# PANGBOURNE DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019



Company number: 07889222

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** I R Osborne

P Gore

Company Secretary K E Hindmarsh

Registered number 07889222

Registered office Gate House

Turnpike Road High Wycombe Buckinghamshire

HP12 3NR

United Kingdom

Independent Auditor Deloitte LLP

London

United Kingdom

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#### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The Directors present their Annual Report and the audited financial statements of Pangbourne Developments Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2019.

### Principal activity and future developments

The Company's sole activity is to carry out a mixed use residential development on the Princess Louise Hospital site in Kensington. The Directors anticipate the Company will continue to operate in this manner for the foreseeable future subject to the risks and uncertainties noted below.

#### Directors

The following Directors held office during the year and up to the date of the signing of this report:

I R Osborne

R B Smith

(Resigned 31 January 2020)

P Gore

(Appointed 31 January 2020)

#### **Dividends**

There were no dividends paid in the current or prior year and no dividends proposed following the year end.

#### Going concern

The Company is reliant on continued funding from its ultimate parent company Taylor Wimpey plc ("TW plc") to fund its operations. The Directors of the Company have confirmed with TW plc that it will continue to provide the necessary financial support to the Company, for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

TW plc is the ultimate parent of the Taylor Wimpey group ("the Group"). The Group is profitable and is in a strong financial position. In making this assessment the Group has considered the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, including recent financial performance. This assessment has resulted in revisions to the Group's forecast of performance over the going concern period. When revised, these forecasts continue to demonstrate that the Group is able to provide financial support to the Company for a period of at least 12 months.

The Directors of the Company are of the view, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation the Company will be able to remain in existence for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Directors consider the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company to be equivalent to those facing the Group, as outlined within the Directors' report accompanying those consolidated financial statements, which are publicly available as disclosed in note 11.

#### Financial risk management and policies

The financial risk management objectives of the Company are to ensure that sufficient liquidity is maintained to meet its future obligations. The Company does not undertake speculative or trading activities in financial instruments. The Company operates within policies approved by the Board and these are equivalent to those of the Group.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company does not have sufficient financial resources available to meet its obligations as they fall due. At 31 December 2019, the Company is in a net current assets position and is indirectly dependent on TW plc to support the settlement of its liabilities and commitments. Liquidity risk is therefore managed by the confirmation from the Directors of TW plc that it will provide the necessary financial support to the Company.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss where counterparties are not able to meet their obligations. The Company is owed balances by its parent. Credit risk is managed by the confirmation from the Directors of TW plc that it will provide the necessary financial support to the Company. The Directors consider that TW plc have adequate resources in order to financially support the Company if required.

### Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

Taylor Wimpey plc has granted indemnities in favour of the directors and officers of its Group subsidiary companies against financial exposure that they may incur in carrying out their duties (including the directors and officers of this company). These have been granted in accordance with section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The qualifying third party indemnity was in force during the financial year and also at the date of the financial statements.

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Auditor

Each person who is a Director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as that Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

#### Auditor (continued)

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Re-appointment of Auditor

Deloitte LLP has indicated its willingness to be re-appointed as auditor for another term. Appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed re-appointed as auditor in the absence of an annual general meeting.

# Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of section 415A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

This Directors' report was approved by the Board of Directors and is signed on its behalf by:

K E Hindmarsh

Company Secretary

Registered office:

Gate House

Turnpike Road

High Wycombe

Buckinghamshire

HP12 3NR

United Kingdom

Date: 19 August 2020

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PANGBOURNE DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements of Pangbourne Developments Limited (the 'Company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- · the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 11.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PANGBOURNE DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED (continued)

#### Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### **Responsibilities of Directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PANGBOURNE DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED (continued)

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

# Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Dean Cook MA FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

Near Cool

London

United Kingdom,

Date: 25 August 2020

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

		2019	2018
	Note	£'000	£'000
Revenue	3	2,000	2,141
Cost of sales		(1,806)	(1,559)
Gross profit	_	194	582
Other expense		_	(60)
Administrative expenses		(31)	(1)
Operating profit	_	163	521
Finance income	6	156	122
Profit before tax	٠.	319	643
Tax	7	_	_
Profit for the financial year	_	319	643
Other comprehensive result for the year net of tax			_
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	319	643

All the results reported above for both the current and prior year relate solely to continuing operations.

