Registration number: 7253187

Victoria Lodge Care Home Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

Mr Piyush Patel Chartered Certified Accountant 4 Arkwright Road Sanderstead Surrey CR2 0LD

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Company Information

Director Mrs V A Patel

Registered office 4 Arkwright Road

Sanderstead Surrey CR2 0LD

Accountants Mr Piyush Patel

Chartered Certified Accountant

4 Arkwright Road Sanderstead Surrey CR2 0LD

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(Registration number: 7253187) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 €
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	175,000	192,500
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	897,943	925,992
		1,072,943	1,118,492
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	875	865
Debtors	<u>?</u>	68,560	41,044
Cash at bank and in hand		110,160	108,240
		179,595	150,149
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,386,086)	(1,508,511)
Net current liabilities		(1,206,491)	(1,358,362)
Net liabilities		(133,548)	(239,870)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	100	100
Revaluation reserve		179,126	179,126
Profit and loss account		(312,774)	(419,096)
Total equity		(133,548)	(239,870)

For the financial year ending 31 May 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 25 November 2020

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{10}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 7253187) Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2020

Mrs V A Patel
Director

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{10}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 4 Arkwright Road Sanderstead Surrey CR2 0LD

The principal place of business is: 48-50 Shakespeare Road Worthing West Sussex BN11 4AS

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 25 November 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 105 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime'.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Land and building	2.5% of cost
Fixture and fittings	15% of cost
Office equipment	15% of cost
Motor vehicle	20% of cost

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Sw of cost
Sw of cost

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 24 (2019 - 27).

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 June 2019	350,000	350,000
At 31 May 2020	350,000	350,000
Amortisation		
At 1 June 2019	157,500	157,500
Amortisation charge	17,500	17,500
At 31 May 2020	175,000	175,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 May 2020	175,000	175,000
At 31 May 2019	192,500	192,500

5 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation				
At 1 June 2019	1,150,000	293,086	2,200	1,445,286
Additions	<u> </u>	3,707	<u> </u>	3,707
At 31 May 2020	1,150,000	296,793	2,200	1,448,993
Depreciation				
At 1 June 2019	236,359	281,615	1,320	519,294
Charge for the year	28,750	2,566	440	31,756
At 31 May 2020	265,109	284,181	1,760	551,050
Carrying amount				
At 31 May 2020	884,891	12,612	440	897,943
At 31 May 2019	913,641	11,471	880	925,992

6 Stocks

	2020	2019
	£	£
Finished goods and goods for resale	875	865

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

7 Debtors			2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors Prepayments			67,192 1,368	41,044 -
			68,560	41,044
8 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one ye	ar			
oreanors, amount and pe		Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		10	836,345	901,051
Trade creditors		_	(1,668)	8,422
Taxation and social security			15,409	5,419
Accruals and deferred income			2,100	42,019
Other creditors			533,900	551,600
		_	1,386,086	1,508,511
9 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100
10 Loans and borrowings				
			2020 £	2019 £
Current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings			836,345	901,051

11 Related party transactions

Directors' remuneration

The director's remuneration for the year was as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

	2020	2019
	£	£
Remuneration	58,000	36,000
	<u> </u>	

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.