at fair value in the balance sheet under the appropriate heading and any fair value movements are recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### **Equity**

Equity comprises of the following:

- "Share capital" represents the nominal value of equity shares.
- "Retained earnings" represents retained profits.
- "Share premium" represents the excess paid on initial purchase of equity shares.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of the assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a continuing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects current and future periods. The key judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are described below.

#### Impairment of goodwill and other intangibles

The company tests annually whether goodwill and other intangibles have suffered any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy stated. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on value-in-use calculations.

#### Capitalisation of research and development

The group capitalises a portion of the research and development annual expense. This is based on management's judgement that these relate to expenses incurred to produce or substantially improve products or systems, rather than pure and applied research costs.

#### 3. TURNOVER

The turnover and loss before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the group.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

		2017 £	2016 £
	United Kingdom	3,123,053	2,928,926
	Europe	530,398	472,768
	United States of America	18,400	65,584
	Asia	57,343	20,126
	Africa	16,305	
		3,745,499	3,487,404
4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	•	
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	1,459,345	1,397,431
	Social security costs	274,594	239,997
	Other pension costs	70,577	92,979
		1,804,516	1,730,407

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued  The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		. ·
		2017	2016
	Sales Engineering & training Development Finance & administration Directors	9 18 8 5 1	6 17 10 6 2
		41	41
	The average number of employees by undertakings that were proportionate year was 41 (2016 - 41).	ely consolidate	ed during the
	Directors' remuneration Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	2017 £ 95,870	2016 £ 54,961 <u>22,140</u>
5.	OPERATING LOSS		
	The operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Other operating leases Rent Depreciation - owned assets Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets Goodwill amortisation Customer relationships and contracts amortisation Development costs amortisation Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration for non audit work Foreign exchange differences	2017 £ 54,880 69,431 17,884 27,947 2,766 308,647 435,808 482,495 19,400 1,700	2016 £ 74,043 62,467 5,609 20,490 (780) 308,648 435,808 608,932 18,900 5,096 (30,454)
6.	EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	2017 £	2016 £
	Exceptional items	-	158,058

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	•		
			2017	2016
	Bank interest		£	£ 29
	Bank loan interest		3,575	4,848
	Hire purchase		<u>5,329</u>	<u>1,975</u>
			8,904	<u>6,852</u>
8.	TAXATION			
	Analysis of the tax credit			
	The tax credit on the loss for the year was as follow	vs:	0047	0040
			2017 £	2016 £
	Current tax:			70
	UK corporation tax		-	73
	Deferred tax		(85,406)	(76,298)
	Tax on loss		<u>(85,406)</u>	<u>(76,225</u> )
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than the stan is explained below:	uaru rate oi corporation	2017	2016
	Loss before tax		£ (440.202)	£ (460.334)
	Loss before tax		<u>(110,203</u> )	<u>(169,221</u> )
	Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation	tax in the UK of	(04.04.1)	(00.044)
	19.250% (2016 - 20%)		(21,214)	(33,844)
	Effects of:		18,443	40.006
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances		1,271	10,886 -
	Utilisation of tax losses		(10,925)	(1,304)
	Carry forward losses Carry forward foreign losses		661 22,750	29,823
	R&D deductions, tax creditors and adjustments		<u>(96,392</u> )	<u>(81,786</u> )
	Total tax credit		<u>(85,406</u> )	<u>(76,225</u> )
	Tax effects relating to effects of other compreh	ensive income		
	·		2017	
			2017	
		Gross	Tax	Net
	Foreign currency translation	Gross £ (15,312)	Tax £	Net £ (15,312)

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

8.	TAXATION - continued				
		2016			
		Gross	Tax	Net	
		£	£	£	
	Foreign currency translation	<u>(49,913</u> )		<u>(49,913</u> )	

#### 9. INDIVIDUAL STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

The parent company's profit for the financial year was £nil (2016: £nil).

