Registration number: 07427963

Trailer Vision Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

Kaki Sher AIMS Accountants for Business 38 Holford Way Luton Bedfordshire LU3 4EY

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Company Information

Director Mr Richard Skelt

Registered office 72A The Paddocks

Folksworth Road Norman Cross Peterborough Cambridgeshire

PE7 3SP

Accountants Kaki Sher

AIMS Accountants for Business

38 Holford Way

Luton Bedfordshire LU3 4EY

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

	2023 £	2022 £
Profit for the year	30,104	71,693
Total comprehensive income for the year	30,104	71,693

(Registration number: 07427963) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>6</u>	79,821	90,693
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>7</u>	218,027	298,574
Debtors	7 <u>8</u>	151,741	112,715
Cash at bank and in hand		54,612	66,173
		424,380	477,462
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(17,369)	(46,428)
Net current assets		407,011	431,034
Total assets less current liabilities		486,832	521,727
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(33,333)	(43,333)
Net assets		453,499	478,394
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>10</u>	100	100
Retained earnings		453,399	478,294
Shareholders' funds		453,499	478,394

For the financial year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the director on 20 October 2023

•••••	
Mr Richard Skelt	
Director	

Trailer Vision Ltd Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2022	100	478,294	478,394
Prior period adjustment	<u> </u>	11,285	11,285
At 1 April 2022 (As restated)	100	489,579	489,679
Profit for the year	-	30,104	30,104
Dividends	-	(66,284)	(66,284)
At 31 March 2023	100	453,399	453,499
	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2021	100	546,384	546,484
Prior period adjustment		17,501	17,501
Profit for the year	-	71,693	71,693
Dividends		(157,284)	(157,284)
At 31 March 2022	100	478,294	478,394

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 72A The Paddocks
Folksworth Road
Norman Cross
Peterborough
Cambridgeshire
PE7 3SP
United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 20 October 2023.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and ratePlant and machinery20% straight lineMotor vehicles25% reducing balanceComputer equipment33% straight lineLeasehold improvements20% straight line

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
10-year straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 5 (2022 - 4).

4 Profit before tax

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

	2023 £	2022 £
Depreciation expense	23,123	20,345

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

5 Intangible assets

		Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2022	_	74,000	74,000
At 31 March 2023	_	74,000	74,000
Amortisation At 1 April 2022	_	74,000	74,000
At 31 March 2023	_	74,000	74,000
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2023	=		
6 Tangible assets			
	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2022 Additions	12,933 12,252	133,698	146,631 12,252
At 31 March 2023	25,185	133,698	158,883
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2022	1,293	54,645	55,938
Charge for the year	3,361	19,763	23,124
At 31 March 2023	4,654	74,408	79,062
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2023	20,531	59,290	79,821
At 31 March 2022	11,640	79,053	90,693
7 Stocks			
		2023 £	2022 £
Other inventories	_	218,027	298,574

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

8	Debtors
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Current	2023 £	2022 £
Trade debtors	101,899	112,715
Prepayments	4,250	-
Other debtors	45,592	
	151,741	112,715

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

9 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within on	ne year			
			2023 £	2022 £
Duo within one year				
Due within one year Trade creditors			1,714	29,203
Taxation and social security			15,123	16,948
Other creditors			532	277
			17,369	46,428
Creditors: amounts falling due after mon	re than one year			
		Note	2023 £	2022 £
		11010	~	~
Due after one year		1.1	33,333	12 222
Loans and borrowings		11	33,333	43,333
10 Share capital				
Allotted called up and fully paid shows				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
Anotted, caned up and funy paid snares	2023		2022	
Anotted, caned up and funy paid snares	2023 No.	£	2022 No.	£
Ordinary share of £1 each		£ 100		£
	No.		No.	
Ordinary share of £1 each	No.		No.	
	No.		No.	
Ordinary share of £1 each 11 Loans and borrowings	No.		No. 100	100
Ordinary share of £1 each 11 Loans and borrowings Non-current loans and borrowings	No.		No. 100 2023 £	2022 £
Ordinary share of £1 each 11 Loans and borrowings	No.		No. 100 2023	2022
Ordinary share of £1 each 11 Loans and borrowings Non-current loans and borrowings	No.		No. 100 2023 £	2022 £
Ordinary share of £1 each 11 Loans and borrowings Non-current loans and borrowings Bank borrowings	No.		No. 100 2023 £	2022 £
Ordinary share of £1 each 11 Loans and borrowings Non-current loans and borrowings	No.		No. 100 2023 £ 33,333	2022 £ 43,333
Ordinary share of £1 each 11 Loans and borrowings Non-current loans and borrowings Bank borrowings	No.		No. 100 2023 £	2022 £
Ordinary share of £1 each 11 Loans and borrowings Non-current loans and borrowings Bank borrowings	No. 100		No. 100 2023 £ 33,333	2022 £ 43,333

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.