Company registration number: 08734147

Space Build & Design Limited

Unaudited abbreviated financial statements

31 October 2016

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Abbreviated statement of financial position as at 31 October 2016

	2016		2015		
•	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets		•			
Tangible assets	2	8,625		-	
			8,625	<u></u>	-
Current assets				·	
Debtors		22,442		15,766	
Cash at bank and in hand		41,555		13,278	
		63,997		29,044	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one		(59,941)		(27.028)	
year Net current assets		(59,941)	4,056	(27,038)	2,006
Total assets less current liabilities			12,681		2,006
Accruals and deferred income			(1,364)		(990)
Net assets			11,317		1,016
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	3		100		100
Profit and loss account	•		11,217		916
Shareholders funds			11,317		1,016

For the year ending 31 October 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated financial statements.

Abbreviated statement of financial position (continued) as at 31 October 2016

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 January 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

R Higgs

Director

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements Year ended 31 October 2016

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abbreviated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abbreviated financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 October 2016

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Total

2045

2. Tangible assets

	I Otal
	3
Cost	
At 1 November 2015	-
Additions	11,500
At 31 October 2016	11,500
Depreciation	
At 1 November 2015	_
Charge for the year	- 2,875
Charge for the year	2,075
At 31 October 2016	2,875
Carrying amount	
At 31 October 2016	8,625
At 31 October 2015	-

3. Called up share capital Issued, called up and fully paid

	2016		20	2015	
	No	£	No	£	
Ordinary shares shares of £ 1.00 each	100	100	100	100	
		===			