

Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

for

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

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Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

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for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

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Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Company Information
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

DIRECTORS: R Cooney
R Skelton
M Bailey

SECRETARY: J Edwards

REGISTERED OFFICE: Gallium House Unit 2
Station Court
Borough Green
Sevenoaks
Kent
TN15 8AD

REGISTERED NUMBER: 06634506 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: Ledger Sparks Audit LLP (Statutory Auditors)
Airport House
Suite 43-45
Purley Way
Croydon
CR0 0XZ

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Strategic Report
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 30 June 2021.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The directors are satisfied with the performance of the business, considering the consequences of the Covid 19 pandemic. The company's turnover decreased by 1.2% compared to the previous year. The directors were able to manage the costs of the business such that part of the loss in turnover was off-set by cost savings.

The company is dealing with ongoing claims in relation to the activities of the company's former appointed representatives. The directors believe that the company will ultimately resolve these issues. It is the directors' opinion that there will be no liability due payable by the company. However, should such liability occur, professional indemnity insurance will fully cover any costs. The company is in communication with regulatory bodies and hopes to resolve all ongoing cases in accordance with the regulatory body's standard.

The company has been involved in the launch of two new investment funds during the year and it seeks to increase its business in its existing market segments and explore new avenues of income in the near future.

Financial key performance indicators

	2021	2020
	£	£
Operating Profit Margin	2.26%	(0.31%)
Net fee and commission income	1,506,920	1,525,101
Return on capital employed	8.63%	(1.11%)

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company is exposed to liquidity risk, credit risk and interest rate risk. However, there are no external borrowings of the company, and therefore the liquidity and interest rate risks are not considered material.

The company's principal financial assets are cash and trade receivables. Therefore, the company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The company's approach to managing risk is to monitor these trade receivables and make an allowance for impairment when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts according to the general terms of the receivables concerned.

OTHER KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The directors have identified that the issues arising from the activities of the previous appointed representatives increased the operational risk. This has the potential to increase costs of professional advisers in the short term.

REGULATORY RISK

This is the risk of non-compliance with the regulatory environment the Company operates in. The Company monitors the regulatory environment closely. The Company also holds compliance meetings regularly to ensure the Company remains compliant with existing and upcoming regulatory changes. The Company promotes transparency and openness when working with regulatory parties. During the year there were a number of complaints made to the company, the Company has been fully cooperative in respect of these matters and is working to resolve these issues.

Pillar 3 disclosure will be made available upon request to Gallium fund Solutions Limited.

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Strategic Report
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

OTHER KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The key non-financial performance indicators used to determine the progress and performance of the company are set out below;

- Staff turnover
- Brand awareness
- Client service

Performance indicators are reviewed by the management team in order to assess the progress of the company and we are pleased with the overall performance presented in this report.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH DUTY TO PROMOTE THE SUCCESS OF THE COMPANY

The directors consider, both individually and collectively, that they have acted in the way that would most likely promote success for the benefit of its members as a whole in the decisions taken during the year ended 30 June 2021.

The directors engage in setting, approving and executing the agreed strategic vision and direction and related policies. Other areas are regularly reviewed during each financial year including business performance, risk and compliance, shareholder engagement, health and safety and corporate responsibility matters. This is undertaken by the consideration of reports in board meetings.

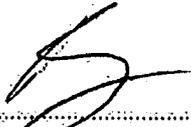
In reaching this conclusion the directors have considered their engagement with the following stakeholders and issues:

Customers: The company seeks to build long-term trusted relationships with customers and seeks regular feedback on performance.

Employees: Employees are encouraged to participate in strategic and operational decision making where appropriate. There is regular communication in relation to short and long-term direction by way of staff meeting and informal meetings and social activities.

Community and the environment: The Company aims to minimise its impact on the environment and local community.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:



.....
R Cooney, Director

Date: 17/12/2021

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Report of the Directors
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2021.

RESULTS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £22,461 (2020 - £26,855 loss).

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 30 June 2021.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 July 2020 to the date of this report.

R Cooney
R Skelton

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

A F Norris - resigned 30 June 2021
A Norris - resigned 30 June 2021

M W Bailey was appointed as a director after 30 June 2021 but prior to the date of this report.

GOING CONCERN

The World Health Organisation declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. The COVID-19 outbreak in the United Kingdom has resulted in the temporary lockdown and reduction of operations which have been government mandated. The directors have reviewed and factored potential delays and reassess cash flow forecasts and budgets, which show that the company would have sufficient working capital for at least a year from the date these Financial Statements are approved. This is based on the assumptions that the budgeted forecasts are achievable, and governments continue to support industry. Given the above, the directors consider it appropriate to adopt a going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Report of the Directors
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES - continued

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The company seeks to increase its business in its existing market segments and explore new avenues of income. The impact of the Covid 19 pandemic has reduced investment appetite generally. However, the company hopes to develop new property investment opportunities with new and existing clients in the near future.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Ledger Sparks Audit LLP (Statutory Auditors), will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:


.....
R. Cooney, Director

Date: 17/12/2021

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of
Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Gallium Fund Solutions Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 30 June 2021 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2021 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of
Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on pages four and five, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with your responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Discussions were held with, and enquiries made of, management and those charged with governance with a view to identifying those laws and regulations that could be expected to have a material impact on the financial statements. During the engagement team briefing, the outcomes of these discussions and enquiries were shared with the team, as well as consideration as to where and how fraud may occur in the entity.

