Registered number: 07699273

VWP WASTE PROCESSING LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

VWP Waste Processing Limited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

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VWP Waste Processing Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2020

Registered number: 07699273

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	3		156,247		172,512
Tangible Assets	4		325,992		338,575
CURRENT ACCETS			482,239		511,087
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	5	234,445		236,503	
Cash at bank and in hand	J	2,640,182		42,532	
			_		
		2,874,627		279,035	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(50,217)		(19,683)	
i eai			_		
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			2,824,410		259,352
(,					
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			3,306,649		770,439
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More	7		(5,177,193)		(2,285,472)
Than One Year	,		(3,177,193)		
NET LIABILITIES			(1,870,544)		(1,515,033)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		50,000		50,000
Profit and Loss Account			(1,920,544)		(1,565,033)
			(4.000.00.00		(4 =4= 000)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(1,870,544)		(1,515,033)

VWP Waste Processing Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 March 2020

Directors' responsibilities:

- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board		

Z E Dastur

Director **30/07/2021**

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Intellectual Property

Intellectual property assets including patents are amortised to the profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery

20% straight line

1.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over their useful lives when there is reasonable certainty that the lessee will obtain ownership of the asset at the end of the lease term. If there is not reasonable certainty that the lessee will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term then the assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.6. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

1.7. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 1 (2019: NIL)

3. Intangible Assets

	Intellectual Property
	£
Cost	
As at 1 April 2019	1,282,876
Additions	61,338
As at 31 March 2020	1,344,214
Amortisation	
As at 1 April 2019	1,110,364
Provided during the period	77,603
As at 31 March 2020	1,187,967
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2020	156,247
As at 1 April 2019	172,512

4. Tangible Assets		
		Plant &
		Machinery
Cont		£
Cost As at 1 April 2019		709,292
Additions		95,598
As at 31 March 2020		
AS at 31 Martii 2020		804,890
Depreciation		
As at 1 April 2019		370,717
Provided during the period		108,181
As at 31 March 2020		478,898
Net Book Value		
As at 31 March 2020		325,992
As at 1 April 2019		338,575
Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contra	acts with a net book value as t	follows:
	2020	2019
	£	£
Plant & Machinery	50,967	-
	50,967	-
5. Debtors		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	960	-
Prepayments and accrued income	4,986	5,381
VAT	4,541	7,164
Amounts owed by group undertakings	223,958	223,958
	234,445	236,503
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2020	2019
Not all the state of the first of the state	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	16,521	-
Trade creditors Other taxes and social security	17,742 919	-
Other taxes and social security Other creditors	263	-
Accruals and deferred income	14,772	19,683
Accidate and deterred income		

50,217

19,683

7.	Creditors:	Amounts	Falling	Due After	More	Than	One Year	•
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	2020	2019
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	32,475	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,144,718	2,285,472
	5,177,193	2,285,472
8. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase		
	2020	2019
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year	16,521	-
Between one and five years	32,475	
	48,996	-
	48,996	
9. Share Capital		
	2020	2019
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	50,000	50,000

10. Related Party Transactions

K M Dastur Holdings Ltd

Immediate Parent

K M Dastur Holdings Ltd loaned the company a total of £60,000 (2019: £60,000) during the year to meet day to day expenditure. The loan has been fully repaid and £0 (2019: £2,285,472) was outstanding to that company at the year end.

ENSZ Consultancy Services DMCC

Ultimate Parent

ENSZ Consultancy Services DMCC loaned the company a total of £1,099,950 (2019: £0) during the year. £1,099,950 (2019: £0) was outstanding to that company at the year end. The loan is unsecured and bears interest at 0% for the first 3 years and 0.10% per annum thereafter. The loan is repayable 5 years after each disbursement.

K M Dastur & Co Private Ltd

Fellow Subsidiary

K M Dastur & Co Private Ltd loaned the company a total of £4,044,768 (2019: £0) during the year. £4,044,768 (2019: £0) was outstanding to that company at the year end. The loan is unsecured and bears interest at 0% for the first 2 years and 3.00% per annum in the third year. The loan is repayable over 3 years.

K.M. Dastur & Co Ltd

Fellow Subsidiary

£223,958 (2019: £223,958) was outstanding from K.M. Dastur & Co Ltd at the year end. This related to group relief which was surrendered in previous years.

11. FRC Ethical Standard - Provision Available for Small Entities

We do not use our auditors to prepare and submit returns to the tax authorities or assist with the preparation of the financial statements.

12. Ultimate Controlling Party

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is ENSZ Consultancy Services DMCC, a company registered in the United Arab Emirates.

13. Audit Information

The auditors report on the account of VWP Waste Processing Limited for the year ended 31 March 2020 was unqualified

The auditor's report was signed by R.W. Williams (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Appleby & Wood (London) Limited , Statutory Auditor

Appleby & Wood (London) Limited 40 The Lock Building 72 High Street London E15 2QB

14. General Information

VWP Waste Processing Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 07699273 . The registered office is 10 Aldersgate Street, London, EC1A 4HJ.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.