

Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 July 2019

for

THAMES AVIATION LIMITED

**Contents of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 July 2019**

	Page
Company Information	1
Chartered Accountants' Report	2
Balance Sheet	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

THAMES AVIATION LIMITED

**Company Information
for the year ended 31 July 2019**

Director: D A Gregory

Secretary: S & C Company Secretarial Services Ltd

Registered office: Northside House
69 Tweedy Road
Bromley
Kent
BR1 3WA

Registered number: 06972404 (England and Wales)

Accountants: Haines Watts
Chartered Accountants
Northside House
69 Tweedy Road
Bromley
Kent
BR1 3WA

**Chartered Accountants' Report to the Director
on the Unaudited Financial Statements of
Thames Aviation Limited**

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the director in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Statement of Comprehensive Income and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Director are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Thames Aviation Limited for the year ended 31 July 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed within the ICAEW's regulations and guidance at <http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance>.

This report is made solely to the director of Thames Aviation Limited in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Thames Aviation Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of Thames Aviation Limited in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Thames Aviation Limited and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Thames Aviation Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Thames Aviation Limited. You consider that Thames Aviation Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Thames Aviation Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Haines Watts
Chartered Accountants
Northside House
69 Tweedy Road
Bromley
Kent
BR1 3WA

30 October 2020

THAMES AVIATION LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 06972404)

**Balance Sheet
31 July 2019**

	Notes	2019 £	£	2018 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		504,326		530,869
Current assets					
Debtors	5	164,277		169,987	
Cash at bank		<u>1,827</u>		<u>1,274</u>	
		166,104		171,261	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>771,515</u>		<u>775,647</u>	
Net current liabilities			<u>(605,411)</u>		<u>(604,386)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>(101,085)</u>		<u>(73,517)</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Retained earnings			<u>(101,185)</u>		<u>(73,617)</u>
Shareholders' funds			<u>(101,085)</u>		<u>(73,517)</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 July 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the director and authorised for issue on 30 October 2020 and were signed by:

D A Gregory - Director

**Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 July 2019**

1. Statutory information

Thames Aviation Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Key source of estimation, uncertainty and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make estimates and judgement that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating depreciation. A full line by line review of fixed assets is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the depreciation policy is as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the policy does not match the useful life of the assets.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating deferred tax. A full line by line review of deferred tax is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the deferred tax is accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the actual tax liability when asset is disposed off.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating bad debt provisions. A full line by line review of trade debtors is carried out at the end of each month. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the bad debt provisions are as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the level of debts which ultimately prove to be uncollectable.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of services, excluding value added tax.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 10% on reducing balance

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 July 2019

2. **Accounting policies - continued**

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank and bank overdrafts.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. **Employees and directors**

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2018 - NIL).

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 July 20194. **Tangible fixed assets**

	Plant and machinery £
Cost	
At 1 August 2018 and 31 July 2019	<u>621,153</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 August 2018	90,284
Charge for year	<u>26,543</u>
At 31 July 2019	<u>116,827</u>
Net book value	
At 31 July 2019	<u><u>504,326</u></u>
At 31 July 2018	<u><u>530,869</u></u>

5. **Debtors: amounts falling due within one year**

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	1,620	4,738
Other debtors	<u>162,657</u>	<u>165,249</u>
	<u>164,277</u>	<u>169,987</u>

6. **Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	7,564	24,847
Other creditors	<u>763,951</u>	<u>750,800</u>
	<u>771,515</u>	<u>775,647</u>

7. **Called up share capital**

Allotted, issued and fully paid:			2019	2018
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	£	£
100	Ordinary	1	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

8. **Ultimate controlling party**

There is no ultimate controlling party.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.