The following laws and regulations were identified as being of significance to the entity:

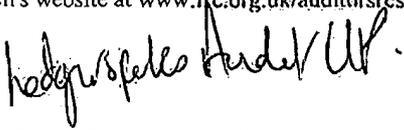
- Those laws and regulations considered to have a direct effect on the financial statements include UK financial reporting standards, Company Law, Tax and Pensions legislation, and distributable profits legislation.
- It is considered that the FCA laws and regulations for which non-compliance may be fundamental to the operating aspects of the business.

Audit procedures undertaken in response to the potential risks relating to irregularities (which include fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations) comprised of: inquiries of management and those charged with governance as to whether the entity complies with such laws and regulations; enquiries with the same concerning any actual or potential litigation or claims; inspection of relevant legal correspondence; review of board minutes; testing the appropriateness of entries in the nominal ledger, including journal entries; reviewing transactions around the end of the reporting period; and the performance of analytical procedures to identify unexpected movements in account balances which may be indicative of fraud.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of
Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

The likelihood of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is limited by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the entity's controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed. Irregularities that result from fraud might be inherently more difficult to detect than irregularities that result from error. As explained above, there is an unavoidable risk that material misstatements may not be detected, even though the audit has been planned and performed in accordance with ISAs (UK).

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.



Bobby Gurdep Bhogal FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Ledger Sparks Audit LLP (Statutory Auditors)
Airport House
Suite 43-45
Purley Way
Croydon
CR0 0XZ

Date: 21/1/21

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Income Statement
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
TURNOVER	4	1,506,920	1,525,101
Cost of sales		<u>(879,482)</u>	<u>(754,928)</u>
GROSS PROFIT		627,438	770,173
Administrative expenses		<u>(732,478)</u>	<u>(774,880)</u>
		<u>(105,040)</u>	<u>(4,707)</u>
Other operating income		<u>139,061</u>	<u>-</u>
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	5	34,021	(4,707)
Interest receivable and similar income	6	<u>45</u>	<u>582</u>
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		34,066	(4,125)
Tax on profit/(loss)	7	<u>(11,605)</u>	<u>(22,730)</u>
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>22,461</u>	<u>(26,855)</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Other Comprehensive Income
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

Notes	2021 £	2020 £
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	22,461	(26,855)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>22,461</u>	<u>(26,855)</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited (Registered number: 06634506)

Balance Sheet
30 June 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	8	6,981	11,417
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	9	327,871	231,967
Cash at bank		291,878	388,159
		<u>619,749</u>	<u>620,126</u>
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	10	(232,099)	(259,373)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>387,650</u>	<u>360,753</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>394,631</u>	<u>372,170</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	12	100,000	100,000
Retained earnings	13	294,631	272,170
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>394,631</u>	<u>372,170</u>

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on and were signed on its behalf by:

17/12/2021

.....
R. Cooney - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 July 2019	100,000	299,025	399,025
Changes in equity			
Total comprehensive income	-	(26,855)	(26,855)
Balance at 30 June 2020	<u>100,000</u>	<u>272,170</u>	<u>372,170</u>
Changes in equity			
Total comprehensive income	-	22,461	22,461
Balance at 30 June 2021	<u><u>100,000</u></u>	<u><u>294,631</u></u>	<u><u>394,631</u></u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

1. **STATUTORY INFORMATION**

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of establishing and operating collective investment schemes and providing fund management services as an authorised Alternative Investment Fund Manager. The company is authorised by the financial Conduct Authority number 487176.

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

BASIS OF PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 33 'Related Parties' - Presentation of related parties and disclosures;
- Section 7 'Statement of cash flows' - Presentation of statement of cash flows;

The financial statements of the company are consolidated in the financial statements of Gallium Funds Solutions Group Limited. These consolidated financial statements are available from Companies House and its registered office, Gallium House, Unit 2 Station Court, Borough Green, Sevenoaks, Kent TN15 8AD.

TURNOVER

The total turnover for the period has been derived from the principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

Turnover represents amounts receivable for asset management services provided, net of VAT, where applicable, including initial and launch fees, operator fees, administration fees, liquidating trust fees and investment management fees. Fees are recognised as services are delivered.

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings - 25% straight line

Office equipment - 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received using the accrual model.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Debt instruments may be designated as being measured at fair value through profit or loss to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instruments are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

CREDITORS

Short term creditors are measured at transactions price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transactions costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Judgement has been required when deciding whether outstanding debtors are recoverable and whether there is any need for provisions against bad debts.

