Registration number: 08088847

Shukla Traders Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

IMB Accountants Limited
AIMS Accountants for Business
7 Dover Road
Southport
Merseyside
PR8 4TF

Contents

Company Information	1
Company Information	<u>-</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>10</u>

Company Information

Director S Shukla

Registered office 7 Dover Road

Southport Merseyside PR8 4TF

Bankers Santander

PO Box 383 21 Prescot Street

London E1 8RP

Accountants IMB Accountants Limited

AIMS Accountants for Business

7 Dover Road Southport Merseyside PR8 4TF

Page 1

(Registration number: 08088847) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	8,000	10,000
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	29,106	30,941
		37,106	40,941
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	24,855	11,455
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	6,625	6,625
Cash at bank and in hand		18,695	20,829
		50,175	38,909
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(55,802)	(50,725)
Net current liabilities		(5,627)	(11,816)
Total assets less current liabilities		31,479	29,125
Provisions for liabilities		(5,286)	(5,580)
Net assets		26,193	23,545
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>9</u>	1	1
Profit and loss account		26,192	23,544
Total equity		26,193	23,545

For the financial year ending 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{10}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 08088847) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2018

Approved and authorised	by the director on 12 March 2019
S Shukla	
Director	
Director	
	The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{10}$ form an integral part of these financial statements Page 3
	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 7 Dover Road Southport Merseyside PR8 4TF United Kingdom

The principal place of business is: 113 County Road Ormskirk Lancashire L39 1NL

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 12 March 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Fixture and fittings
Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate 10% reducing balance basis 20% reducing balance basis

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset classAmortisation method and rateGoodwillStraight line over 10 years

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the weighted average method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 16 (2017 - 15).

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 July 2017	20,000	20,000
At 30 June 2018	20,000	20,000
Amortisation At 1 July 2017 Amortisation charge	10,000 	10,000 2,000
At 30 June 2018	12,000	12,000
Carrying amount		
At 30 June 2018	8,000	8,000
At 30 June 2017	10,000	10,000

The aggregate amount of research and development expenditure recognised as an expense during the period is £Nil (2017 - £Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 July 2017	39,250	9,474	48,724
Additions	2,241		2,241
At 30 June 2018	41,491	9,474	50,965
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2017	15,888	1,895	17,783
Charge for the year	2,560	1,516	4,076
At 30 June 2018	18,448	3,411	21,859
Carrying amount			
At 30 June 2018	23,043	6,063	29,106
At 30 June 2017	23,362	7,579	30,941
6 Stocks		2018	2017
		2018 £	2017 £
Raw materials and consumables	=	24,855	11,455
7 Debtors			
		2018 £	2017 £
Prepayments		425	425
Other debtors	_	6,200	6,200
	_	6,625	6,625
	-		

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

8 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	10	24,161	25,530
Trade creditors		25,634	15,838
Taxation and social security		(331)	1,628
Accruals and deferred income		1,625	1,625
Other creditors		4,713	6,104
		55,802	50,725

9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1

Page 9

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2018

10 Loans and borrowings

	2018 £	2017 €
Current loans and borrowings	*	*
Bank borrowings	18,622	12,053
Other borrowings	5,539	13,477
	24,161	25,530
11 Dividends		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Interim dividend of £1,000.00 (2017 - £18,000.00) per ordinary share	1,000	18,000
12 Related party transactions		
Directors' remuneration		
The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:		
	2018 £	2017 £
Remuneration	14,987	11,125
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	3,000	3,000
	17,987	14,125
Dividends paid to directors		
	2018 £	2017 €
S Shukla	1.000	10.000
Dividends received in the period	1,000	18,000

Page 10

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.