Registered number: 08669375

TJC PROPERTIES LTD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

TJC Properties Ltd Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 August 2022

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TJC Properties Ltd Balance Sheet As at 31 August 2022

Registered number: 08669375

		202	22	2021		
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible Assets	3		2,150,399		2,210,786	
		•		_		
			2,150,399		2,210,786	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors	4	18,815		8,815		
Cash at bank and in hand		58,701	_	60,019		
		77,516		68,834		
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One	5	(1,848,559)		(1,976,840)		
Year	5	(1,040,009)	_	(1,975,640)		
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		,	(1,771,043)	_	(1,908,006)	
TOTAL 4005T0 500 0HDD5NT						
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			379,356		302,780	
				-		
NET ASSETS			379,356		302,780	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		:		=		
Called up share capital			100		100	
Profit and Loss Account			379,256		302,680	
				-		
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			379,356		302,780	
		:		=		

TJC Properties Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 August 2022

For the year ending 31 August 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Thomas Carr

Director 25 May 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

TJC Properties Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 August 2022

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold 2% on cost Short term leasehold property 5% on cost

Motor Vehicles 25% reducing balance Fixtures & Fittings 25% reducing balance

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: NIL (2021: NIL)

TJC Properties Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 August 2022

3. Tangible Assets

3. Tangible Assets	Land &				
	Property Freehold	Short term leasehold	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
		property		•	
Cost	£	£	£	£	£
As at 1 September 2021	2,319,711	8,773	114,180	23,590	2,466,254
· ·				23,590	2,466,254
As at 31 August 2022	2,319,711	8,773	114,180	23,590	2,466,254
Depreciation					
As at 1 September 2021	206,649	2,963	29,539	16,317	255,468
Provided during the period	36,969	439	21,161	1,818	60,387
As at 31 August 2022	243,618	3,402	50,700	18,135	315,855
Net Book Value					
As at 31 August 2022	2,076,093	5,371	63,480	5,455	2,150,399
As at 1 September 2021	2,113,062	5,810	84,641	7,273	2,210,786
4. Debtors					
				2022	2021
				£	£
Due within one year					
Trade debtors				8,815	8,815
Other debtors				10,000	-
				18,815	8,815
5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due W	ithin One Year				
				2022	2021
				£	£
Trade creditors				18,161	4,585
Other creditors				1,786,286	1,963,979
Taxation and social security				44,112	8,276
				1,848,559	1,976,840

6. General Information

TJC Properties Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 08669375 . The registered office is The Coach House and Stables, Colwood Lane, Bolney, West Sussex, RH17 5QQ.

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