GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

FOR

GEM PARTNERSHIP LIMITED



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GÊM PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

DIRECTORS: R A Dunbar

L J Rankin I Miller

Mrs M L Miller

REGISTERED OFFICE: Fernwood House

Fernwood Road

Jesmond

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE2 1TJ

REGISTERED NUMBER: 06931626 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR: Michael Moran BA FCA

AUDITORS: Robson Laidler Accountants Limited

Statutory Auditor Fernwood House Fernwood Road

Jesmond

Newcastle upon Tyne Tyne and Wear

NE2 1TJ

BANKERS: Barclays Bank Plc

PO Box 378 71 Grey Street Newcastle upon Tyne Tyne and Wear

NE99 1JP

GEM PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2019.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

As a recruitment business we have operated within the temporary and permanent sectors within our core markets since 2009. As a training business we have operated within apprenticeship training delivery via the apprenticeship levy fund, other government funded training, and commercial training since 2018.

Our detailed results for the financial year to 31 December 2019 can be found in our Income Statement on page 7. The directors consider the top line results this year to be in line with general market and sector conditions.

Top line sales fell marginally and gross margins were eroded due to changes in business mix, but administrative costs have been kept well in control providing a solid platform for 2020.

Covid 19 has presented the business with operational challenges in 2020 in line with the UK wide impact, but profitability is forecasted to grow and we expect to end 2020 with a good result for the year.

For reference the headline performance for the 2019 period is outlined below:-

	2019	2018
	£	£
Turnover	14,100,772	15,724,284
Cost of sales	12,345,115	13,664,562
Gross profit	1,755,657	2,059,722
Administrative expenses	1,391,252	1,667,869
Operating profit	367,845	403,557

The directors expect the business to be profitable in 2020...

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks to the business are potential changes to the UK employment legislation and generally external via competition and the general state of the UK and regional economy, in particular the state of the employment market.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

R A Dunbar - Director

Date: 16/12/2020

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2019.

DIVIDENDS

Interim dividends per share were paid as follows:

£129	- 23 January 2019
£116	- 26 April 2019
£146	- 16 July 2019
£129	- 18 October 2019
£520	

The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 December 2019 will be £286,751.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2019 to the date of this report.

R A Dunbar L J Rankin I Miller Mrs M L Miller

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company has an invoice discounting facility in place to mitigate the company's exposure to liquidity and cash flow risks.

EMPLOYEES

The company is an equal opportunities employer. It is the company's policy to develop and apply procedures and practices which are designed to ensure that equal opportunities are provided to employees, or those who seek employment.

All employees are treated fairly and equally. Selection for employment, promotion, training or other matters affecting their employment is on the basis of aptitude and ability.

It is the company's policy to give full and fair consideration to the employment needs of disabled persons (and persons who become disabled whilst employed by the company) and to comply with any current legislation with regard to disabled persons.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Robson Laidler Accountants Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

RA Dunbar - Disector

Date: 16/12/2020

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF GEM PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Gem Partnership Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF GEM PARTNERSHIP LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

M Muran

Michael Moran BA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Robson Laidler Accountants Limited
Statutory Auditor
Fernwood House
Fernwood Road
Jesmond
Newcastle upon Tyne
Tyne and Wear
NE2 1TJ

Date: 16/12/2020

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
TURNOVER	4	14,100,772	15,724,284
Cost of sales		12,345,115	13,664,562
GROSS PROFIT		1,755,657	2,059,722
Administrative expenses		1,391,252	1,667,869
		364,405	391,853
Other operating income		3,440	11,704
OPERATING PROFIT	6	367,845	403,557
Interest payable and similar expenses	7		749
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		367,845	402,808
Tax on profit	8	71,306	83,921
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		296,539	318,887
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent		296,539	318,887

CONSOLIDATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		296,539	318,887
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE	INCOME	<u> </u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE I FOR THE YEAR	NCOME	296,539	318,887
Total comprehensive income Owners of the parent	attributable to:	296,539	318,887

