## UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED

## 31ST DECEMBER 2022

**FOR** 

BEYOND STORAGE STRATFORD LIMITED

Chris Duckett Limited Network House Thorn Office Centre Rotherwas Hereford HR2 6JT

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## BEYOND STORAGE STRATFORD LIMITED

# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2022

Director:	James A Hay
Secretary:	James A Hay
Registered office:	Lower Cleeve Farm Hom Green Ross-On-Wye Herefordshire HR9 7TD
Registered number:	06393527 (England and Wales)

#### BALANCE SHEET 31ST DECEMBER 2022

	Madas	£	31.12.22	£	31.12.21
Fixed assets	Notes	£	£	£	£
Tangible assets	4		239,712		301,886
rangiore assets	7		237,112		501,000
Current assets					
Debtors	5	17,698		71,818	
Cash at bank		33,466		62,502	
		51,164		134,320	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	153,606		162,030	
Net current liabilities			(102,442)		(27,710)
Total assets less current liabilities			137,270		274,176
Creditors					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	7		(35,401)		(45,829)
·			, ,		, , ,
Provisions for liabilities	8		(55,200)		(52,900)
Net assets			46,669		<u>175,447</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		100		100
Retained earnings	,		46,569		175,347
Shareholders' funds			46,669		$\frac{175,347}{175,447}$
CHARLES THERED			10,007		

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31st December 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

# **BALANCE SHEET - continued** 31ST DECEMBER 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 25th September 2023 and were signed by:

James A Hay - Director

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2022

#### 1. Statutory information

Beyond Storage Stratford Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated in the Balance Sheet at cost less depreciation.

Depreciation is provided at the following rates on the straight line method in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life:

Plant & machinery 15% SL

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies - continued

#### Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are measured at transaction price less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at the cost less impairment.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the assets original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

## Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducing all of its liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies - continued

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans and preference shares that are classified as debt, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

### Hire purchase & leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2022

## 2. Accounting policies - continued

## Pension costs & other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

## 3. Employees (including officers)

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2021 - 1).

## 4. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant & machinery £
Cost	
At 1st January 2022	562,708
Additions	37,502
Disposals	(13,770)
At 31st December 2022	586,440
Depreciation	
At 1st January 2022	260,822
Charge for year	87,972
Eliminated on disposal	(2,066)
At 31st December 2022	346,728
Net book value	
At 31st December 2022	_ 239,712
At 31st December 2021	301,886
	<u></u>

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes £ 38,696 (2021 - £ 35,643 ) in respect of assets held under hire purchase contracts.

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## 5. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

31.12.22	31.12.21
£	£
8,317	6,725
4,819	4,721
-	1,432
-	53,000
-	3,500
4,562	2,440
17,698	71,818
	\$,317 4,819 - - - 4,562

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2022

6.	Creditors: am	ounts falling due within one year			
				31.12.22	31.12.21
				£	£
	Bank loans &	overdrafts		9,800	9,800
	Hire purchase	contracts		12,629	18,715
	Trade creditors	S		10,243	19,729
	Amounts owed	d to group undertakings		38,636	69,039
	Corporation ta			21,900	3,300
	Other creditors	5		60,398	<u>41,447</u>
				<u>153,606</u>	<u>162,030</u>
7.	Creditors: am	ounts falling due after more than one year			
		v		31.12.22	31.12.21
				£	£
	Bank loans - tv	wo to five years		23,684	33,483
	Hire purchase	contracts		<u> 11,717</u>	12,346
				<u>35,401</u>	<u>45,829</u>
8.	Provisions for	· liabilities			
				31.12.22	31.12.21
				£	£
	Deferred tax			55,200	<u>52,900</u>
					Deferred tax
					£
	Balance at 1st	January 2022			52,900
	Accelerated ca	pital allowances			2,300
	Balance at 31s	t December 2022			<u>55,200</u>
9,	Called up sha	re capital			
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	31.12.22	31.12.21
			value:	£	£
	100	Ordinary	£1	<u> 100</u>	100

# 10. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities as at 31st December 2022.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2022

## 11. Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

## 12. Ultimate controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Beyond Storage Group Limited.

Company registration number: 13232664

Company registration address: Lower Cleeve Farm, Hom Green, Ross-on-Wye, Herefordshire, HR9 7TD

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.