Company registration number: 06497272

ATLANTIC DEVELOPMENTS (DEVON) LTD

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 March 2022



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Directors and other information

Director

Mr B Pengilly

Secretary

Mr B C Pengilly

Company number

06497272

Registered office

Unit 5

Sel Clarke Estate

Bideford Devon EX39 3HN

Business address

Unit 5

Sel Clarke Estate

Bideford Devon EX39 3HN

Accountants

Neil Davies Associates

Bude Business Centre

Kings Hill Ind Est

Bude Cornwall EX23 8QN

Bankers

Lloyds Bank Pic

High Street Bideford Devon

Chartered accountants report to the director on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of ATLANTIC DEVELOPMENTS (DEVON) LTD Year ended 31 March 2022

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of ATLANTIC DEVELOPMENTS (DEVON) LTD for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/.

This report is made solely to the director of ATLANTIC DEVELOPMENTS (DEVON) LTD, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 13 August 2014. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of ATLANTIC DEVELOPMENTS (DEVON) LTD and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than ATLANTIC DEVELOPMENTS (DEVON) LTD and its director as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that ATLANTIC DEVELOPMENTS (DEVON) LTD has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of ATLANTIC DEVELOPMENTS (DEVON) LTD. You consider that ATLANTIC DEVELOPMENTS (DEVON) LTD is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of ATLANTIC DEVELOPMENTS (DEVON) LTD. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Neil Davies Associates

Chartered Accountants and Business Advisors

Davies Associates

Bude Business Centre Kings Hill Ind Est Bude Cornwall EX23 8QN

15 December 2022

Statement of financial position 31 March 2022

	2022		2021		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	72,569		62,355	
			72,569		62,355
Current assets					
Stocks		149,753		95,540	
Debtors	6	85,178		85,889	
Cash at bank and in hand		424,733		303,643	
		659,664		485,072	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(282,944)		(239,564)	
Net current assets			376,720		245,508
Total assets less current liabilities			449,289		307,863
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	8		(72,461)		(87,516)
Net assets			376,828		220,347
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			40		40
Profit and loss account			376,788		220,307
Shareholders funds			376,828		220,347
			====		

For the year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 March 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 December 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr B Pengilly

Director

Company registration number: 06497272

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 March 2022

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 April 2020	40	95,509	95,549
Profit for the year		124,798	124,798
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	124,798	124,798
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	40	220,307	220,347
Profit for the year		156,481	156,481
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	156,481	156,481
At 31 March 2022	40	376,788	376,828

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Atlantic Developments, Unit 5, Sel Clarke Estate, Bideford, Devon, EX39 3HN.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2022

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2022

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2022

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 8 (2021: 7).

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20,212

85,178

8,888

85,889

5. Tangible assets

6.

Other debtors

	Short	Plant and	Fixtures,	Motor	Total
	leasehold property	machinery	fittings and equipment	vehicles	
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost	~	~	~	_	~
At 1 April 2021	6,280	19,728	92,758	98,571	217,337
Additions	-	1,225	15,811	31,080	48,116
At 31 March 2022	6,280	20,953	108,569	129,651	265,453
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2021	6,280	12,303	85,509	50,890	154,982
Charge for the year	-	2,520	7,094	28,288	37,902
At 31 March 2022	6,280	14,823	92,603	79,178	192,884
Carrying amount		- 1			
At 31 March 2022	-	6,130	15,966	50,473	72,569
At 31 March 2021		7,425	7,249	47,681	62,355
Debtors					
				2022	2021
			•	£	£
Trade debtors		·		64,966	77,001

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2022

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	199,261	130,777
Corporation tax	33,475	24,946
Social security and other taxes	18,242	44,060
Other creditors	31,966	39,781
	282,944	239,564

8.

	2022	2021
	£	£
Other creditors	72,461	87,516

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2022			
		Balance brought forward	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£
Mr B Pengilly		(16,758) ———	12,300	(4,458)
	2021			
		Balance brought forward	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£
Mr B Pengilly		(33,060)	16,302	(16,758)
		======		

10. **Controlling party**

The company is controlled by Mr B Pengilly who is the sole director and also the sole shareholder.