Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

for

ALLPLANT HIRE LIMITED

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ALLPLANT HIRE LIMITED

Company Information for the year ended 30 September 2018

Director:	P Allsop
Secretary:	Mrs M Allsop
Registered office:	Northside House 69 Tweedy Road Bromley Kent BR1 3WA
Registered number:	06384719 (England and Wales)
Accountants:	Haines Watts Chartered Accountants Northside House 69 Tweedy Road Bromley Kent BR1 3WA

Balance Sheet 30 September 2018

		30.9.18		30.9.17	30.9.17	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	3		186,593		189,327	
Current assets						
Stocks		-		3,861		
Debtors	4	104,971		78,027		
Cash at bank and in hand		8,221		8,152		
		113,192		90,040		
Creditors		•		,		
Amounts falling due within one year	5	129,695		123,360		
Net current liabilities			(16,503)		(33,320)	
Total assets less current liabilities			170,090		156,007	
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one						
year	6		-		(10,710)	
Provisions for liabilities	7		(34,551)		(34,872)	
Net assets			135,539		110,425	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			100		100	
Retained earnings			135,439		110,325	
			135,539		110,425	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 September 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end
- (b) of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Balance Sheet - continued 30 September 2018

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 2 April 2019 and were signed by:

P Allsop - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2018

1. Statutory information

Allplant Hire Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Key source of estimation, uncertainty and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make estimates and judgement that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating depreciation. A full line by line review of fixed assets is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the depreciation policy is as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the policy does not match the useful life of the assets.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating deferred tax. A full line by line review of deferred tax is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the deferred tax is as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the actual tax liability when asset is disposed of.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating bad debt provisions. A full line by line review of trade debtors is carried out at the end of each month. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the bad debt provisions are as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the level of debts which ultimately prove to be uncollectable.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - over the operating life of the asset

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 September 2018

2. Accounting policies - continued

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank and bank overdrafts.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 September 2018

3.	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and machinery
	Cost At I October 2017 Additions Disposals Reclassification/transfer At 30 September 2018		474,747 134,118 (18,776) (172,389) 417,700
	Depreciation At 1 October 2017 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal Reclassification/transfer At 30 September 2018 Net book value At 30 September 2018		285,420 60,569 (18,776) (96,106) 231,107
	At 30 September 2017		189,327
4.	Debtors	30.9.18 £	30.9.17 £
	Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Other debtors	104,939	76,811 1,216 78,027
	Amounts falling due after more than one year: Other debtors	32	
	Aggregate amounts	<u>104,971</u>	78,027
5.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	30.9.18 £	30.9.17 £
	Hire purchase contracts Trade creditors Taxation and social security Other creditors	93,004 8,798 27,893 129,695	22,379 74,726 79 26,176 123,360

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 September 2018

6.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	30.9.18 ₤	30.9.17 €
	Other creditors		10,710
7.	Provisions for liabilities	30.9.18	30.9.17
	Deferred tax Accelerated capital allowances	£34,551	£34,872
	P. I 1. 0 . 1 . 0017		Deferred tax £
	Balance at 1 October 2017 Credit to Income Statement during year Balance at 30 September 2018		34,872 (321) 34,551

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.