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2019

•		2019	9	2018	3
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	4.4		40.444		E2 700
Tangible assets Investments	11 12		46,141 100		53,708 100
mvestments	12				
			46,241		53,808
CURRENT ASSETS			,		
Stocks	13	3,100		6,055	
Debtors	14	1,759,070		1,521,480	
Cash at bank and in hand		377,600		596,611 ————	
		2,139,770		2,124,146	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	15	1,734,966		1,725,785	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			404,804		398,361
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			451,045		452,169
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	19		8,604		10,710
NET ASSETS			442,441		441,459
NET ASSETS	•		=======================================		=======================================
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	•				
Called up share capital	20		551		551
Capital redemption reserve	21		552		552
Retained earnings	21		441,338		440,356
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			442,441		441,459
Company's profit for the financial year			287,733		319,470
. , .					

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 1012 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

RA Dunbar - Director

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2019

		2019	9	- 201	3
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	4.4		#0.050		50 50
Tangible assets Investments	11 12		53,656		53,708
IIIVEStillerits	12				
			53,656		53,708
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	13	3,100		6,055	
Debtors	14	1,741,492		1,510,862	
Cash at bank and in hand		437,774		626,984	
		2,182,366		2,143,901	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	15	1,775,326		1,746,023	
Amounts faming due within one year	15	1,775,326 ————		1,740,023	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			407,040		397,878
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			460,696		451,586
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	19		10,032		10,710
NET ASSETS			450,664 ————	•	440,876
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	20		551		551
Capital redemption reserve	21	•	552		552
Retained earnings	21		449,561		439,773
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			450,664		440,876

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on and were signed on its behalf by:

A Bunbar - Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Capital redemption reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2018	551	579,318	552	580,421
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2018	551	(458,432) 318,887 439,773	552	(458,432) 318,887 440,876
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income		(286,751) 296,539	<u>-</u> 	(286,751) 296,539
Balance at 31 December 2019	551	449,561	552	450,664

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Capital redemption reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2018	551	579,318	552	580,421
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 December 2018		(458,432) 319,470 440,356	552	(458,432) 319,470 441,459
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	(286,751) 287,733	-	(286,751) 287,733
Balance at 31 December 2019	551	441,338	552	442,441

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Cash flows from operating activities		2	~
Cash generated from operations Interest paid	1	(464,722)	1,848,322 (749)
Tax paid	,	(81,735)	(128,262)
Net cash from operating activities		(546,457)	1,719,311
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(19,548)	(19,987)
Net cash from investing activities		(19,548)	(19,987)
Cash flows from financing activities Loan repayments in year		-	(58,795)
Movement in debt factoring liability		-	(329)
Movement in invoice discounting facility	'	.	(1,218,265)
Equity dividends paid		(286,751)	<u>(458,432)</u>
Net cash from financing activities		(286,751)	(1,735,821)
Decrease in cash and cash equivaler	nte	(852,756)	(36,497)
Cash and cash equivalents at	11.5	(002,700)	(00,401)
beginning of year	2	626,984	663,481
Cash and cash equivalents at end of			
year	2	(225,772)	626,984

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2019	2018
	£	£
Profit before taxation	367,845	402,808
Depreciation charges	19,600	8,847
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	3,808
Finance costs		749
·	387,445	416,212
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	2,955	(4,049)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(230,630)	816,391
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other creditors	(624,492)	619,768
Cash generated from operations	(464,722)	1,848,322

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 December 2019

Teal ended 31 December 2013	31.12.19	1.1.19 £
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	437,774 (663,546)	626,984
	(225,772)	626,984
Year ended 31 December 2018		
	31.12.18 £	1.1.18 £
Cash and cash equivalents	626,984 ———	663,481

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS/(DEBT)

	At 1.1.19 £	Cash flow £	At 31.12.19 £
Net cash Cash at bank and in hand	626,984	(189,210)	437,774
Bank overdrafts	-	(663,546)	(663,546)
	626,984	(852,756)	(225,772)
Total	626,984	(852,756)	(225,772)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Gem Partnership Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

The financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

The company's place of business is Generator Studios, Trafalgar Street, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 2LA.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Basis of consolidation

The results of all subsidiaries are included in the group profit and loss account from the date of acquisition.

