Registered number: 07655945

BBH - SWL (FUNDCO 3) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors G Alltimes

S Beaumont J Andrews P Moore O Hannan

Company secretary

Fulcrum Infrastructure Management Limited

Registered number

07655945

Registered office

105 Piccadilly London W1J 7NJ

Independent auditors

BDO LLP 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITES STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The Company carries on the business of development and financing the construction of property projects, plus management and provision of associated services, for the NHS Local Improvement Finance Trust ("LIFT") programme in South West London.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS PROPOSED

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £143,008 (2018 - £173,932).

Dividends of £409,278 (2018 - £118,957) were paid during the year.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

- **G Alltimes**
- S Beaumont
- J Andrews (appointed 6 June 2018)
- P Moore
- T Dobrashian (resigned 6 June 2018)
- D Boyd (resigned 5 June 2018)
- O Hannan (appointed 1 May 2019)
- J Whitehead (appointed 5 June 2018, resigned 30 November 2018)

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

QUALIFYING THIRD PARTY INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

The directors of BBH-SWL (Fundco 3) Limited have qualifying third party indemnity provisions put in place through other companies of which they are also directors.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, BDO LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 30 July 2019 and signed on its behalf.

S Beaumont

Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BBH - SWL (FUNDCO 3) LIMITED

OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of BBH - SWL (Fundco 3) Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BBH - SWL (FUNDCO 3) LIMITED

OTHER INFORMATION

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

OPINIONS ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BBH - SWL (FUNDCO 3) LIMITED

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S REPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Alexander Tapp (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor
London
30 July 2019

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover	2	309,762	334,020
Cost of sales		(229,020)	(208,719)
Gross profit		80,742	125,301
Interest receivable and similar income	5	789,394	799,170
Interest payable and expenses	6	(689,530)	(695,398)
Profit before tax		180,606	229,073
Tax on profit	7	(37,598)	(55,141)
Profit for the financial year		143,008	173,932
Total comprehensive income for the year		143,008	173,932

The notes on pages 10 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

BBH - SWL (FUNDCO 3) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 07655945

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

					
	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets	•				
Financial asset	9		11,246,248		11,307,104
			11,246,248		11,307,104
Current assets					
Debtors	10	156,628		132,425	
Cash at bank and in hand	11	415,302		943,864	
		571,930		1,076,289	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(442,560)		(558,638)	
Net current assets			129,370		` 517,651
Total assets less current liabilities			11,375,618		11,824,755
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(11,114,492)		(11,297,359)
Net assets	~	-	261,126		527,396
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	17		10		10
Profit and loss account			261,116		527,386
			261,126		527,396

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 30 July 2019.

S Beaumont Director

The notes on pages 10 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

At 1 April 2018	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £ 527,386	Total equity £ 527,396
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	-	143,008	143,008
Total comprehensive income for the year Dividends: Equity capital (see note 8)		143,008 (409,278)	143,008 (409,278)
Total transactions with owners	-	(409,278)	(409,278)
At 31 March 2019	10	261,116	261,126

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2017	10	472,411	472,421
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year	-	173,932	173,932
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	173,932	173,932
Dividends: Equity capital (see note 8)	-	(118,957)	(118,957)
Total transactions with owners	-	(118,957)	(118,957)
At 31 March 2018	10	527,386	527,396

The notes on pages 10 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical costs convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in pounds sterling which is the Company's functional currency and rounded to the nearest pound. The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies. Details of these are given in note 1.8.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

1.2 GOING CONCERN

The projects being undertaken by the Company are secured under long term finance and the directors-are-satisfied-that-the-Company_will_continue_to_operate_within the agreed facilities and have therefore prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

1.3 COMPANY DISCLOSURE EXEMPTIONS

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemption available in FRS 102, as a result of the company being a small entity:

- No cash flow statement has been presented for the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.4 TURNOVER

a) Public to private concession arrangements

A substantial portion of the Company's assets are used within the framework of concession contracts granted by public sector customers ('grantors'). Under these contracts, the Company constructed a primary care centre that are leased to the NHS on a 30 year lease.

To fall within the scope of section 34 of FRS 102, a contract must satisfy the following two criteria:

- The grantor controls or regulates what service the operator must provide using the infrastructure, to whom, and at what price; and
- The grantor controls, through ownership, beneficial entitlement or otherwise, any significant residual interest in the Infrastructure at the end of the term of the arrangement.

Pursuant to section 34 of FRS 102, such infrastructure is not recognised in assets of the operator as property, plant, and equipment but as financial assets ("financial asset model").

b) Financial asset model

The financial asset model applies when the operator has an unconditional right to receive cash or another financial asset from the grantor.

In the case of concession services, the operator has an unconditional right if the grantor contractually guarantees the payment of:

- · The amounts specified or determined in the contract, or
- The shortfall, if any, between amounts received from users of the public service and amounts specified or determined in the contract.

