Registered number 09001087

Alison Norris Limited

Filleted Accounts

30 April 2018

Alison Norris Limited

Registered number: 09001087

Balance Sheet

as at 30 April 2018

	Notes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		532		665
Current assets					
Debtors	3	958		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		115,049		96,263	
	-	116,007		96,263	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(26,775)		(30,090)	
Net current assets	-		89,232		66,173
Net assets		- -	89,764	_	66,838
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			89,664		66,738
Shareholder's funds		- -	89,764	_	66,838

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Alison Norris

Director

Approved by the board on 18 October 2018

Alison Norris Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 April 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment

20% reducing balance

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Tangible fixed assets

			Plant and machinery etc £
	Cost		~
	At 1 May 2017		1,299
	At 30 April 2018		1,299
	Depreciation		
	At 1 May 2017		634
	Charge for the year		133
	At 30 April 2018		767
	Net book value		
	At 30 April 2018		532
	At 30 April 2017		665
3	Debtors	2018	2017
•	Desicio	£	£
		~	~
	Other debtors	958	
		0040	0047
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017
		£	£
	Taxation and social security costs	24,925	22,978
	Other creditors	1,850	7,112
	_	26,775	30,090
5	Related party transactions	2018	2017
	The same and the s	£	£
	Directors' Loan Account	_	~
	The director is a related party to the company		
	At 30th April, the company owed the related party the following		
	interest-free, unsecured loans which are repayable upon demand:		
	Amount due to/(from) the related party	(958)	4,873

6 Controlling party

The director is the ultimate controlling party by virtue of her 100% ownership of the issued share capital of the company.

7 Other information

Alison Norris Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

89 Chorley Road

Swinton

Manchester

M27 4AA

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.