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. If, in the future, such estimates and assumptions, which are based on management's best judgement at the date of the financial statements, deviate from the actual circumstances, the original estimates and judgements will be modified as appropriate in the year in which the circumstances change.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include:

Estimated useful economic lives of tangible fixed assets

Turnover

Turnover is measured at fair value of the consideration receivable net of value added tax. The policies adopted for the recognition of turnover are as follows:

Rendering of services

When the outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably, turnover from the provision of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion at the balance sheet date.

The services provided are those of processing payroll, providing agency workers to various companies and recruitment fees and the provision of training services.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Leasehold alterations

- Term of lease

Fixtures and fittings

- 15% on reducing balance

Computer equipment - 33% on reducing balance

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost (or deemed cost) or valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes costs directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the group's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Debtors and creditors receivable/payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction it is measured at present value.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Impairment of assets

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount can be reliably estimated.

4. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the principal activities of the group.

An analysis of turnover by class of business is given below:

	Recruitment agency Training provider	2019 £ 13,824,305 276,467	2018 £ 15,547,629 176,655
		14,100,772	15,724,284
	Rendering of services £14,100,772 (2018: £15,724,284).		
5.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	2242	2242
		2019 £	2018 £
	Wages and salaries	10,976,479	10,789,983
	Social security costs Other pension costs	685,292 160,154	703,205 119,229
,	Other perision costs		
		11,821,925	11,612,417
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2019	2018
	Directors	4	4
	Head office	23	30
	Commercial/ industrial/ professional	590	715
		617	749
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Directors' remuneration	45,518	42,597
	Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	38,400	38,400

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

5. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued

	The number of unestate to when remained benefits were usefully that us		
	Money purchase schemes	4	4
6.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Other operating leases Depreciation - owned assets Loss on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration	2019 £ 66,972 19,600 - 9,300	2018 £ 72,013 8,847 3,808 3,950
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2019 £	2018 £
	Bank loan interest	<u> </u>	749 ———
8.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2019 £	2018 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax	71,984	81,734
	Deferred tax	(678)	2,187
	Tax on profit	71,306	83,921

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

2019 £	2018 £
367,845	402,808
69,891	76,534
2.002	6 504
2,063	6,594 (1,394)
10	(1,554)
(678)	2,187
71,306 ———	83,921
	£ 367,845 69,891 2,083 10 (678)

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

9. INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

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10.	עוע	IDEN	เบอ

	201	19 2018
	£	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each		
Interim	286,	751 458,432

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

•		Fixtures		
	Leasehold alterations £	and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
COST				
At 1 January 2019	2,861	113,062	-	115,923
Additions		10,548	9,000	19,548
At 31 December 2019	2,861	123,610	9,000	135,471
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 January 2019	1,716	60,499	-	62,215
Charge for year	287	17,828	1,485	19,600
At 31 December 2019	2,003	78,327	1,485	81,815
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2019	858	45,283 ———	7,515 =====	53,656
At 31 December 2018	1,145	52,563	<u> </u>	53,708
•				

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

C	o	m	p	a	n	٧

	Leasehold alterations £	Fixtures and fittings £	Totals £
COST	~	~	~
At 1 January 2019	2,861	113,062	115,923
Additions	-	10,548	10,548
At 31 December 2019	2,861	123,610	126,471
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 January 2019	1,716	60,499	62,215
Charge for year	287	17,828	18,115
At 31 December 2019	2,003	78,327	80,330
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 December 2019	858 	45,283	46,141
At 31 December 2018	1,145	52,563	53,708

12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Company

	Shares in group undertakings £
COST At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019	100
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2019	100
At 31 December 2018	100

The group or the company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Subsidiary

Gem Training Limited

Registered office: England and Wales Nature of business: Training services

3	%		
Class of shares:	holding		
Ordinary	100.00		
		2019	2018
		£	£
Aggregate capital and reserves		8,323	(484)
Profit/(loss) for the year		38,807	(584)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

13. STOCKS

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Consumables	3,100	6,055	3,100	6,055
			====	

14. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	G	roup	Con	npany
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	1,642,598	1,409,684	1,638,211	1,410,184
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	55,430	25,430
Other debtors	20,721	20,758	20,721	20,758
Directors' current accounts	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Corporation tax recoverable	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Prepayments and accrued income	53,173	55,420	19,708	40,108
	1,741,492	1,510,862	1,759,070	1,521,480

Included within trade debtors are balances totalling £1,493,492 (2018: £1,364,059) that are subject to an invoice discounting facility. The trade debtors balances have been transferred to the counterparty although the transaction does not qualify for de-recognition on the basis the credit risk is retained by the company. The associated liability recognised in creditors is £663,546 (2018: £Nil).

