G Coulman Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 28 February 2021

COUNTPLUS ACCOUNTING

Accountants
The Innovation Centre
Brunswick Street
Nelson
Lancashire
BB9 0PQ



Financial Statements

Year ended 28 February 2021

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Statement of Financial Position

28 February 2021

		2021	2020	
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets	_			
Tangible assets	5		67,321	85,387
Current assets				
Debtors	6	19,942		20,150
Cash at bank and in hand		34,396		46,237
		54,338		66,387
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	13,919		19,798
Net current assets			40,419	46,589
Total assets less current liabilities				
Total assets less current liabilities			107,740	131,976
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than				
one year	8		26,000	5,959
Net assets			81,740	126,017
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			100	100
Profit and loss account			81,640	125,917
Shareholder funds			81,740	126,017

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 28 February 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

28 February 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on ...22/11/21....., and are signed on behalf of the board.by:

Mr G Coulman Director

Company registration number: 07958583

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 28 February 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is The Innovation Centre, Brunswick Street, Nelson, BB9 0PQ, England.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

(i) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

(ii) Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(iii) Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

(iv) Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 28 February 2021

3. Accounting policies (continued)

(v) Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

(vi) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 25% reducing balance Motor vehicles - 15% reducing balance

(vii) Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

(viii) Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 28 February 2021

3. Accounting policies (continued)

(ix) Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2020: 1).

5. Tangible assets

		Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost At 1 March 2020 Additions	130,675 625	32,793 —	163,468 625
	At 28 February 2021	131,300	32,793	164,093
	Depreciation At 1 March 2020 Charge for the year	72,001 14,684	6,080 4,007	78,081 18,691
	At 28 February 2021	86,685	10,087	96,772
	Carrying amount At 28 February 2021	44,615	22,706	67,321
	At 29 February 2020	58,674	26,713	85,387
6.	Debtors			
			2021 £	2020 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors		19,359 583	18,300 1,850
	Other deptors		19,942	20,150

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 28 February 2021

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		2021 £	2020 £
	Trade creditors		519
	Corporation tax	7,184	11,416
	Social security and other taxes	6	_
	Other creditors	6,729	7,863
		13,919	19,798
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	26,000	_
	Other creditors		5,959
		26,000	5,959
			<u> </u>

9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

uring the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:				
	2021			
	Balance	Advances/		
	brought	(credits) to the	Amounts	Balance
	forward	director	repaid	outstanding
		un ector	repaid	
	£	Ł	t.	£
Mr G Coulman	(76	5) 62,368	(61,823)	(220)
	_			
		202	0	
	Balance	Advances/		
	brought	(credits) to the	Amounts	Balance
	forward	director	repaid	outstanding
		director	repaid	outstanding
	£	£	· £	£
Mr G Coulman	(51	1)	(714)	(765)
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10. Related party transactions

The director controls the company.