Registered number: 07608279

ECONOMIC INSIGHT LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

ECONOMIC INSIGHT LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 07608279

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2017

			2017		2016
	Note		£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4	_	12,148		9,573
			12,148		9,573
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	587,346		340,464	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	237,186	_	252,941	
		824,532		593,405	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(376,456)		(229,461)	
Net current assets	_		448,076		363,944
Total assets less current liabilities		-	460,224		373,517
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	7	(2,308)		(1,916)	
	_		(2,308)		(1,916)
Net assets		-	457,916	_	371,601
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		2		2
Profit and loss account			457,914		371,599
		_	457,916	_	371,601

ECONOMIC INSIGHT LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 07608279

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 APRIL 2017

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 15 January 2018.

J Harvey

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

1. General information

Economic Insight Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England within the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is 125 Old Broad Street, London, EC2N 1AR. The company is not part of a group.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 33%

Fixtures and fittings - 33%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

2.9 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.10 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 7 (2016 - 5).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

4. Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 May 2016	17,242	11,758	29,000
	Additions	6,497	1,044	7,541
	At 30 April 2017	23,739	12,802	36,541
	Depreciation			
	At 1 May 2016	11,714	7,713	19,427
	Charge for the year on owned assets	3,328	1,638	4,966
	At 30 April 2017	15,042	9,351	24,393
	Net book value			
	At 30 April 2017	8,697	3,451	12,148
	At 30 April 2016	5,528	4,045	9,573
5.	Debtors			
			2017	2016
			£	£
	Trade debtors		551,878	322,812
	Other debtors		27,385	11,786
	Prepayments and accrued income		8,083	5,866
			<u>587,346</u>	340,464
6.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year			
			2017 £	2016 £
	Corporation tax		130,920	110,290
	Other taxation and social security		75,768	52,950
	Other creditors		165,324	59,598
	Accruals and deferred income		4,444	6,623
			376,456	229,461

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2017

7. Deferred taxation

	2017 £	2016 £
At beginning of year Charged to profit or loss	(1,915) (393)	(2,409) 493
At end of year	(2,308)	(1,916)
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
	2017 £	2016 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(2,308)	(1,916)
	(2,308)	(1,916)
8. Share capital		
	2017	2016
Shares classified as equity	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

9. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £20,823 (2016 - £12,000). Contributions totalling £725 (2016 - £NIL) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

10. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.

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