Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

for

TIM DABSON CONSULTING LIMITED

Contents of the Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

TIM DABSON CONSULTING LIMITED

Company Information for the year ended 28 February 2022

Mr T Dabson Directors: Mrs L Dabson Registered office: 3rd Floor Marlborough House 298 Regents Park Road Finchley London N3 2SZ Registered number: 08875769 (England and Wales) Haines Watts Accountants: Chartered Accountants 3rd Floor Marlborough House 298 Regents Park Road Finchley London N3 2SZ

Balance Sheet 28 February 2022

			2022		2021
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		-		523
Current assets					
Debtors	5	7,976		8,486	
Cash at bank		23,683		28,044	
		31,659		36,530	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	7,059		4,568	
Net current assets			24,600		31,962
Total assets less current liabilities			24,600		32,485
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		10		10
Retained earnings			24,590		32,475
Shareholders' funds			24,600		32,485

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 28 February 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Balance Sheet - continued 28 February 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 24 February 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr T Dabson - Director

Mrs L Dabson - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

1. Statutory information

Tim Dabson Consulting Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Key source of estimation, uncertainty and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make estimates and judgement that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating depreciation. A full line by line review of fixed assets is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the depreciation policy is as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the policy does not match the useful life of the assets.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating deferred tax. A full line by line review of deferred tax is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the deferred tax is accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the actual tax liability when asset is disposed off.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating bad debt provisions. A full line by line review of trade debtors is carried out at the end of each month. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the bad debt provisions are as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the level of debts which ultimately prove to be uncollectable.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 25% on reducing balance Computer equipment - 25% on reducing balance

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 28 February 2022

2. Accounting policies - continued

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective

interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and compromise cash in hand and at bank which are an integral part of the company's cash management.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. As equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. Employees and directors

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2021 - 2).

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 28 February 2022

4.	Tangible fixe	ed assets	Plant and machinery £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
	Cost				
	At 1 March 2	021	580	1,620	2,200
	Disposals		(580)	(1,620)	(2,200)
	At 28 Februa				
	Depreciation		4.42		
	At 1 March 2		442	1,235	1,677
	Eliminated or		(442)	(1,235)	<u>(1,677</u>)
	At 28 Februa				
	Net book val				
	At 28 Februa				
	At 28 Februa	ry 2021	138	<u>385</u>	<u>523</u>
5.	Debtors: am	ounts falling due within one year		2022	2021
	Other debtors	3		<u>£</u> 	<u>\$,486</u>
6.	Creditors: a	mounts falling due within one year			
	Other credito			2022 £	2021 £ 4,568
7.	Called up sh	are capital			
	Allotted, issu	red and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2022	2021
			value:	£	£
	6	Ordinary A	£l	6	6
	4	Ordinary B	£1	4	4
				<u> </u>	10

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.