Company Registration No. 08004736 (England and Wales)
INNES ASSOCIATES ARCHITECTURE & URBAN DESIGN LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Director Mr S Innes

Company number 08004736

Registered office 44 Dovercourt Road

East Dulwich London SE22 8ST

Accountants Beavis Morgan LLP

Accountants, Business and Tax Advisers

82 St John Street

London EC1M 4JN

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London SE1 4YH

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# **BALANCE SHEET**

## **AS AT 31 MARCH 2018**

	Notes	2018		2017	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		2,391		3,844
Current assets					
Debtors	4	75,389		110,807	
Cash at bank and in hand		86,975		114,977	
		162,364		225,784	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	5	(16,476)		(48,229)	
Net current assets			145,888		177,555
Total assets less current liabilities			148,279		181,399
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			148,278		181,398
Total equity			148,279		181,399
• ,					

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 19 October 2018

Mr S Innes

Director

Company Registration No. 08004736

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Innes Associates Architecture & Urban Design Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 44 Dovercourt Road, East Dulwich, London, SE22 8ST.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Revenue from contracts for the provision of architectural and design services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

## 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

33% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

## 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, assets are allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Financial assets, other than those held at fair vaule through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assete are impaired where there is objective—evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the intial recognition of the financial assets, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impairmed, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimed cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognied in porfit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

# 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising form an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the currying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and bank accounts held.

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, includes debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

## Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

## 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

## 1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

## 1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

## 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 7 (2016 - 7).

## 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	12,520
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 April 2017	8,676
Depreciation charged in the year	1,453
At 31 March 2018	10,129
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2018	2,391
At 31 March 2017	3,844

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

4	Debtors		
4	Deptors	2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	67,824	103,104
	Other debtors	7,565	7,703
		75,389 =====	110,807
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade creditors	-	353
	Corporation tax	3,737	16,000
	Other taxation and social security	12,191	24,543
	Other creditors	548 	7,333
		16,476	48,229
6	Called up share capital		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		4
	1 Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1
		1	1

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