Griffiths Services & Developments Limited
Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 June 2021

Company registration number: 06922541

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Contents

Statement of financial position

Notes to the financial statements

Griffiths Services & Developments Limited

Statement of financial position

30 June 2021

		2021		2020	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	135,568		138,795	
			135,568		138,795
Current assets					
Debtors	6	311,596		33,788	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,727,295		1,425,239	
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Creditors: amounts falling due	7	(704 977)		(109,096)	
within one year	,	(721,377)		(109,096)	
Net current assets			1,317,514		1,349,931
Total assets less current liabilities			1,453,082		1,488,726
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	8		-		(50,000)
Provisions for liabilities			(5,570)		(4,846)
Net assets			1,447,512		1,433,880
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			400		400
Profit and loss account			1,447,112		1,433,480
Shareholders funds			1,447,512		1,433,880

For the year ending 30 June 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial

Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 January 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Thomas Griffiths

Director

Company registration number: 06922541

Griffiths Services & Developments Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 June 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Suite 10, 32-46 King Street, Alfreton, Derbyshire, DE55 7DQ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Investment Property - Nil %

Plant and machinery - 20 % straight line

Motor vehicles - 25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 4 (2020: 2).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Property	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 July 2020	8,157	39,234	125,000	172,391
Additions	854	-	-	854
Disposals	(5,529)	-	-	(5,529)
At 30 June 2021	3,482	39,234	125,000	167,716
Depreciation				
At 1 July 2020	4,637	28,959	-	33,596
Charge for the year	803	2,569	-	3,372
Disposals	(4,820)	-	-	(4,820)
At 30 June 2021	620	31,528	-	32,148
Carrying amount				
At 30 June 2021	2,862	7,706	125,000	135,568
At 30 June 2020	3,520	10,275	125,000	138,795

6. Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	-	4,445
Other debtors	311,596	29,343
	311,596	33,788
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	105,191	27,702
Corporation tax	17,284	1,322
Social security and other taxes	6,824	601
Other creditors	592,078	79,471
	721,377	109,096
8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	50,000
9. Operating leases		
The company as lessee		
The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are	as follows:	
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	-	4,190

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.