Registration number: 07700363

D Barlow & Sons Ltd

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 July 2014

Hargreaves Brown & Benson Chartered Accountants 1 Bond Street Colne Lancashire BB8 9DG

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The following reproduces the text of the accountants' report in respect of the company's annual financial statements, from which the abbreviated accounts (set out on pages 2 to 7) have been prepared.

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of D Barlow & Sons Ltd for the Year Ended 31 July 2014

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of D Barlow & Sons Ltd for the year ended 31 July 2014 set out on pages 4 to 14 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at icaew.com/membershandbook.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of D Barlow & Sons Ltd. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of D Barlow & Sons Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with AAF 2/10 as detailed at icaew.com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than D Barlow & Sons Ltd and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that D Barlow & Sons Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of D Barlow & Sons Ltd. You consider that D Barlow & Sons Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of D Barlow & Sons Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

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& Hargreaves Brown Benson Chartered Accountants 1 Bond Street С 0 1 n е Lancashire BB8 9DG 23 February 2015

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D Barlow & Sons Ltd (Registration number: 07700363) Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 July 2014

	Note	2014	2013
Fixed exacts		£	£
Fixed assets		46.000	E0 000
Intangible fixed assets		46,200	52,800
Tangible fixed assets		20,267	18,613
		66,467	71,413
Current assets			
Stocks		23,080	14,310
Debtors		30,458	22,523
Cash at bank and in hand		2,658	1,865
		56,196	38,698
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(87,635)	(87,067)
Net current liabilities		(31,439)	(48,369)
Total assets less current liabilities		35,028	23,044
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(18,218)	(14,148)
Provisions for liabilities		(3,659)	(2,881)
Net assets		13,151	6,015
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>4</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account	_	13,051	5,915
Shareholders' funds		13,151	6,015

For the year ending 31 July 2014 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{7}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

D Barlow & Sons Ltd (Registration number: 07700363) Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 July 2014

..... continued

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime .

Approved by the Board on 23 February 2015 a	nd signed on its behalf by:						
D	J	В	а	r	1	0	W
Director							

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{7}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Goodwill

Positive goodwill is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class Amortisation method and rate

Goodwill over 10 years

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class Depreciation method and rate

Plant and machinery 20% straight line
Office equipment 33% straight line
Motor vehicles 25% straight line

Stock and work in progress

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE. Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Fixed assets

	Intangible assets £	Tangible assets £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 August 2013	66,000	28,169	94,169
Additions	-	16,354	16,354
Disposals		(4,000)	(4,000)
At 31 July 2014	66,000	40,523	106,523
Depreciation			
At 1 August 2013	13,200	9,556	22,756
Charge for the year	6,600	13,700	20,300
Eliminated on disposals		(3,000)	(3,000)
At 31 July 2014	19,800	20,256	40,056
Net book value			
At 31 July 2014	46,200	20,267	66,467
At 31 July 2013	52,800	18,613	71,413

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3 Creditors

Creditors includes the following	a liabilities, on which	n eacurity hae haan.	given by the company:
Creditors includes the following	u nabinilos, on wind	I SCOULLY HAS DECIL	diversiby the combany.

	2014 £	2013 £	
Amounts falling due within one year Amounts falling due after more than one year	4 ,122 16,737	2,061 8,874	
Total secured creditors	20,859	10,935	

4 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

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	2014	20	13	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Class A shares of £1 each	45	45	45	45
Ordinary Class B shares of £1 each	45	45	45	45
Ordinary Class C shares of £1 each	10	10	10	10
	100	100	100	100
				

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5 Related party transactions

Directors' advances and credits

	2014 Advance Credi	/ Re	2014 epaid £	2013 Advance/ Credit £	2013 Repaid £
P T Barlow	23,985	18,870	32,90	4 2	24,171
D J Barlow	16,105	6,370	28,66	7 :	30,131

The bank loan and overdraft are secured by a personal guarantee from the directors.

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