| Company Registration No. 07890333 (England and Wales)   |
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| ETJAM LTD  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR |
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| CONTENTS                          |       |
|-----------------------------------|-------|
|                                   | Page  |
| Balance sheet                     | 1 - 2 |
| Notes to the financial statements | 3 - 8 |
|                                   |       |
|                                   |       |
|                                   |       |
|                                   |       |
|                                   |       |
|                                   |       |
|                                   |       |

ETJAM LTD

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

|   |       | 2019     |          | 2018     |         |
|---|-------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
|   | Notes | £        | £        | £        | £       |
| Fixed assets  |       |          |          |          |         |
| Tangible assets   | 3     |          | 46,716   |          | 4,081   |
| Current assets  |       |          |          |          |         |
| Debtors   | 4     | 36,708   |          | 93,013   |         |
| Cash at bank and in hand                                |       | 125,545  |          | 98,526   |         |
|   |       | 162,253  |          | 191,539  |         |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one               | _     | (10.010) |          | :00.000  |         |
| year  | 5     | (13,249) |          | (28,289) |         |
| Net current assets                                      |       |          | 149,004  |          | 163,250 |
| Total assets less current liabilities                   |       |          | 195,720  |          | 167,331 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 6     |          | (27,346) |          | -       |
| Provisions for liabilities                              |       |          |          |          |         |
| Deferred tax liability                                  |       | 8,876    |          | 694      |         |
| -   |       |          | (8,876)  |          | (694)   |
| Nidamada  |       |          | 150 400  |          | 166 627 |
| Net assets  |       |          | 159,498  |          | 166,637 |
| Capital and reserves                                    |       |          |          |          |         |
| Called up share capital                                 |       |          | 2        |          | 2       |
| Profit and loss reserves                                |       |          | 159,496  |          | 166,635 |
| Total equity  |       |          | 159,498  |          | 166,637 |
|   |       |          |          |          |         |

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

## AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 April 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

A Halliday

Director

Company Registration No. 07890333

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Etjam Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 38 Woodlands Avenue, Harrogate, North Yorkshire, HG2 7SJ.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computers 33% on cost Motor vehicles 25% on cost

#### 1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

#### 1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets. The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received. Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.10 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2018 - 2).

# ETJAM LTD NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| 3 | Tangible fixed assets                |                |                |            |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------|
|   |                                      | Computers<br>£ | Motor vehicles | Total<br>£ |
|   | Cost                                 | ı.             | £              | t          |
|   | At 1 January 2019                    | 10,667         | _              | 10,667     |
|   | Additions                            | 361            | 48,310         | 48,671     |
|   | Additions                            |                |                |            |
|   | At 31 December 2019                  | 11,028         | 48,310         | 59,338     |
|   | Depreciation and impairment          |                |                |            |
|   | At 1 January 2019                    | 6,586          | -              | 6,586      |
|   | Depreciation charged in the year     | 2,010          | 4,026          | 6,036      |
|   | At 31 December 2019                  | 8,596          | 4,026          | 12,622     |
|   | Carrying amount                      |                |                |            |
|   | At 31 December 2019                  | 2,432          | 44,284         | 46,716     |
|   | At 31 December 2018                  | 4,081          | <u> </u>       | 4,081      |
| 4 | Debtors                              |                |                |            |
|   |                                      |                | 2019           | 2018       |
|   | Amounts falling due within one year: |                | £              | £          |
|   | Trade debtors                        |                | 1,680          | 18,013     |
|   | Corporation tax recoverable          |                | 7,028          | -          |
|   | Other debtors                        |                | 28,000         | 75,000     |
|   |                                      |                | 36,708         | 93,013     |
|   |                                      |                |                |            |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

| 5 | Creditors: | amounts | falling | due | within | one vear |
|---|------------|---------|---------|-----|--------|----------|
|---|------------|---------|---------|-----|--------|----------|

| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 2019   | 2018   |
|--|--------|--------|
|  | £      | £      |
| Corporation tax                                | -      | 16,000 |
| Other taxation and social security             | 523    | 4,411  |
| Other creditors                                | 12,726 | 7,878  |
|  | 13,249 | 28,289 |
|  |        |        |

Included in creditors falling due within one year are amounts totalling £7,458 secured over assets of the company.

## Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

|                 | 2019<br>£ | 2018<br>£ |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| Other creditors | 27,346    |           |

Included in creditors falling due after one year are amounts totalling £27.346 secured over assets of the company.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

## 7 Directors' transactions

Interest free loans have been granted by the company to its directors as follows:

| Description           | % Rate | Opening balance | AmountsClosing balance repaid |   |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---|
|                       |        | £               | £                             | £ |
| Loan from the company | -      | 60,000          | (60,000)                      |   |
|                       |        | 60,000          | (60,000)                      | - |
|                       |        |                 |                               |   |

The balance is included within other debtors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.