The directors consider the company to be a going concern, for the reasons as detailed in Note 2 to these financial statements.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

4. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit (2020 - loss) before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by class of business is given below:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Collective investment schemes	1,134,667	1,147,070
AIFM & investment mgt fees	257,253	253,031
Management fees	115,000	125,000
	<u>1,506,920</u>	<u>1,525,101</u>

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

5. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

The operating profit (2020 - operating loss) is stated after charging:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Other operating leases	24,369	27,218
Depreciation - owned assets	4,652	-
Auditors' remuneration	27,350	32,000
Foreign exchange differences	-	2,067
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

The company has borne all the audit fees of the other group companies.

Non audit services include preparation of accounts and corporation tax return for fees totalling £13,500 during the year for the company and the group members.

6. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank interest receivable	45	582
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

7. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax	-	22,730
Under provision of tax for prior years	16,729	-
Total current tax	16,729	22,730
Deferred tax	(5,124)	-
Tax on profit/(loss)	<u>11,605</u>	<u>22,730</u>

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

7. **TAXATION - continued**

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL TAX CHARGE INCLUDED IN PROFIT AND LOSS

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Profit/(loss) before tax	<u>34,066</u>	<u>(4,125)</u>
Profit/(loss) multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)	6,473	(784)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(12,475)	6,250
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	-	(528)
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	878	-
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	16,729	13,353
Intercompany write off	-	9,099
Group relief	-	(4,660)
Total tax charge	<u>11,605</u>	<u>22,730</u>

8. **TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

	Fixtures and fittings £	Office equipment £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 July 2020	38,370	38,541	76,911
Additions	216	-	216
At 30 June 2021	<u>38,586</u>	<u>38,541</u>	<u>77,127</u>
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 July 2020	34,919	30,575	65,494
Charge for year	547	4,105	4,652
At 30 June 2021	<u>35,466</u>	<u>34,680</u>	<u>70,146</u>
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 June 2021	<u>3,120</u>	<u>3,861</u>	<u>6,981</u>
At 30 June 2020	<u>3,451</u>	<u>7,966</u>	<u>11,417</u>

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

9. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	157,024	168,396
Bad debt provision	(117,344)	(128,351)
Amounts owed by group undertakings	153,426	8,000
Other debtors	25,989	69,279
VAT	20,512	-
Deferred tax asset	-	-
Tax losses carried forward	5,124	-
Prepayments and accrued income	83,140	114,643
	327,871	231,967

The directors consider the carrying value of trade and other receivables approximate to their fair values.

10. **CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	61,560	140,680
Amounts owed to group undertakings	57,000	-
Corporation tax	30,032	22,730
VAT	-	60,205
Directors' current accounts	48,000	-
Accruals and deferred income	35,507	35,758
	232,099	259,373

The directors consider the carrying amounts of current liabilities approximate to their fair values.

11. **LEASING AGREEMENTS**

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Within one year	36,243	36,857
Between one and five years	67,121	103,144
	103,364	140,001

12. **CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL**

Allotted, issued and fully paid:		Nominal	2021	2020
Number:	Class:	value:	£	£
100,000	Ordinary shares of £1 each	£1	100,000	100,000

Gallium Fund Solutions Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

13. RESERVES

Profit and loss account

This reserve comprises all current and prior period retained profits and losses after deducting any distributions made to shareholders.

Called up share capital

Called up share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided in FRS 102 Section from disclosing transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

Related party disclosures will be made in the group accounts, Gallium Fund Solutions Group Limited whose registered office is Gallium House, Unit 2, Station Court, Borough Green, Sevenoaks, Kent, TN15 8AD.

15. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The share capital of the company is owned by Gallium Fund Solutions Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

There is no ultimate controlling party.

Copies of the consolidated accounts can be obtained by writing to Gallium Fund Solutions Group Limited, Gallium House Unit 2 Station Court, Borough Green, Sevenoaks, Kent, England, TN15 8AD.

16. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Coronavirus (COVID-19) have emerged globally resulting in a significant impact on businesses worldwide and the UK government continued to impose restrictions in 2021. As a result some business operations have been restricted, however the company continues to operate using alternative methods and remote working. Hence financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. The directors are continuing to monitor, assess and act to the current changing environment in order to position the company to ensure its future success.

The directors are of the opinion that any liabilities due as a result of legal cases, an ex-appointed representative entering administration are covered by the group's professional indemnity insurance over the initial excess fee of £25,000, which was paid in the previous two years. Further details can be found in the strategic report regarding this.

The firm has no further material claims arising from complaints received to date. Thus, as a result, the claims continue to be covered by professional indemnity cover.

Due to the result of the dispute between the shareholders, the shares in the Gallium Group Limited are being offered to prospective acquirers.

Having stepped down as a director at the year-end, Anthony Norris remains the sole director of the Gallium Group Limited.