Financial assets resulting from the application of section 34 of FRS 102 are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position under the heading financial asset and measured at amortised cost.

Pursuant to section 23 of FRS 102, revenue associated with this financial model comprises of revenue determined on a completion basis in the case of the construction of operating financial asset and service remuneration.

(c) Other revenue items

Other revenue items comprise 'Property management and related services', 'Rental income' and 'Other income'. Property management and related services revenue relates to SPV maintenance and facilities management income and ad hoc property related services income. Construction revenue relates to construction and lifecycle maintenance income. The former relates to work performed by the Company under concession arrangements to maintain and repair the primary care centres that it operates. Consideration received in respect of property management and related services income is only recorded as turnover to the extent that the Company has performed its contractual obligations in respect of that consideration, and turnover attributable to costs in future periods is deferred. Rental income from operating leases is recognised in turnover on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.5 DIVIDENDS

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

1.6 CURRENT TAXATION

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

1.7 BANK BORROWINGS

Project specific interest costs incurred in the performance of the service concession contract, including net amounts payable on interest rate swaps, are expensed using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised costs of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Arrangement fees are netted off against the carrying value of the loan facility and charged to the profit or loss over the term of the debt.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION 1.8 UNCERTAINTY

a) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following estimates:

i) Service margin rates

A margin of risk was applied to the costs incurred in calculating the value of the financial asset. The calculation of the margin has been backsolved by applying the expected cashflows, reducing the financial asset to zero by the end of the consession period. It is the policy of the directors that the service margin is reviewed and adjusted for any fundamental changes in the contractual arrangements to generate a new margin rate which is applied to the following year. The treatment is applied to the following costs which has been agreed in the market as the standard percentages:

- Construction costs 5.54% (2018: 4.39%)
- Operating costs 5.54% (2018: 4.39%)
- Lifecycle costs 5.54% (2018: 4.39%)

ii) Financial asset interest rate

The calculation of the financial asset interest rate is based on the weighted average cost of capital of the project and is applied to the carrying value of the financial asset on a quarterly basis. The interest rate used in 2019 was 7.70% (2018: 7.70%) per annum.

b) Critical Judgements

Concession arrangements - The concession arrangements undertaken by the Company are considered to fall within the scope of section 34 of FRS 102 "Service Concession Arrangements" as described in the Turnover note. This judgement has been based on a consideration of the nature and terms of the agreements and, in all contracts, the existence of an option for the grantor to purchase the property at the end of the concession.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. TURNOVER

Turnover comprises of Contract Revenues according to FRS 102, Section 34 recognised by the Company during the financial year.

	2019 £	2018 £
Pass through costs	9,638	20,313
Contract revenue	300,124	313,707
Contract revenue	309,762	334,020

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

3. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Audit fees are borne by South West London Health Partnerships Limited, a group company.

4. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2018 - £NIL)

5. INTEREST RECEIVABLE

	2019 £	2018 £
Bank interest receivable	1,102	1,185
Financial asset interest	788,292	797,985
	789,394	799,170

6. INTEREST PAYABLE

£	£
74,503	580,686
23,005	22,942
92,022	91,770
39,530	695,398
	£ 74,503 23,005 92,022 39,530

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
•	TAXATION		
		2019	2018
	Corporation tax	£	£
	Current tax on profits for the year	34,255	16,933
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	35,399	-
		69,654	16,933
	Total current tax	69,654	16,933
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(32,056)	38,208
	Total deferred tax	(32,056)	38,208
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	37,598	55,141

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

7.

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2018 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2019 £	2018 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	180,606	229,073
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%) Effects of:	34,315	43,524
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	(60)	-
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	35,399	-
Timing differences leading to an increase (decrease) in taxation	(32,056)	11,617
Total tax charge for the year	37,598	55,141

Factors that may affect future tax charges

A reduction in the rate to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was enacted on 15 September 2016. This will reduce the Company's tax charge accordingly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

8.	DIVIDENDS		
•		2019	2018
	Ordinary	£	£
	Ordinary		
	Dividends paid - £40,927.80 per share (2018 - £11,895.70 per share)	409,278	118,957
		409,278	118,957
9.	FINANCIAL ASSET		
J.	THANOIAE AGGET	2040	2040
		2019 £	2018 £
	Service concession financial asset		
	As at the start of the year (1 April)	11,307,104	11,359,895
	Cash received	(849,148)	(850,776)
	Other interest receivable	788,292	797,985
		11,246,248	11,307,104
10.	DEBTORS		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Due after more than one year		-
	Deferred tax asset (note 15)	83,547	51,491
		83,547	51,491
	Due within one year		
	Trade debtors	72,407	72,438
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	8,239
	Prepayments and accrued income	674	257
		156,628	132,425
			<u> </u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

		*	
11.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	415,302	943,864
		415,302	943,864
12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Bank loans	167,632	154,597
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	9,981	-
	Corporation tax	20,711	8,218
	VAT creditor	49,201	46,105
	Other creditors	38,080	41,135
	Accruals and deferred income	156,955	308,583
		442,560	558,638
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Bank loans	9,691,217	9,858,848
	Amounts owed to participating interests	203,588	203,588
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	814,351	814,351
	Loan arrangement fees	(68,029)	(70,884)
	Accruals and deferred income	473,365	491,456
		11,114,492	11,297,359

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Analysis	of the n	naturity	of loans	is	aiven	helow

14.