Company number: 07889222

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

Current assets         £'000         £'000           Trade and other receivables         8         23,125         20,647           23,125         20,647           Current liabilities         3,23125         20,647           Trade and other payables         9         (19,230)         (17,071)           Net current assets         3,895         3,576           Total assets less current liabilities         3,895         3,576           Net assets         3,895         3,576           Capital and reserves         5         -         -           Share capital         10         -         -         -           Retained earnings         3,895         3,576         3,576           Shareholders' funds         3,895         3,576			2019	2018
Trade and other receivables         8         23,125         20,647           Current liabilities         Trade and other payables         9 (19,230) (17,071)           Net current assets         3,895         3,576           Total assets less current liabilities         3,895         3,576           Net assets         3,895         3,576           Capital and reserves         3         3,895         3,576           Retained earnings         3,895         3,576		Note	£'000	£'000
Current liabilities         Trade and other payables       9       (19,230) (17,071) (19,230) (17,071)         Net current assets       3,895       3,576         Total assets less current liabilities       3,895       3,576         Net assets       3,895       3,576         Capital and reserves         Share capital       10       —       —         Retained earnings       3,895       3,576	Current assets			•
Current liabilities         Trade and other payables       9       (19,230)       (17,071)         Net current assets       3,895       3,576         Total assets less current liabilities       3,895       3,576         Net assets       3,895       3,576         Capital and reserves       5hare capital       10       —       —         Retained earnings       3,895       3,576	Trade and other receivables	8	23,125	20,647
Trade and other payables       9       (19,230)       (17,071)         Net current assets       3,895       3,576         Total assets less current liabilities       3,895       3,576         Net assets       3,895       3,576         Capital and reserves       3,895       3,576         Share capital       10       —       —         Retained earnings       3,895       3,576			23,125	20,647
Net current assets         (19,230)         (17,071)           Net current assets         3,895         3,576           Net assets         3,895         3,576           Capital and reserves         3,895         3,576           Share capital         10         —         —           Retained earnings         3,895         3,576	Current liabilities			
Net current assets         3,895         3,576           Total assets less current liabilities         3,895         3,576           Net assets         3,895         3,576           Capital and reserves         3,895         3,576           Share capital         10         —         —           Retained earnings         3,895         3,576	Trade and other payables	9	(19,230)	(17,071)
Total assets less current liabilities         3,895         3,576           Net assets         3,895         3,576           Capital and reserves         3,895         3,576           Share capital         10         —         —           Retained earnings         3,895         3,576			(19,230)	(17,071)
Net assets         3,895         3,576           Capital and reserves         3,895         3,576           Share capital         10         —         —           Retained earnings         3,895         3,576	Net current assets		3,895	3,576
Capital and reserves Share capital 10 — — Retained earnings 3,895 3,576	Total assets less current liabilities		3,895	3,576
Share capital         10         —         —           Retained earnings         3,895         3,576	Net assets	. =	3,895	3,576
Retained earnings         3,895         3,576	Capital and reserves			
	Share capital	10	_	
Shareholders' funds         3,895         3,576	Retained earnings		3,895	3,576
	Shareholders' funds		3,895	3,576

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements of Pangbourne Developments Limited (registered number: 07889222) were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by:

B

P Gore Director

Date: 19 August 2020

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 January 2019	-	3,576	3,576
Other comprehensive result the year net of tax			
Profit for the year	_	319	319
Total comprehensive income for the year		319	319
Dividends paid		<del>_</del>	
Total contributions by/(distributions to) owners			
Balance at 31 December 2019		3,895	3,895
Balance at 1 January 2018		2,933	2,933
Other comprehensive result the year net of tax	-		-
Profit for the year	-	643	643 .
Total comprehensive income for the year		643	643
Dividends paid			
Total contributions by/(distributions to) owners		-	
Balance at 31 December 2018		3,576	3,576

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 1. Accounting policies

# General information and basis of preparation

The following accounting policies have been used consistently throughout the current and prior year.

Pangbourne Developments Limited is a private company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The Company is limited by shares. The Company is registered in England and Wales and its registered office is noted on page 4 and its principal activity is noted on page 2.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the goods and services. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and Financial Reporting Standard 101 "FRS 101", "Reduced Disclosure Framework". The financial statements are prepared in pounds sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company and rounded to the nearest thousand pounds.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 2.

#### Going concern

The Company is reliant on continued funding from its ultimate parent company Taylor Wimpey plc ("TW plc") to fund its operations. The Directors of the Company have confirmed with TW plc that it will continue to provide the necessary financial support to the Company, for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

TW plc is the ultimate parent of the Taylor Wimpey group ("the Group"). The Group is profitable and is in a strong financial position. In making this assessment the Group has considered the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, including recent financial performance. This assessment has resulted in revisions to the Group's forecast of performance over the going concern period. When revised, these forecasts continue to demonstrate that the Group is able to provide financial support to the Company for a period of at least 12 months.

The Directors of the Company are of the view, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation the Company will be able to remain in existence for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Disclosure exemptions

As permitted by FRS 101 as a qualifying entity, the Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to share based payments, financial instruments, capital management, presentation of comparative information in respect of certain assets, presentation of a cash flow statement, standards not yet effective, impairment of assets and related party transactions. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the Group financial statements of Taylor Wimpey plc. The Group financial statements of Taylor Wimpey plc are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 11.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Adoption of new and revised standards of interpretation

The Company has adopted the following standards and amendments in the year, none of which had a material impact on the financial statements.

- IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over income tax treatments';
- IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' (amendments) long-term interests in associates and joint ventures;
- IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' (amendments) plan amendment, curtailment or settlement; and
- Annual improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle.

#### Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of incentives and value added taxes. The policies adopted for the recognition of turnover are as follows:

#### a) Private housing and land sales

Revenue is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the purchaser. Revenue in respect of the sale of residential properties is recognised on legal completion when ownership and control of the house has been transferred.

