Registration number: 06393673

# Config Computer Services (Berkshire) Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

E J Business Consultants Limited No 2 Toomers Wharf Canal Walk Newbury RG14 1DY

# Contents

Company Information	<u>l</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	3 to 6

# **Company Information**

**Directors** J A Cope

W Watts

**Registered office** 30 Westminster Way

Lower Earley Reading Berkshire RG6 4BX

Accountants E J Business Consultants Limited

No 2 Toomers Wharf

Canal Walk Newbury RG14 IDY

### (Registration number: 06393673) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>3</u>	2,206	-
Current assets			
Debtors		24,116	22,314
Cash at bank and in hand		33	33
		24,149	22,347
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(30,125)	(23,340)
Net current liabilities		(5,976)	(993)
Net liabilities		(3,770)	(993)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>4</u>	10	10
Retained earnings		(3,780)	(1,003)
Shareholders' deficit		(3,770)	(993)

For the financial year ending 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 28 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

J A Co	pe		
Directo	or		

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity:

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Office Equipment

25% Straight line on cost

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### 2 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2020 - 2).

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

### 3 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2021	5,511	5,511
Additions	2,941	2,941
At 31 December 2021	8,452	8,452
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2021	5,511	5,511
Charge for the year	735	735
At 31 December 2021	6,246	6,246
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2021	2,206	2,206

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

### 4 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2021		20	2020	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	10	10	10	10	

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.