

Transolva Ltd.

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

Transolva Ltd.

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Transolva Ltd.

Company Information

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Director | Mr P R G Bond |
| Registered office | The White House 114 Hendford Hill Yeovil Somerset BA20 2RF |
| Bankers | HSBC Bank Plc Yeovil 1 Middle Street Yeovil Somerset BA20 1LR |
| Accountants | Scott Vevers Ltd Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 65 East Street Bridport Dorset DT6 3LB |

Transolva Ltd.

(Registration number: 07642626)
Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2020

| | Note | 2020 £ | 2019 £ |
|--|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Fixed assets | | | |
| Tangible assets | <u>4</u> | 15,532 | 13,830 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Stocks | | 9,412 | 10,464 |
| Debtors | | 37,070 | 54,789 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 92,919 | 34,120 |
| | | 139,401 | 99,373 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | | 70 | 1,230 |
| Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year | | (48,477) | (56,869) |
| Net current assets | | 90,994 | 43,734 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 106,526 | 57,564 |
| Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year | | (50,000) | - |
| Provisions for liabilities | | (2,951) | (2,628) |
| Accruals and deferred income | | - | (2,226) |
| Net assets | | 53,575 | 52,710 |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | <u>5</u> | 1 | 1 |
| Profit and loss account | | 53,574 | 52,709 |
| Shareholders' funds | | 53,575 | 52,710 |

Transolva Ltd.

**(Registration number: 07642626)
Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2020**

For the financial year ending 31 May 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the director on 25 February 2021

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Mr P R G Bond

Director

Transolva Ltd.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

1 General information

The company is limited by shares incorporated in England within the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is given in the company information on page 1 of these financial statements.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements were prepared in accordance with Section 1A of the Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Transolva Ltd.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

| Asset class | Depreciation method and rate |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Plant and machinery | 25% reducing balance |
| Motor vehicles | 20% straight line |
| Office equipment | 25% straight line |

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Transolva Ltd.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 4 (2019 - 5).

Transolva Ltd.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

4 Tangible assets

| | Furniture, fittings and equipment £ | Motor vehicles £ | Other tangible assets £ | Total £ |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|--------------------|
| Cost or valuation | | | | |
| At 1 June 2019 | 1,766 | 2,917 | 27,155 | 31,838 |
| Additions | 5,597 | - | 375 | 5,972 |
| At 31 May 2020 | 7,363 | 2,917 | 27,530 | 37,810 |
| Depreciation | | | | |
| At 1 June 2019 | 168 | 632 | 17,208 | 18,008 |
| Charge for the year | 1,114 | 583 | 2,573 | 4,270 |
| At 31 May 2020 | 1,282 | 1,215 | 19,781 | 22,278 |
| Carrying amount | | | | |
| At 31 May 2020 | 6,081 | 1,702 | 7,749 | 15,532 |
| At 31 May 2019 | 1,598 | 2,285 | 9,947 | 13,830 |

5 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

| | 2020 | | 2019 | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| | No. | £ | No. | £ |
| Ordinary share capital of £0.01 each | 100 | 1.00 | 100 | 1.00 |

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