#### b) Affordable housing contracts

Where the outcome of a long term contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the Statement of Financial Position date. This is normally measured by surveys of work performed to date. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and they are capable of being reliably measured.

Where the outcome of a long term contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

#### Profit recognition

Profit arising from the sale of private residential, commercial properties and land sales is taken on legal completion. Residential development profit is calculated based on total expected revenues less total expected costs. Profit on affordable housing is only recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the outcome of the contract can be reasonably estimated. When it is probable that total costs will exceed total revenue the expected loss is recognised immediately.

### Part exchange

In certain instances, property may be accepted in part consideration for a sale of a residential property. It is recorded at its fair value, established by independent surveyors, less cost to sell. Net proceeds generated from the subsequent sale of part exchange properties are recorded as a reduction to cost of sales.

#### Interest and dividends receivable

Interest income is recognised in the income statement as it falls due. Dividend income is recognised as the Company's right to receive payment is established.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the Company's Statement of Financial Position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The below financial instruments are measured at amortised cost.

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are measured at amortised cost, less any loss allowance based on expected credit losses. The measurement of expected credit losses is based on the probability of default and the magnitude of the loss if there is a default. The assessment of probability of default is based on historical data adjusted for any known factors that would influence the future amount to be received in relation to the receivable.

#### Trade and other payables

Trade payables on normal terms are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value. Trade payables on extended terms, particularly in respect of land, are recorded initially at the fair value at the date of acquisition of the asset to which they relate and then subsequently at amortised cost. The discount to nominal value is amortised over the period of the credit term and charged to finance costs.

#### Group receivables

Amounts receivable from Group undertakings are stated at their nominal value.

#### Group payables

Amounts payable to Group undertakings are stated at their nominal value.

### **Customer deposits**

Customer deposits are recorded as a liability, deducted from the construction work in progress on receipt and released to the Income Statement as revenue upon legal completion.

#### Tax

The tax charge represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using corporation tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date.

Any liability or credit in respect of group relief in lieu of current tax is also calculated on the same basis unless a different rate (including a nil rate) has been agreed within the Group.

#### 2. Key sources of estimation uncertainty and critical accounting judgements

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Management consider that there are no material areas of estimation uncertainty or critical accounting judgements to be made in the preparation of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

#### 3. Revenue

Revenue in the year arose solely in the United Kingdom.

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Property	2,000	2,141
	2,000	2,141

# 4. Operating profit

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Fee payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the	_	
Company's annual financial statements	<u>1</u> _	<u> </u>

Fees paid to the Company's auditor for other services were £nil (2018: £nil).

### 5. Employees and Directors

The Company did not employ any persons during the year (2018: none).

Directors' remuneration and benefits paid by the Company in the year amounted to £nil (2018: £nil). Directors are not remunerated for qualifying services provided to the Company. All Directors' emoluments are borne by a fellow Group company and have not been recharged.

### 6. Finance income

		2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
	Interest received on loans with Group companies	156	122
		156	122
7.	Tax		
		2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
	Current tax charge		
	UK corporation tax on profits of the year		
	Tax on profit		

The standard rate of current tax for the year, based on the weighted average of the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 19% (2018: 19%).

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

	2019	2018
	£'000	£,000
Profit before tax	319	643
Standard rate of corporation tax of 19% (2018: 19%)	61	122
Effects of:		
Group relief claimed for no payment	(61)	(122)
Total tax charge		

Finance Act 2016 introduced legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax to 17% from 1 April 2020 and these rates have therefore been used to measure deferred tax assets and liabilities where applicable. Following the Budget on 11 March 2020, the current rate of corporation tax of 19% will continue to be effective for periods from 1 April 2020.

#### 8. Trade and other receivables

·	Current	
	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed by the ultimate parent	23,125	20,634
Accrued income	_	13
	23,125	20,647

Amounts owed by the ultimate parent, Taylor Wimpey plc, are unsecured, repayable on demand and are interest bearing at rate 0.75% (2018: 0.25%).

### 9. Trade and other payables

	Current	
	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Trade payables	_	49
Amounts owed to parent	18,426	16,544
Other taxation and social security	400	
Accruals	404	478
•	19,230	17,071

Amounts owed to the parent, Taylor Wimpey UK Limited, are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

# 10. Share capital

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (continued)

	2019	2018
•	£'000	£'000
Authorised: 1 (2018: 1) ordinary share of £1		<u>.</u>
Allotted, called-up and fully paid: 1 (2018: 1) ordinary share of £1		

The shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distribution rights (including on winding up); they do not confer any rights of redemption.

### 11. Controlling parties

The immediate parent undertaking is Taylor Wimpey UK Limited.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Taylor Wimpey plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. Taylor Wimpey plc is the parent of the smallest and largest group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared and of which the Company is a member. Taylor Wimpey plc's registered office is Gate House, Turnpike Road, High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, HP12 3NR, United Kingdom.

Copies of the Group financial statements, which include the Company and its subsidiaries, are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.