LOANS

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below.		
	2019 £	2018 £
Amounts falling due within one year		
Bank loans	167,632	154,597
•	167,632	154,597
Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
Bank loans	197,201	167,631
	197,201	167,631
Amounts falling due 2-5 years		
Bank loans	691,536	642,478
	691,536	642,478
Amounts falling due after more than 5 years		
Bank loans	8,802,480	9,048,739
Amounts owed to participating interests	203,588	203,588
Amounts owed to group undertakings	814,351	814,351
	9,820,419	10,066,678
Creditors include amounts not wholly repayable within 5 years as follows:		
»,	2019 £	2018 £
Repayable by instalments	8,802,480	9,048,739
Repayable other than by instalments	1,017,939	1,017,939
	9,820,419	10,066,678

The bank loans bear interest at a fixed rate of 5.75%, repayable by instalments over the period to 10 February 2042, and are secured by various fixed and floating charges over the Company's assets.

Loans from group entities and participating interests bear interest at 11.3% per annum, payable every six months. No principal is due to be repaid within the next 12 months. The loans are repayable on 11 February 2043.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

15.	DEFERRED TAXATION		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	At beginning of year	51,491	89,698
	Credited / (Charged) to profit or loss	32,056	(38,207)
	At end of year	83,547	51,491
	The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Tax losses carried forward	83,547	51,491
		83,547	51,491

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

16.1 Financial instruments by category

The information set out below provides information about how the Company determines fair values of various financial assets and financial liabilities. The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

Level 1 - fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 - fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company considers that the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, loans, trade and other receivables, and trade and other payables are not materially different to their carrying value.

The fair value of the service concession financial asset reflects the carrying amount for the period ended 31 March 2019. The carrying amount of the service concession financial asset for the period comprises construction revenue, service revenue and interest offset by the unitary charge received since incorporation up to the reporting date.

The Company's financial instrument may be analysed as follows:

·	2019 £	2018 £
Financial Assets		
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	11,733,957	12,322,494
	11,733,957	12,322,494
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(11,063,712)	(11,840,576)
.	(11,063,712)	(11,840,576)

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprises cash at bank, trade debtors, other debtors, amounts owned by associated undertakings and service concession financial assets.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprises trade creditors, other creditors, bank loans and overdrafts and amounts owed to associated and group undertakings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

17.

SHARE CAPITAL		
	2019 £	2018 £
ALLOTTED, CALLED UP AND FULLY PAID		
10 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10	10

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption provided in FRS 102 not to disclose transactions with companies within the group of which it is a member, where these transactions occur between entities which are 100% owned members of that group.

	Income / (expense)	Income / (expense)	Debtor / (creditor) as at 31 March	Debtor / (creditor) as at 31 March
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Financial asset income				
Community Health Partnerships Limited, a shareholder in South West London Health Partnerships Limited	1,029,634	892,627	76,247	75,609
Bad debts provided for and provision at year end				
Community Health Partnerships Limited, a shareholder in South West London Health Partnerships Limited	(713)	- ··· · · · · · ·	(4,751)	(4,038)
Loans				
Community Health Partnerships Limited, a shareholder in South West London Health Partnerships Limited	-	-	(203,588)	(203,588)
Fulcrum Infrastructure Group Limited, a parent company	-		(814,351)	(814,351)
Interest payable and accrued interest			Payable and included within Accruals at 31	Payable and included within Accruals at
			March 2019	31 March 2018
Community Health Partnerships Limited, a shareholder in South West London Health Partnerships Limited	(23,005)	(22,942)	(11,473)	(11,409)
Fulcrum Infrastructure Group Limited, a parent company	(92,022)	(91,770)	(45,883)	(45,632)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

19. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Company is a 100% subsidiary of BBH-SWL (HoldCo 3) Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The parent company of BBH-SWL (HoldCo 3) Limited is South West London Health Partnerships Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. As the group qualifies as small, no consolidated financial statements are prepared for the group of which the Company is a member.

The Company is ultimately 60% owned by Meridiam Infrastructure Finance s.a.r.l., a company based in Luxembourg. However as a result of the shareholders' agreement of South West London Health Partnerships Limited there is no effective control by any individual shareholder.