### 10. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

### Group

			nt
Goodwill	contracts	costs	Totals
Z.	£	r.	£
· 1,934,338	4,358,079	1,989,810	8,282,227
		429,569	429,569
1,934,338	4,358,079	2,419,379	8,711,796
745,908	1,053,197	1,575,386	3,374,491
308,647	435,808	482,495	1,226,950
1,054,555	1,489,005	2,057,881	4,601,441
<u>879,783</u>	2,869,074	361,498	4,110,355
<u>1,188,430</u>	3,304,882	414,424	4,907,736
	£ -1,934,338 -1,934,338 -745,908 -308,647 -1,054,555	Goodwill £       and contracts £         1,934,338       4,358,079         1,934,338       4,358,079         745,908       1,053,197         308,647       435,808         1,054,555       1,489,005         879,783       2,869,074	relationships and Contracts £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £

The remaining amortisation period is 3 years, 7 years and 1 year for goodwill, customer relationships and contracts and development costs respectively.

### Company

The company had no intangible assets as at 31 December 2017 or 31 December 2016.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

### 11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Dlank and	Blatan	Commission	
	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
COST	~	~	~	_
At 1 January 2017	35,737	155,630	1,164	192,531
Additions	724	37,564	•	38,288
Disposals	-	(9,000)	-	(9,000)
Exchange differences	<del></del>		42	42
At 31 December 2017	<u>36,461</u>	184,194	1,206	221,861
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2017	9,678	4,702	809	15,189
Charge for year	4,017	41,814	-	45,831
Eliminated on disposal	-	(3,234)	-	(3,234)
Exchange differences	<del>_</del>		30	30
At 31 December 2017	13,695	43,282	839	57,816
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2017	<u>22,766</u>	140,912	<u> 367</u>	164,045
At 31 December 2016	26,059	150,928	<u>355</u>	177,342

# Company

The company had no tangible assets at 31 December 2017 or 31 December 2016.

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

	Motor vehicles - £
COST At 1 January 2017 Additions	164,282 
At 31 December 2017	201,847
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2017 Charge for year	41,730 27,947
At 31 December 2017	69,677
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2017	<u>132,170</u>
At 31 December 2016	122,552

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

The group or the company investments at the balance sheet date in the share capital of related undertaking companies include the following:

Company	Country of Incorporation and operation	Ownership and class of share held	Principal activities
Group Tiger Limited	England & Wales	100%	Intermediate holding company
Tiger Communications Plc	England & Wales	100%	Software development
Tiger Communications SAS	France	100%	Sales
Tiger Communications (Holdings) Europe Limited	England & Wales	100%	Holding company
Tiger Software Limited	England & Wales	100%	Dormant

#### 13. STOCKS

	Gro	Group	
	2017	2016	
	£	£	
Stocks	<u>32,639</u>	40,805	

Stocks recognised in cost of sales during the year as an expense was £151,056 (2016: £106,306)

An impairment loss of £nil (2016: £nil) was recognised in cost of sales against stock during the year due to slow moving and obsolete stock.

### 14. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group	
	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade debtors	650,991	608,216
Other debtors	4,894	17,984
Tax recoverable	20,716	21,168
Prepayments and accrued income	45,886	41,728
	<u>722,487</u>	689,096

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group	
	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 17)	44,034	42,844
Hire purchase contracts (see note 18)	18,798	16,225
Trade creditors	11,789	40,259
Social security and other taxes	74,682	104,372
VAT	181,559	193,858
Other creditors	301,982	9,897
Directors' current accounts	124,457	1,097,143
Accruals and deferred income	<u>699,036</u>	626,818
	1,456,337	2,131,416

# 16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group	
	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank loans (see note 17)	56,559	100,455
Hire purchase contracts (see note 18)	56,131	47,063
Other creditors	737	-
Accruals and deferred income	165,126	199,924
	278,553	347,442

