## **Financial Statements**

For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

<u>for</u>

Washware Essentials Ltd

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## Washware Essentials Ltd

# Company Information For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

DIRECTOR:	P D Thorn
REGISTERED OFFICE:	226a Old Church Road Clevedon Somerset BS21 7UB
REGISTERED NUMBER:	07533137 (England and Wales)
AUDITORS:	Kingscott Dix Limited Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Goodridge Court Goodridge Avenue Gloucester Gloucestershire

GL2 5EN

## Balance Sheet 31 December 2021

FIXED ASSETS Intangible assets 4 -	£
Intangible assets 4 -	
Tangible assets 5 1,583 2,4	-
	<u>416</u>
1,583	416
CURRENT ASSETS	
Stocks 14,841 16,365	
Debtors 6 14,428 10,737	
Cash at bank <u>356,473</u> <u>755,527</u>	
385,742 782,629	
CREDITORS	
Amounts falling due within one year 7 <u>363,859</u> <u>769,760</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS         21,883         12,8	<u> 869</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	
LIABILITIES         23,466         15,2	<u> 285</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	
	100
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	185
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 23,466 15,2	_

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 21 April 2022 and were signed by:

P D Thorn - Director

## Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Washware Essentials Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed over to the buyer (usually on the dispatch of goods) and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

## Intangible fixed asset - company website

Intangible assets are measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The company developed a website during 2017 which was recognised as an intangible fixed asset. The website had an expected useful life of two years and has now been fully amortised.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 20% on cost

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

## **Derecognition of financial assets**

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables that are classified as debt, are recognised at transaction price.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

## Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

## 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2020 - 4).

#### 4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Other intangible assets £
COST	
At 1 January 2021	
and 31 December 2021	_ 39,000
AMORTISATION	
At 1 January 2021	
and 31 December 2021	_39,000
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2021	
At 31 December 2020	

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## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

## 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

0.					Plant and machinery etc £
	COST				
	At 1 January 20				
	and 31 Decemb				<u>4,166</u>
	DEPRECIATIO				4.750
	At 1 January 20 Charge for yea				1,750 833
	At 31 December				2,583
	NET BOOK VA				_2,505
	At 31 December				1,583
	At 31 December	er 2020			2,416
					<del></del>
6.	DEBTORS: AN	MOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
				31.12.21	31.12.20
	Trade debtors			£ 13,404	£ 9,713
	Other debtors			1,024	9,713 1,024
	Other debtors			14,428	10,737
7.	CREDITORS:	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
				31.12.21	31.12.20
				£	£
	Bank loans and			395	395
	Trade creditors	to group undertakings		3,887 215,810	3,458 585,956
	Taxation and se			108,429	159,492
	Other creditors			35,338	20,459
				363,859	769,760
8.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
	Allotted, issued	l and fully naid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	31.12.21	31.12.20
			value:	£	£
	100	Ordinary	£1	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
		•			

## 9. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Peter Morgan ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Kingscott Dix Limited

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.