Registration number: 07118993

### OTA Management Limited

trading as OTA Management Ltd Filleted Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

### **Contents**

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>3</u> to <u>6</u>

### **Company Information**

**Director** Mr John Michael O'Toole

Registered office First Floor

William Burford House Lansdown Place Lane

Cheltenham Gloucestershire GL50 2LB

Accountants Arubus Chartered Accountants

First Floor

William Burford House Lansdown Place Lane

Cheltenham Gloucestershire GL50 2LB

Page 1

(Registration number: 07118993) Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	1,737	2,053
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>4</u>	52,004	33,908
Cash at bank and in hand		20,430	35,417
		72,434	69,325
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>5</u>	(36,391)	(30,950)
Net current assets		36,043	38,375
Net assets		37,780	40,428
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>6</u>	1	1
Profit and loss account		37,779	40,427
Total equity		37,780	40,428

For the financial year ending 31 January 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 24 October 2019

Mr John Michael O'Toole Director

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

#### 1 General information

The address of its registered office is: First Floor William Burford House Lansdown Place Lane Cheltenham Gloucestershire GL50 2LB

### 2 Accounting policies

### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Office Equipment

25% Reducing Balance

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

### 3 Tangible assets

	Office equipment £	Total ₤
Cost or valuation		
At 1 February 2018	2,738	2,738
Additions	263	263
At 31 January 2019	3,001	3,001
Depreciation		
At 1 February 2018	685	685
Charge for the year	579	579
At 31 January 2019	1,264	1,264
Carrying amount		
At 31 January 2019	1,737	1,737
At 31 January 2018	2,053	2,053
4 Debtors	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	42,119	33,685
Other debtors	9,885	223
	52,004	33,908
5 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
· ·	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year		
Taxation and social security	12,697	11,785
Accruals and deferred income	2,220	2,220
Other creditors	21,474	16,945
	36,391	30,950

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

### 6 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2019	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Share Capital of £1 each	1	1	1	1	
	Page 6	·	-		

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.