

Caroline Marsh Management Solutions Limited

Company Registration No. 07699048 (England And Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 July 2020

**CAROLINE MARSH MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS LIMITED**

**CONTENTS**

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	<b>Page</b>
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 6

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**CAROLINE MARSH MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS LIMITED**

**BALANCE SHEET**

**AS AT 31 JULY 2020**

	Notes	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	3		2,298		2,763
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	4	-		2,284	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,296		12,293	
		<u>2,296</u>		<u>14,577</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	5	(12,531)		(6,254)	
		<u></u>		<u></u>	
<b>Net current (liabilities)/assets</b>			(10,235)		8,323
			<u></u>		<u></u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			(7,937)		11,086
			<u></u>		<u></u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>			(437)		(525)
			<u></u>		<u></u>
<b>Net (liabilities)/assets</b>			(8,374)		10,561
			<u><u></u></u>		<u><u></u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital			4		4
Profit and loss reserves			(8,378)		10,557
			<u></u>		<u></u>
<b>Total equity</b>			(8,374)		10,561
			<u><u></u></u>		<u><u></u></u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 July 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

**CAROLINE MARSH MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS LIMITED**

**BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

**AS AT 31 JULY 2020**

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The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mrs C Marsh  
**Director**

**Company Registration No. 07699048**

# CAROLINE MARSH MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

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#### 1 Accounting policies

##### Company information

Caroline Marsh Management Solutions Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 44 Pennington Walk, Retford, Nottinghamshire, DN22 6LS.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings	15% on reducing balance
Computers	15% on cost

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

**CAROLINE MARSH MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020**

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**1 Accounting policies**

**(Continued)**

**1.4 Impairment of fixed assets**

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

**1.5 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

**1.6 Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

**1.7 Taxation**

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

***Current tax***

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

***Deferred tax***

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

**1.8 Employee benefits**

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

**CAROLINE MARSH MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020**

**2 Employees**

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
Total	1	1
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**3 Tangible fixed assets**

	<b>Fixtures and fittings</b>	<b>Computers</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 August 2019	260	7,756	8,016
Additions	-	260	260
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
At 31 July 2020	260	8,016	8,276
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>			
At 1 August 2019	100	5,153	5,253
Depreciation charged in the year	24	701	725
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
At 31 July 2020	124	5,854	5,978
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>Carrying amount</b>			
At 31 July 2020	136	2,162	2,298
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
At 31 July 2019	160	2,603	2,763
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**4 Debtors**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
Trade debtors	-	300
Corporation tax recoverable	-	1,984
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	-	2,284
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**CAROLINE MARSH MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020**

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**5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Bank loans and overdrafts	45	45
Taxation and social security	-	4
Other creditors	12,486	6,205
	<u>12,531</u>	<u>6,254</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.