15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	G	roup	Cor	npany
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 16)	663,546	-	663,546	-
Trade creditors	61,009	32,296	56,550	30,217
Corporation tax	71,983	81,734	64,308	81,734
Social security and other taxes	661,349	1,153,773	655,344	1,150,864
Other creditors	220,683	270,467	220,683	270,467
Accrued expenses	96,756	207,753	74,535	192,503
	1,775,326	1,746,023	1,734,966	1,725,785

16. **LOANS**

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	Gro	up	Com	oany
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:				
Bank overdrafts	663,546	-	663,546	-

17. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

17. **LEASING AGREEMENTS - continued**

Company		
•	Non-ca	ncellable
	operatir	ng leases
	2019	2018
	£	£
Within one year	35,538	57,798
Between one and five years	43,480	176,000
In more than five years	•	51,333

79,018

285,131

18. **SECURED DEBTS**

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

Company			
2019	2018		
£	£		
663,546			
	•		

19. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	Group		Company	
	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
Deferred tax Accelerated capital allowances	10,032	10,710	8,604	10,710

Group

	Deferred tax
Balance at 1 January 2019	£ 10,710
Credit to Income Statement during year	(678)
Balance at 31 December 2019	10,032

Company

	tax £
Balance at 1 January 2019 Credit to Income Statement during year	10,710 (2,106)
Balance at 31 December 2019	8,604

Deferred

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

20. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Profit for the year

At 31 December 2019

Dividends

	Allotted, issue	ed and fully paid: Class:	Nominal	2019	2018
	551	Ordinary	value: £1	£ 551 ———	£ 551 ———
21.	RESERVES				
	Group			Conital	
			Retained	Capital redemption	
			earnings £	reserve £	Totals £
	At 1 January		439,773	552	440,325
	Profit for the y	year	296,539		296,539
	Dividends		(286,751)		(286,751)
	At 31 Decemb	ber 2019	449,561	552	450,113
	Company				
				Capital	
			Retained	redemption	T.4.1.
			earnings £	reserve £	Totals £
			L	4-	2
	At 1 January	2019	440,356	552	440,908
	D C4 C 41		007 700		007 700

22. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to directors subsisted during the years ended 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018:

287,733

(286,751)

441,338

	2019	2018
	£	£
Mrs M L Miller		
Balance outstanding at start of year	5,000	5,000
Amounts repaid	-	-
Amounts written off	· _	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	5,000	5,000
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

287,733

(286,751)

441,890

552

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

22. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES - continued

I Miller Balance outstanding at start of year Amounts repaid Amounts written off Amounts waived	5,000 - - -	5,000 - -
Balance outstanding at end of year	5,000	5,000
L J Rankin Balance outstanding at start of year Amounts repaid Amounts written off Amounts waived	5,000 - - -	5,000 - - -
Balance outstanding at end of year	5,000	5,000
R A Dunbar Balance outstanding at start of year Amounts repaid Amounts written off Amounts waived Balance outstanding at end of year	5,000 - - - - 5,000	5,000 - - - 5,000
RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES		
Key management personnel of the entity or its parent (in the aggrega	2019	2018
Dividends paid	£ 209,729 ———	£ 335,296 ———
Other related parties	2019 . £	2018 £
Dividends paid	77,022	123,136

24. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS - COVID 19

Covid 19 has presented the business with operational challenges in 2020 in line with the UK wide impact, but profitability is forecasted to grow and we expect to end 2020 with a good result for the year.

25. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

23.

There is no ultimate controlling party.