# 17. LOANS

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
Bank loans	44,034	42,844
Amounts falling due between two and five		
years: Bank loans - 2-5 years	56,559	100,455

Group

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 18. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

Group		
		ırchase racts
	2017 £	2016 £
Gross obligations repayable: Within one year Between one and five years	22,308 <u>56,915</u>	19,978 50,340
	<u>79,223</u>	70,318
Finance charges repayable:		
Within one year Between one and five years	3,510 	3,753 3,277
	<u>4,294</u>	7,030
Net obligations repayable:	40 ===	40.005
Within one year Between one and five years	18,798 <u>56,131</u>	16,225 47,063
	74,929	63,288
Group		
	Non-cancellable operating leases	
	2017	2016
	£	£
Within one year Between one and five years	114,844 	83,873 91,679

175,552

152,587

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

# 19. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	Group	
	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank loans	100,593	143,299
Hire purchase contracts	74,929	63,288
	175,522	206,587

Hire purchase creditors are secured on the assets to which they relate.

Santander UK Plc holds a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the group as security for the bank loan.

#### 20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### **GROUP**

The Group has the following financial instruments:

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	-
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost.			
- Trade receivables	14	650,991	608,216
- Other receivables	14	4,894	<u> 17,984</u>
		655,885	626,200
Financial assets that are equity instruments measured at cost less impairment			-
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
- Bank loans and overdrafts	17	100,593	143,336
- Trade creditors	15	11,789	40,259
- Other creditors	15	302,719	9,987
- Directors' current account	15	124,456	1,097,143
- Hire purchase contracts	18	74,929	63,288
- Accruals and deferred income	15-16	864,162	826,742
		1,478,648	2,180,665

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

21.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES						
				Gr 2017 £	oup 2016 £		
	Deferred tax			<u>588,598</u>	674,004		
	Group				Deferred tax £		
	Balance at 1 January 2017 Credit to Statement of Comprehensive Income during year				674,004 (85,406)		
	Balance at 31	December 2017			588,598		
22.	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL					
	Allotted, issue Number:	d and fully paid: Class:	Nominal value:	2017 £	2016 £		
	75,500	Ordinary Share Capital	75500	<u>75,500</u>	75,500		
23.	RESERVES						
	Group		Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Totals £		
	At 1 January 2 Deficit for the Foreign currer		(787,682) (24,797) (15,312)	3,799,170	3,011,488 (24,797) (15,312)		
	At 31 Decemb	per 2017	<u>(827,791</u> )	3,799,170	2,971,379		
	Company		Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Totals £		
	At 1 January 2 Profit for the y			3,799,170	3,799,170 		
	At 31 Decemb	per 2017	-	3,799,170	3,799,170		

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

### 24. DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to the director existed during the years ended 31 December 2017 and 31 December 2016:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Balance outstanding at start of year	496,609	655,906
Amounts advanced	-	38,896
Amounts repaid	(372,153)	(198,193)
Amounts written off	•	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	124,456	496,609

Loans involving directors are interest free and are repayable on demand.

### 25. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

#### Transactions with key management personnel

In the period the group paid rent in respect of 77-79 Christchurch Road, Ringwood, Hants a building which is owned by the shareholders. The amount paid to the shareholders during the period was £37,500 (2016: £30,000).

At the year end, the group owed the shareholder, the estate of B P Hoadley, £295,534 (2016 - £600,534). During the year, repayments of £305,000 (2016 - £333,656) were made. The loan with the shareholder is provided free of interest.

#### **Directors' emoluments**

	2017	2016
	£	£
Aggregate emoluments	<u>95,870</u>	<u>77,101</u>

Key management personnel comprises the board of directors only.

# 26. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

During the year the ultimate control of the company rested with the estate of B P Hoadley by virtue of its ownership of 66.66% of the issued ordinary share capital.

On 7 March 2018 the company was acquired by Tiger Communications (Holdings) No.2 Limited which is wholly owned by Mr S R MacCallum.