# Cottage Woodcraft Ltd Filleted Accounts Cover

**Cottage Woodcraft Ltd** 

Company No. 07404910

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 October 2021

# **Cottage Woodcraft Ltd Directors**

# **Report Registrar**

The Director presents his report and the accounts for the year ended 31 October 2021.

# **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was Woodworking and Joinery Services.

# Director

The Director who served at any time during the year was as follows:

D.J. Wombwell

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

D.J. Wombwell Director 22 July 2022

# Cottage Woodcraft Ltd Balance Sheet Registrar at 31 October 2021

Company No. 07404910	Notes	2021	2020
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	4	-	-
Tangible assets	5 _	33,380	41,414
		33,380	41,414
Current assets			
Stocks	6	3,980	3,930
Debtors	7	145,758	114,593
Cash at bank and in hand		32,825	46,529
		182,563	165,052
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	8	(128,448)	(117,306)
Net current assets		54,115	47,746
Total assets less current liabilities		87,495	89,160
Net assets	_	87,495	89,160
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account	9	87,395	89,060
Total equity	_	87,495	89,160

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 October 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 22 July 2022 And signed on its behalf by:

D.J. Wombwell Director 22 July 2022

# Cottage Woodcraft Ltd Notes to the Accounts Registrar for the year ended 31 October 2021

#### 1 General information

Its registered number is: 07404910
Its registered office is:
Southgate Business Centre
32 Gillygate
Ponetfract
WF8 1PQ

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Companies Act 2006.

# 2 Accounting policies

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

#### Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Motor vehicles 25% Reducing Balance Furniture, fittings and equipment 15% Reducing Balance

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Work in progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording revenue and related costs as contract activity progresses.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Defined contribution pensions**

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations.

The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

#### 3 Employees

	2021	2020
	Number	Number
The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:	7	6

# 4 Intangible fixed assets

		Goodwill	Total
0		£	£
Cost			
At 1 November 2020		28,501	28,501
At 31 October 2021		28,501	28,501
Amortisation and impairment			
At 1 November 2020		28,501	28,501
At 31 October 2021		28,501	28,501
Net book values			
At 31 October 2021			
At 31 October 2020			-
Tangible fixed assets			
		Fixtures,	
	Motor	fittings and	
	vehicles	equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or revaluation			
At 1 November 2020	58,301	65,565	123,866
Additions	<del>-</del>	499	499
At 31 October 2021	58,301	66,064	124,365
Depreciation			
At 1 November 2020	38,063	44,389	82,452
Charge for the year	5,059	3,474	8,533
At 31 October 2021	43,122	47,863	90,985
Net book values			
At 31 October 2021	15,179	18,201	33,380
At 31 October 2020	20,238	21,176	41,414
Stocks			
	2021		2020
	£		£
Finished goods	3,980	_	3,930
	3,980	_	3,930
Debtors			
	2021		2020
	£		£
Trade debtors	144,785		114,593
Prepayments and accrued income	973	_	
	145,758	_	114,593

# 8 Creditors:

amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	1,570	1,883
Trade creditors	81,443	58,531
Corporation tax	3,371	9,024
Other taxes and social security	39,963	45,633
Loans from directors	447	616
Other creditors	156	121
Accruals and deferred income	1,498	1,498
	128,448	117,306

# 9 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

# 10 Dividends

	2021	2020
	£	£
Dividends for the period:		
Dividends paid in the period	8,000	15,000
	8,000	15,000
Dividends by type:		
Equity dividends	8,000	15,000
	8,000	15,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.