Registration number: 06596672

# Wigan Vets4Pets Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 April 2022 to 30 March 2023

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# **Company Information**

Directors

H L D Lane M J Welbourn Vets4Pets Limited

Vets4Pets Veterinary Group Limited

Company secretary

Vets4Pets Limited

Registered office

Epsom Avenue Stanley Green Trading Estate Handforth

Cheshire SK9 3RN

## (Registration number: 06596672) Balance Sheet as at 30 March 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	13,686	12,289
Current assets			
Stocks	5	8,043	7,334
Debtors	6	104,679	113,848
Cash at bank and in hand		131,919	73,847
		244,641	195,029
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	. (238,997)	(264,305)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		5,644	(69,276)
Total assets less current liabilities		19,330	(56,987)
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(1,058)	(1,652)
Net assets/(liabilities)		18,272	(58,639)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	100	100
Retained earnings		18,172	(58,739)
Shareholders' funds/(deficit)		18,272	(58,639)

For the financial period ending 30 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 8 November 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

JMasshull
Jason Marshall

Vets4Pets Limited
Company secretary and director

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 April 2022 to 30 March 2023

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales. The address of its registered office is:
Epsom Avenue
Stanley Green Trading Estate
Handforth
Cheshire
SK9 3RN

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention.

Accounts are prepared on a 52 week period (2022: 53 week period) resulting in a fluctuating year end between the 25th and 31st March.

#### Going concern

The directors have considered the factors that impact the company's future development, performance, cash flows and financial position along with the company's current liquidity in forming their opinion on the going concern basis. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers in the UK.

Turnover is recognised at point of sale except for turnover derived from care plans, which is recognised on an apportioned basis relative to delivery of the service.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 April 2022 to 30 March 2023

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

3 - 10 years straight line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Stocks

Stocks stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to sell. Stock is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related turnover is recognised.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 April 2022 to 30 March 2023

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

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Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme.

Contributions to the pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, was 19 (2022 - 19).

#### 4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2022	237,084
Additions	4,825
Disposals	(4,610)
At 30 March 2023	237,299

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 April 2022 to 30 March 2023

# 4 Tangible assets (continued)

		Furniture, fittings and equipment £
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2022		224,795
Charge for the period		3,428
Eliminated on disposal		(4,610)
At 30 March 2023		223,613
Carrying amount		
At 30 March 2023	:	13,686
At 31 March 2022		12,289
Included within the above are fixed assets held under finance leases with a NBV of Stocks	f£0 (2022:£1	,952).
	2023	2022
Other inventories	£ 8,043	£ 7,334
6 Debtors		
	2023	2022
Current Note	£	£
Trade debtors	•	9,611
Amounts owed by related parties	18,371	-
Other debtors	86,308	104,237
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# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 April 2022 to 30 March 2023

#### 7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	491	1,498
Trade creditors		90,492	52,204
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest			24,950
Taxation and social security		69,881	23,708
Other creditors		78,133	161,945
Other creditors			
		238,997	264,305
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	1,058	1,652
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8 Loans and borrowings			
		2023	2022
		£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		1,058	1,652
Finance lease liabilities		1,038	1,032
		2023	2022
		£	£
Current loans and borrowings		401	1 400
Finance lease liabilities		491	1,498

# 9 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts

### **Operating leases**

The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows:

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 1 April 2022 to 30 March 2023

#### 9 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts (continued)

	2023	2022
	£	£
Not later than one year	13,000	26,000
Later than one year and not later than five years		15,167
	13,000	41,167

#### 10 Share capital

### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2023		2022	
L;	No.	£	No.	£
'A' Ordinary of £1 each	50	50	. 50	50
'B' Ordinary of £1 each	50	50	50	50
•	100	100	100	100

A shares and B shares constitute separate classes of shares. A shareholders are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time. They are also entitled to one vote per share at general meetings of the company and rank below unsecured creditors in the event of a winding up. B shareholders have no entitlement to dividends. They are entitled to one vote per share at general meetings of the company and, in the event of a winding up, rank above A shareholders however are only entitled to receive any outstanding liabilities, they are not entitled to any further distribution of capital.